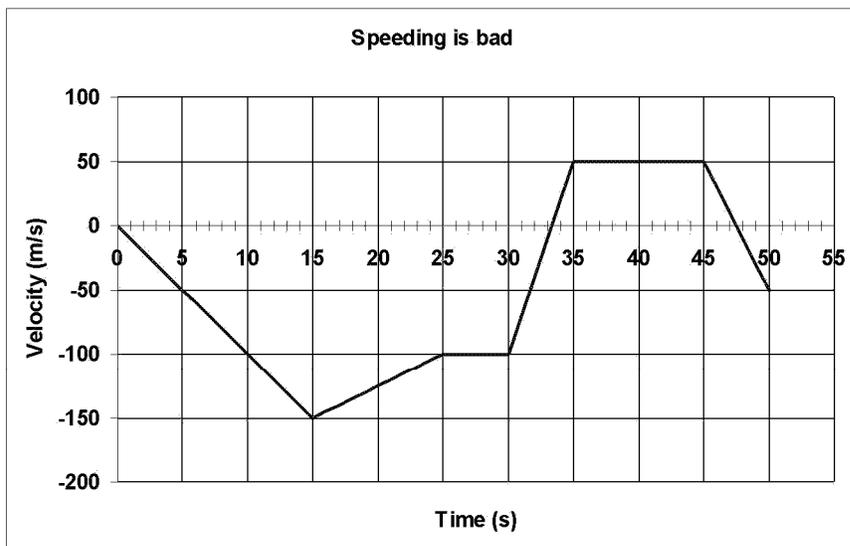


- Refer to the above image for the following v-t graph questions.
 - What was the acceleration during the first five seconds?
 - At what time(s) was there a change in direction?
 - What was the displacement and distance after thirty seconds?
 - What was the average speed for the entire trip?
 - How long did it take to travel 275 m from the starting point?



- Refer to the above image for the following v-t graph questions.
 - What was the greatest acceleration?
 - What distance was traveled between 10 and 30 seconds?
 - What was the displacement after five seconds?
 - How long did it take to travel the first 1.0 km?
- A car undergoes a constant acceleration from rest to 28 m/s in 9.5 s. What distance was covered in that time?

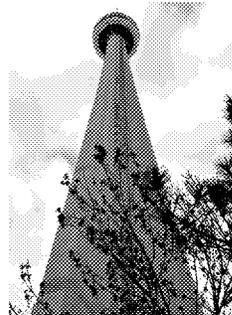
4. Not noticing a red light a drivers slams on the brakes squeeling to a halt in 3.75 s. Just before hitting the brakes the car was traveling 17 m/s and was 30 m from the light. **a)** What was the average acceleration of the car? **b)** Determine if the driver able to stop before reaching the traffic light by finding the distance required to stop.
5. An airplane lands with a speed of 70 m/s. After 3.5 s the airplane is traveling 17.5 m/s. **a)** What was the average acceleration of the airplane? **b)** What distance does the airplane need to stop?



6. During take off a Boeing 747 airplane accelerates at a constant $39 \frac{\text{km/h}}{\text{s}}$. The airplane accelerated, from rest, for 7.8 s before it left the ground. **a)** With what speed did the airplane leave the ground? **b)** What distance was required for take-off? (look at your units carefully)



7. A ball is thrown upwards, on the Earth ($a_{\text{gravity}} = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$, with an initial speed of 17 m/s. **a)** How long will the ball be traveling upwards? **b)** How high up will the ball travel?
8. A loonie dropped from the observation deck on the CN Tower in Toronto takes 8.35 s to hit the ground. **a)** Assuming no air resistance, with what speed is the loonie striking the ground? **b)** How high is the observation deck from the ground? (take $a_{\text{gravity}} = +9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$)



9. During its fall to Earth, hail stones from cumulonimbus clouds reach a terminal velocity (a constant speed) because of air resistance. **a)** Calculate at what speed a hail stone would strike the Earth if it continued to accelerate at $a_{\text{gravity}} = +9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$ during its 20.2 s fall to the ground. **b)** Convert your answer into km/h (for a reference the take-off speed of a Boeing 737 is around 250 km/h).



Answer List

1. **a)** 4.0 m/s^2 **b)** $t = 24 \text{ s}$ **c)** $disp = 350 \text{ m}$,
 $dist = 710 \text{ m}$ **d)** 24 m/s **e)** $t = 15 \text{ s}$
2. **a)** 30 m/s^2 **b)** $2.4 \times 10^3 \text{ m}$ **c)** -125 m **d)**
 14 s
3. $\Delta d = 133 \text{ m}$
4. **a)** $a_{avg} = -4.5 \text{ m/s}^2$, **b)** No, the driver
 needed 32 m to stop so the car ended up
 2 m into the intersection.
5. **a)** $a_{avg} = -15 \frac{\text{m/s}}{\text{s}}$ **b)** $\Delta d = 163 \text{ m}$
6. **a)** $v_f = 304 \text{ km/h}$ **b)** $\Delta d = 0.330 \text{ km}$
7. **a)** $\Delta t = 1.73 \text{ s}$; **b)** $\Delta d = 15 \text{ m}$
8. **a)** $v_f = 82 \text{ m/s}$; **b)** $\Delta d = 342 \text{ m}$
9. **a)** $v_f = 198 \text{ m/s}$; **b)** $v_f = 713 \text{ km/h}$