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Static Equilibrium

An object is in static equilibrium if:

- 1. v = 0 m/s
- 2. $F_{net} = 0 N$
- 3. $T_{net} = 0 \text{ Nm}$

Steps for Solving Static Equilibrium Problems

- 1. Draw a diagram.
- 2. Label all forces.
- 3. Choose a pivot point. It is helpful to place the pivot point where an unknown force exists.
- 4 Label distances from the pivot point to the forces. (r values)
- 5. Choose a coordinate system.
- 6. Resolve a force into its perpendicular components if the force doesn't fit into the chosen coordinate system.
- 7. Write F_{netx} and F_{nety} equations.
- 8. Write a τ_{net} equation.
- 9. Solve the equation(s) for the unknown.

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* If a solid object has mass, treat the object as if all its mass were concentrated at a point - the <u>center of mass</u>.

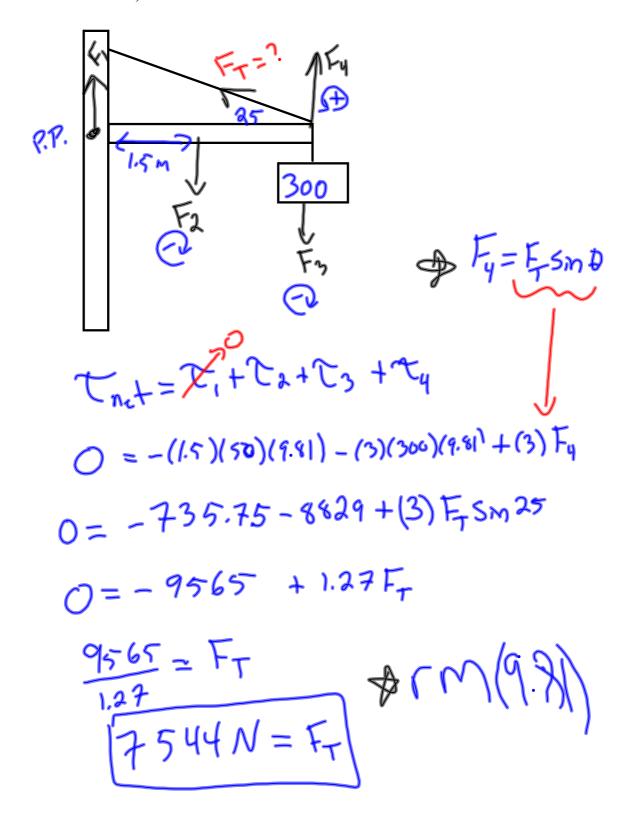
Example: A uniform 1500 kg beam, 20.0 m long, supports a 15000 kg box of hamsters 5.0 m from the right support column. Calculate the magnitude of the forces on the beam exerted by each of the vertical support columns. $(1.2 \times 10^6 \text{ N}, 4.2 \times 10^4 \text{ N})$

of the vertical support columns. (1.2 x 10 N, 4.2 x 10 4 N)

$$F_{1} = 0 N$$
 $F_{1} = 0 N$
 $F_{1} = F_{1} + F_{2} + F_{3} + F_{4}$
 $F_{2} = 0 N m$
 $F_{1} = F_{1} + F_{2} + F_{3} + F_{4}$
 $F_{2} = 0 N m$
 $F_{1} = F_{1} + F_{2} + F_{3} + F_{4}$
 $F_{2} = F_{1} + F_{2} + F_{3} + F_{4}$
 $F_{3} = F_{4} + F_{5} + F_{$

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Example: A uniform beam of mass 50.0 kg and length 3.00 m is attached to a wall with a hinge. The beam supports a sign of mass 300 kg which is suspended from its end. The beam is also supported by a wire that makes an angle of 25° with the beam. Determine the components of the force that the hinge exerts and the tension in the wire. $(6.8 \times 10^{3} \text{ N}, 2.5 \times 10^{2} \text{ N}, 7.5 \times 10^{3} \text{ N})$



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