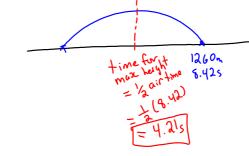
- A projectile fired at an angle remains in the air for 8.42 s after it is fired. The initial horizontal component of its velocity is ± 150 m/s. a) How far forward did the projectile move forward before it hit the ground? (1.26 \times 10³ m)
 - b) How long after being fired did it reach its maximum height? (4.21 s)



$$t = ?$$
 for mask height $d = ?$
 $V = 0 \text{ m/s}$
 $V = 0 \text{ m/s}$
 $V = 0 \text{ m}$

X Not enough Known variables @ max height position!

$$d_{yy} = d_{0y} + V_{0}t + \lambda_{2}gt^{2}$$

$$0 = 0 + V_{0}(8.42) + \frac{1}{2}(-9.81)(8.42)^{2}$$

$$0 = 8.42V_{0} - 347.75$$

Sub into
$$g = \frac{V_4 - V_0}{t}$$
 to find time to max height.

$$-9.81 = 0 - 41.3$$

$$+ = -41.3$$

$$-9.81 = 0 - 41.3$$

$$+ = -41.3$$

$$+ = 4.21s$$

Laurch =>
$$\theta = + an^{-1} \left| \frac{V_{oy}}{V_{ox}} \right|$$

 $\theta = + an^{-1} \left(\frac{41.3}{150} \right)$

With what minimum speed does a baseball have to come off the bat to clear the Green Monster at Fenway Park? The wall is 115.5 m from home plate and 11.3 m high. Assume the batter makes contact 1.0 m off the ground at an angle of 65°.

$$V = ?$$

$$dfx = 115.5m, odosc = 0$$

$$dfy = 11.3m \quad g = -9.81$$

$$doy = 1.0m$$

$$Vx = V\cos 65$$

$$Vx = \frac{dfx - dox}{t} = \frac{115.5}{t} \Rightarrow Vx = \frac{115.5}{t}$$

$$V_{0} = V\sin 65$$

$$dfy = doy + Voyt + \frac{1}{2}gt^{2}$$

$$11.3 = 1.0 + Voyt - 4.9t^{2} \quad \text{Sub Voy} = V\sin 65$$

$$11.3 = 1.0 + (V\sin 65)t - 4.9t^{2}$$

$$\sin Vx = V\cos 65 = \frac{115.5}{t}$$

$$\sin V\cos 75$$

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