

definition of equilibrium: the state of an object when the vector sum of all the forces acting on it is zero.

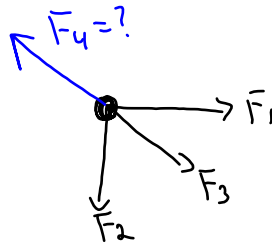
If an object is at *rest* and is in *equilibrium*, then we say that it is in a state of "*static equilibrium*."

Equilibrant: is the one vector, when added to 2 or more other vectors produces a state of equilibrium. It is equal to the resultant but opposite in direction.

Three forces act simultaneously on point P. The first force is 10 N east. The second force is 15 N south. The third force is 28 N, E46°S. Find the equilibrant. (46N, W50°N)

$$F_1 = 10 \text{ [E]} \quad F_3 = 28 \text{ [E46°S]}$$

$$F_2 = 15 \text{ [S]} \quad F_4 = ?$$



East-West

$$F_{net} = \sum \text{ Forces} = 0 \text{ N.}$$

$$0 = F_{1E} + F_{2E} + F_{3E} + F_{4E}$$

$$0 = 10 + 0 + 28 \cos 46 + F_{4E}$$

$$\underline{-29.5 \text{ N}} = F_{4E}$$

North-South

$$F_{net} = F_{1N} + F_{2N} + F_{3N} + F_{4N}$$

$$0 = 0 + (-15) + (-28 \sin 46) + F_{4N}$$

$$\underline{35.1 \text{ N}} = F_{4N}$$

$$F_4 = \sqrt{(F_{4E})^2 + (F_{4N})^2}$$

$$F_4 = 45.8 \text{ N}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left| \frac{F_{4N}}{F_{4E}} \right|$$

$$\theta = 50^\circ$$

$$F_4 = 46 \text{ [W50°N]}$$

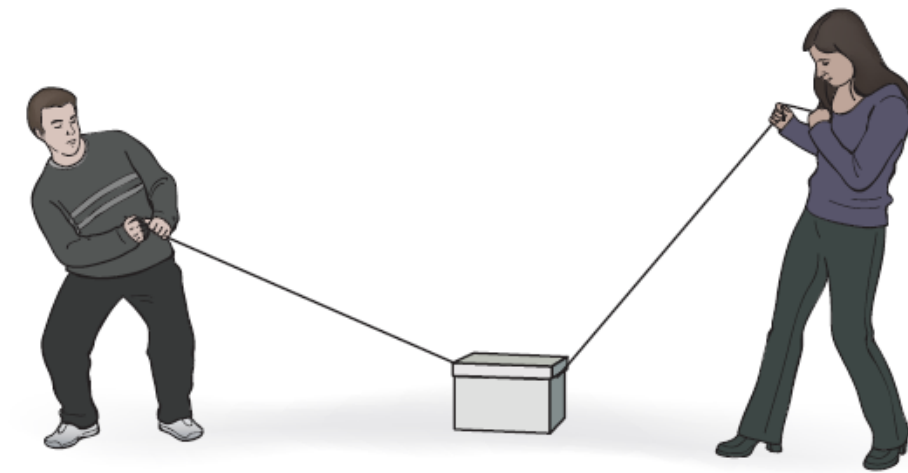
Pushing or Pulling at an Angle

Grade: 12

Subject: Physics 122

Date: 2014

Consider this diagram for the following questions:

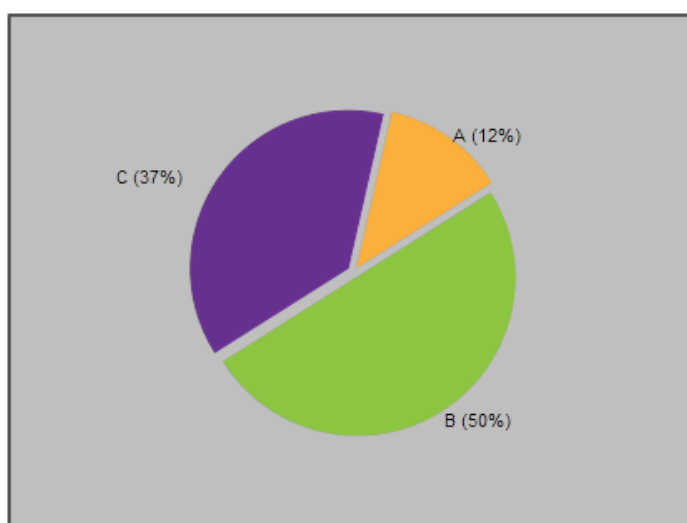


1 How does the normal force compare to the case where no one is pulling on the box?

A Normal force would be the same in either case.

B Normal force is reduced based on the diagram.

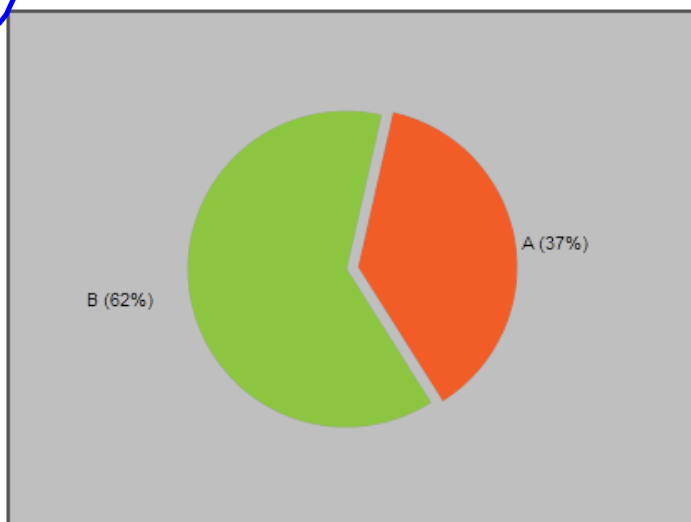
C Normal force is increased based on the diagram.



2 For this box not to have any horizontal motion, what condition must be met?

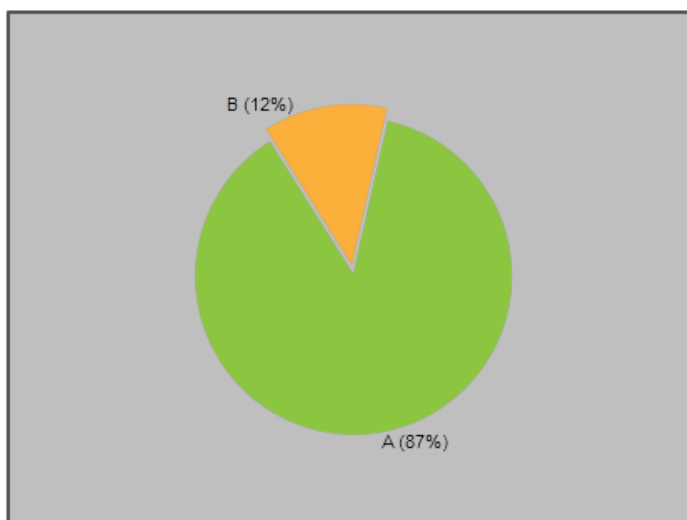
A Man applies more force than woman.

B Man applies less force than woman.



3 How does the vertical component of the applied force change when the angle is increased?

- A Increased
- B Decreased
- C Remains the same

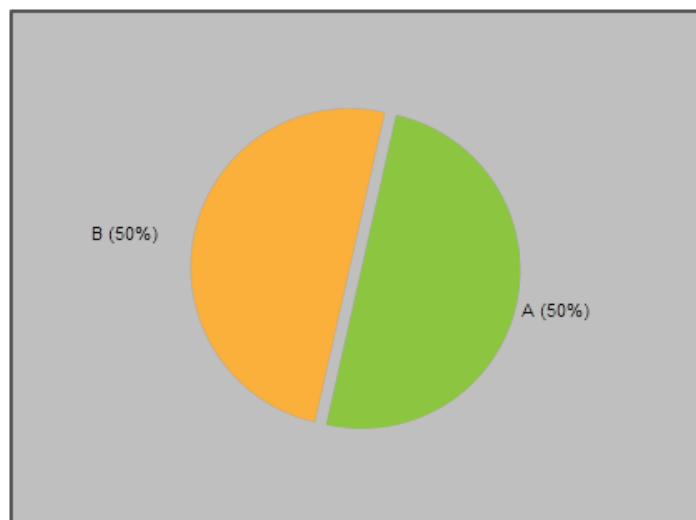


4 If the woman doubles her applied force then the horizontal component will _____.

A double

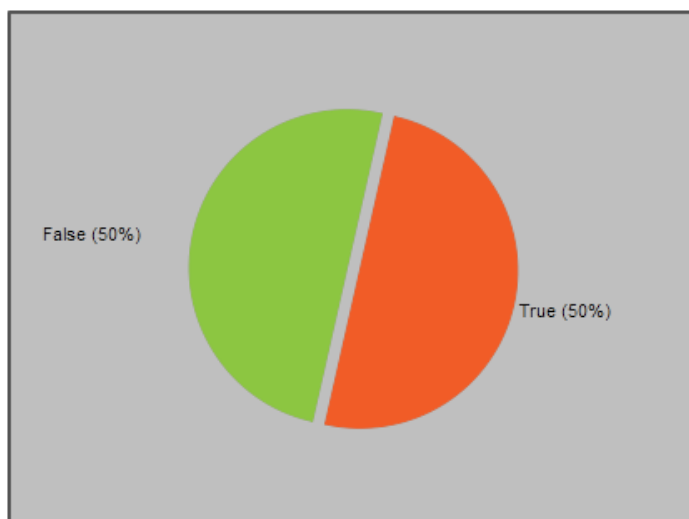
B be halved

C remain the same



5 If the man doubles the angle of the applied force (without changing F_a) it will double the vertical component of F_a .

True
False

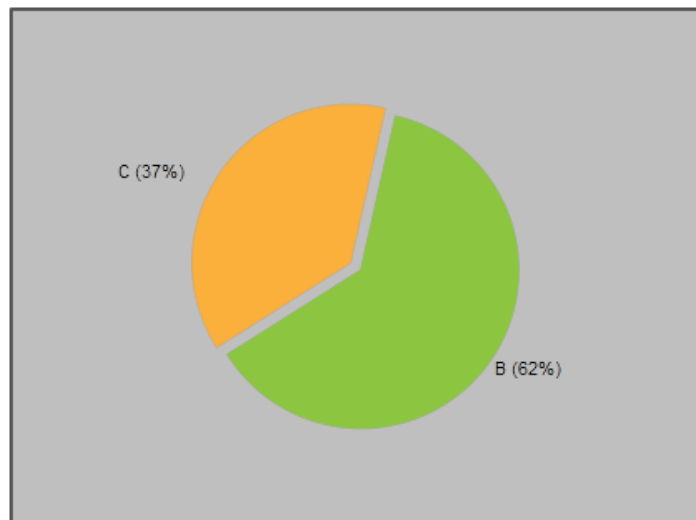


6 If both people increase their angles then the force of friction will _____.

A increase

B decrease

C remain the same

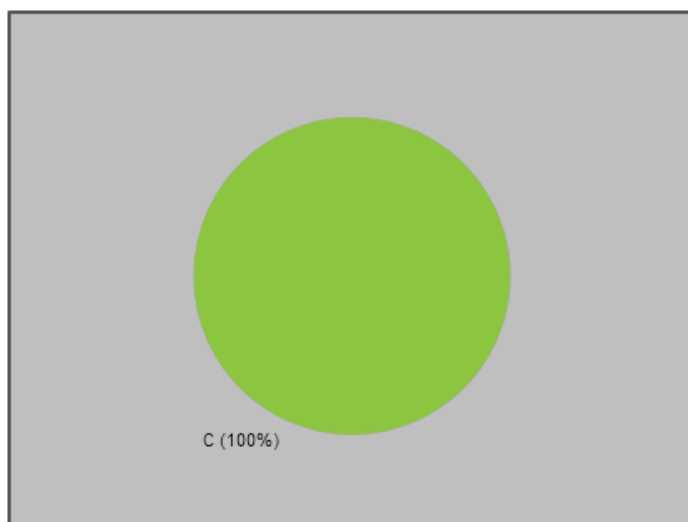


7 If both people reduce their pulling angles the force of gravity on the box will ____.

A increase

B decrease

C remain the same

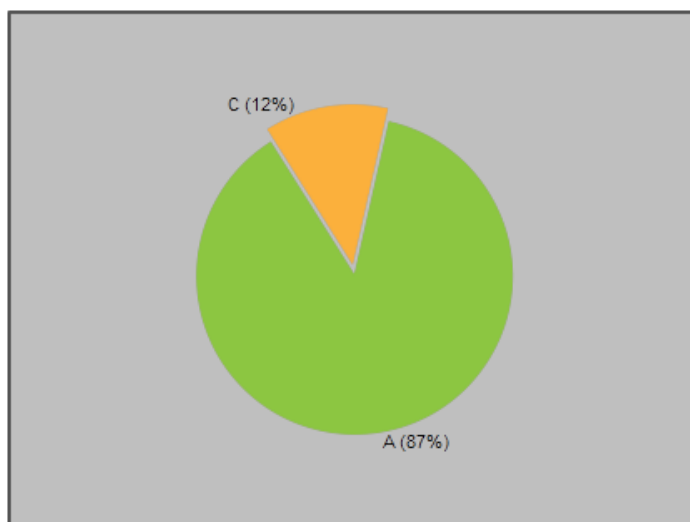


8 Suppose the box in the diagram is replaced with one that is more massive (that is the only change). The normal force will ____.

A increase

B decrease

C remain the same

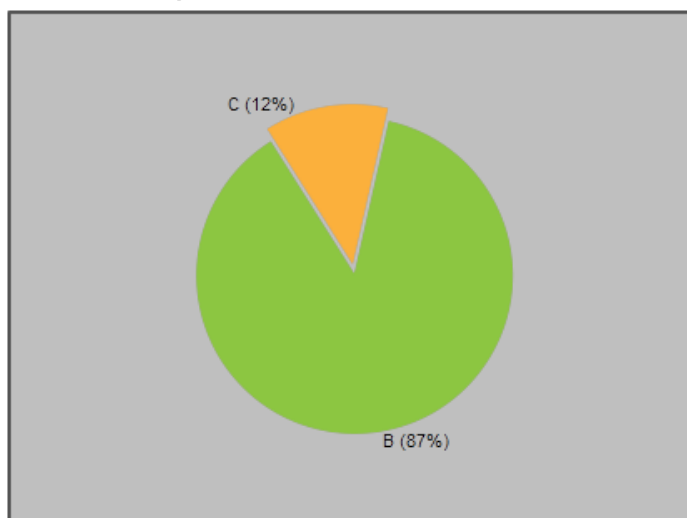


9 Suppose in this situation the box accelerates to the left. How could the woman compensate without changing her applied force?

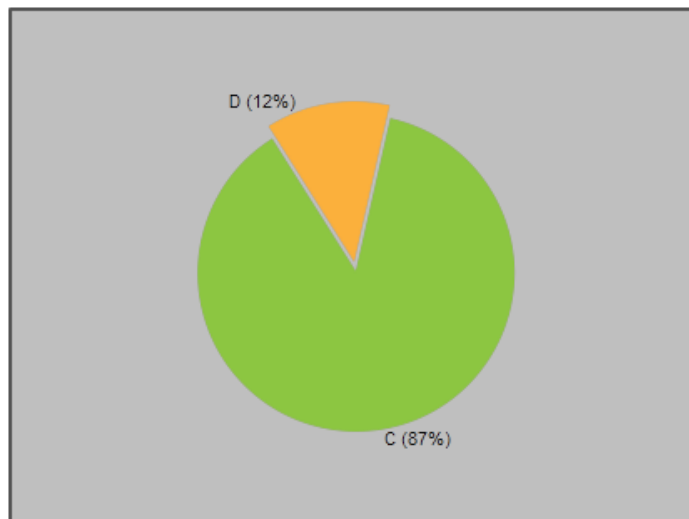
A increase the angle of her applied force

B decrease the angle of her applied force

C it is not possible to compensate



- 10 Suppose the box is in static equilibrium when a third person attaches a rope to the front side of the box and pulls (so this applied force would be out of your screen - in the 3rd dimension). What will happen to the box? (neglect friction)
- A The box will remain in static equilibrium.
 - B The box will accelerate away from the third person.
 - C The box will accelerate toward the third person.
 - D The box will move at a constant velocity towards the third person.



Attachments

ramp-forces-and-motion_en.jar