Purpose: To observe how the diffraction pattern depends on wavelength and distance between the diffraction grating slits. The wavelength of the laser and green light will be determined.

Materials: Laser pointer, ray box, metre stick, known diffraction gratings

Qualitative Analysis: Describe what you observe and what affect the following changes have on your diffraction pattern.

- I. Move towards and away from the diffraction grating while shining your laser on it.
- II. Move the diffraction grating further from the wall and shine the laser through. Repeat with the diffraction grating closer than it was.
- III. Set up the diffraction grating and note the pattern, now replace that grating with the other one available (keeping the distance to the wall the same).
- IV. Use the ray box to shine white light through the grating.

Quantitative Analysis: Determining the wavelength of the laser and of green light.

- I. Setup the diffraction grating (be sure you can see the pattern) and record its distance to the wall and how many lines per inch on the grating.
- II. Shine the laser through and measure the distance from the centre dot to the first and second dots on the right (or left).
- III. Replace the diffraction grating with a different one and repeat steps I and II.
- IV. Replace the laser with the ray box. Repeat steps I and II (measuring the distance from the centre line to the middle of the first and second green line).
- V. Record your numbers on the Excel file called Diffraction Lab Results (be sure to save it as a different name).

Discussion/Conclusion

- Remember to restate the purpose of the lab.
- Be sure to include a summary of your findings and sources of error.
- Did you successfully determine the wavelength of the laser to within factory value?
- Write a few sentences concluding the lab report.
- I will print your data table for you.