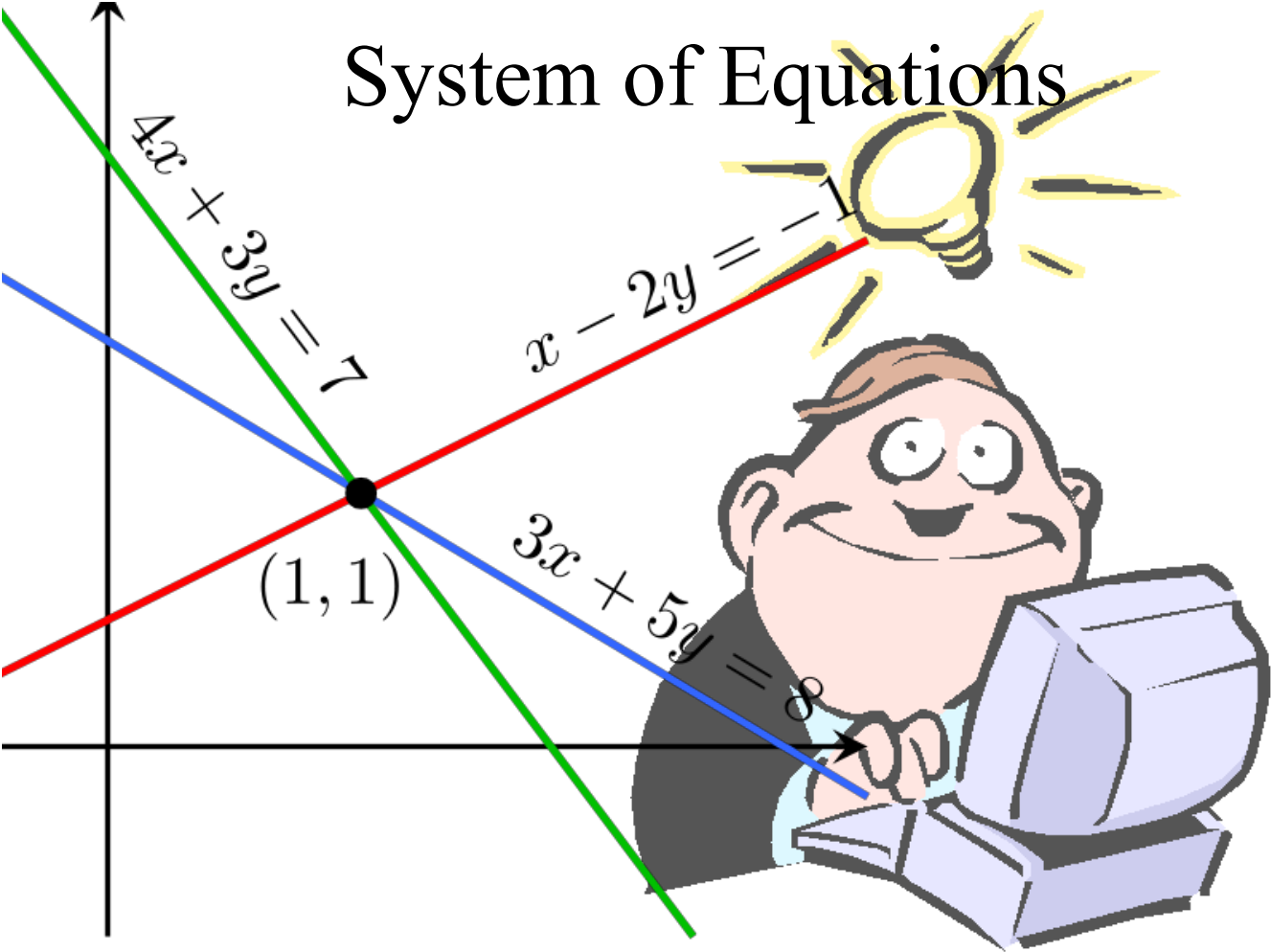
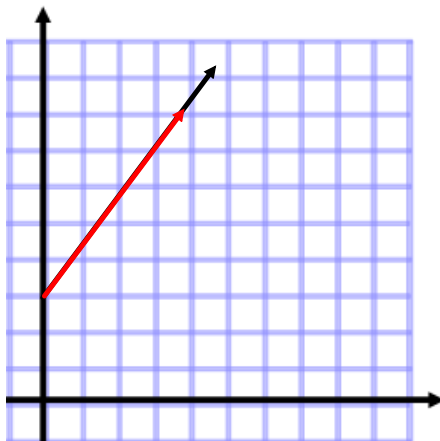
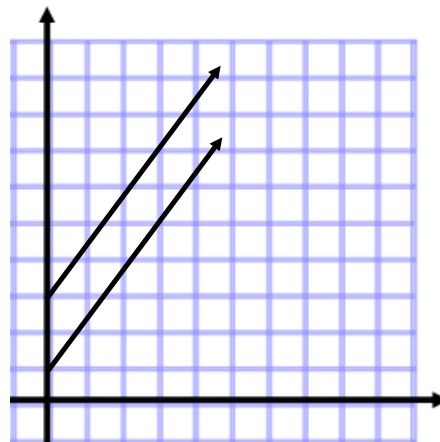
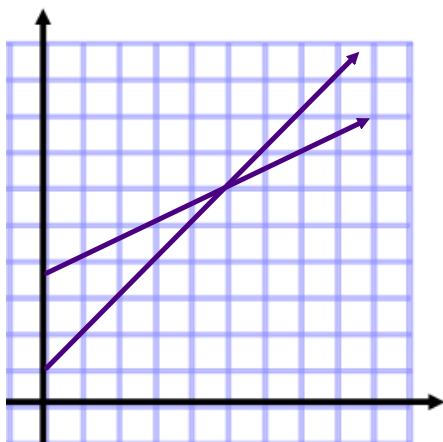


System of Equations



Can you see the solution??

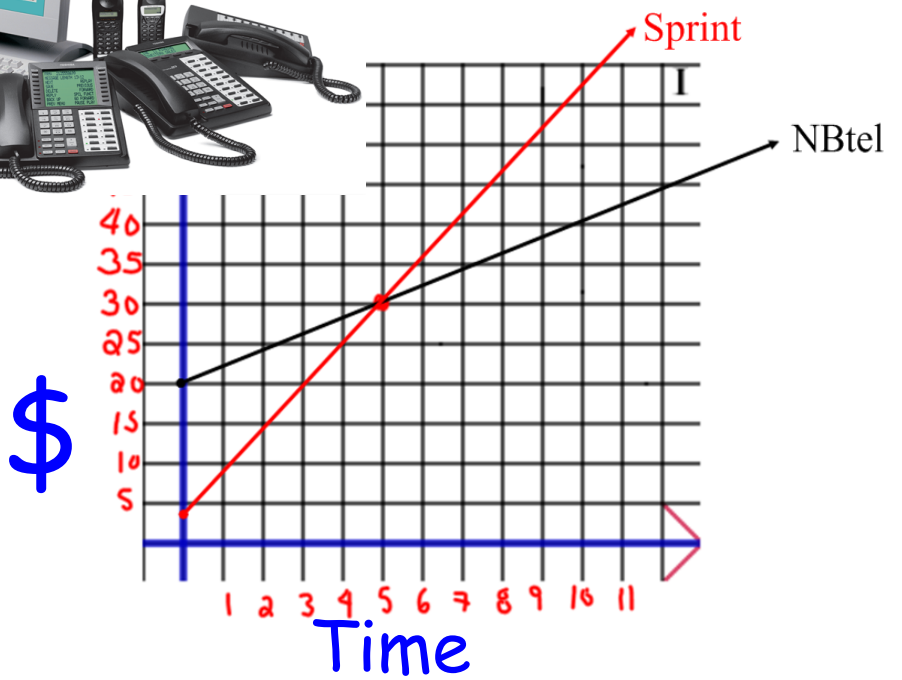


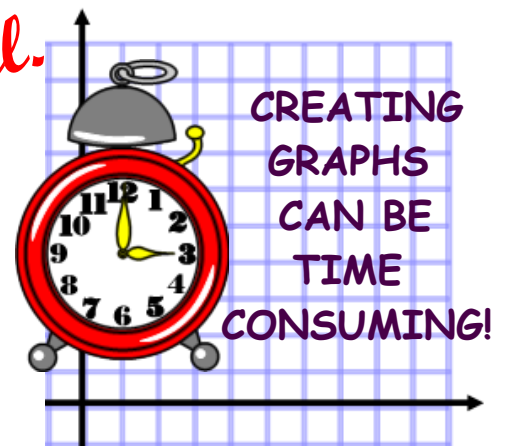
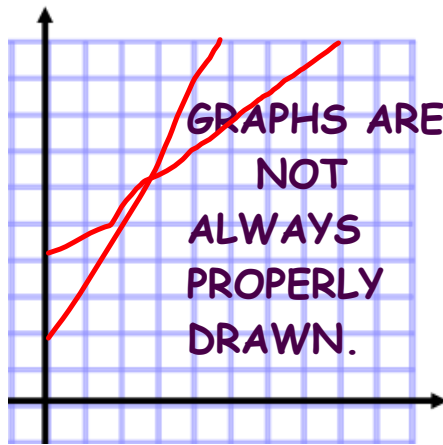
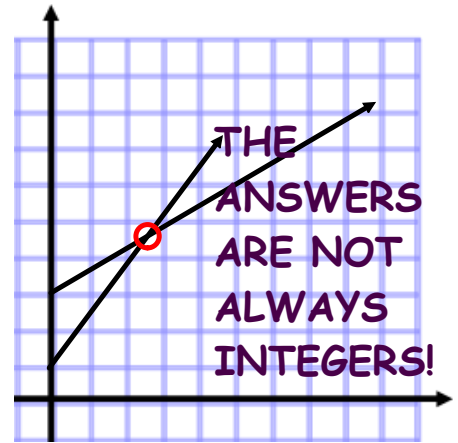
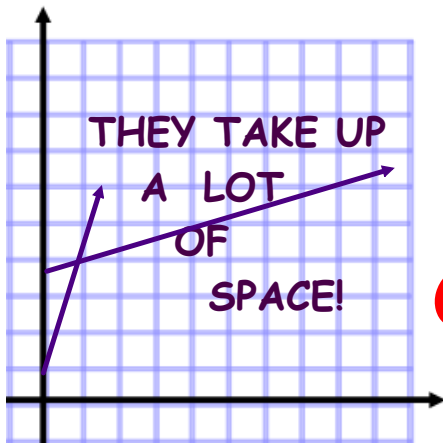
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NBtel charges a monthly fee of \$20.00, and an additional \$2.00 per hour.
Sprint charges a monthly fee of \$10.00, and an additional \$4.00 per hour.

Equation??

NBtel _____
Sprint _____





*Graphing
is not
always
practical.*

There are other ways to solve
Systems of Equations!

Elimination



Elimination is when you "eliminate" one of the variables.

Elimination by Addition

Consider the system

$$\begin{array}{r} x - 2y = 5 \\ + \quad 2x + 2y = 7 \\ \hline 3x \quad 0 = 12 \end{array}$$

so....

$x + 2x$ $-2x + 2y$
 $= 0$ $= 12$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{12}{3}$$

$$x = 4$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x - 2y = 5 \\ \textcircled{4} - 2y = 5 \\ -2y = 5 - 4 \\ -2y = 1 \\ \frac{-2y}{-2} = \frac{1}{-2} \\ y = \frac{1}{-2} \end{array}$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}$$

Point of
Intersection
(4, -0.5)

Elimination by Addition

Consider the system

$$\begin{array}{r} x - 2y = 5 \\ + 2x + 2y = 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

← Lets add both equations
← to each other

Elimination by Addition

$$\begin{array}{r|l} x & + 3y = 14 \\ + -x & + 4y = 7 \\ \hline 0 & + 7y = 21 \end{array}$$

Who would you eliminate??

$$\begin{array}{r|l} x+(-x) & 3y+4y = 14+(+7) \\ 0 & = 7y \end{array}$$

So... $\frac{7y=21}{7} = \frac{21}{7}$
 $y=3$

Point of
Intersection
(5, 3)

$$\begin{aligned} x+3y &= 14 \\ x+3(3) &= 14 \\ x+9 &= 14 \\ x &= 14-9 \\ x &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

Elimination by Addition

$$\begin{array}{r} x + 3y = 14 \\ -x + 4y = 7 \end{array}$$

Elimination By Subtraction

$$6x + 11y = -5$$

$$-1(6x + 9y = -3)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6x + 11y = -5 \\ -6x - 9y = +3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2y = -2 \\ \hline 2 \\ \hline x = -1 \end{array}$$

$$6x + 11(-1) = -5$$

$$6x - 11 = -5$$

$$6x = -5 + 11$$

$$\frac{6x}{6} = \frac{6}{6}$$

$$x = 1$$

Point of Intersection
(1, -1)

$$\begin{aligned} x - 2y &= -12 \\ -2y - 6x &= 16 \end{aligned}$$

organize

$$\begin{aligned} -2y + x &= -12 \\ -1(2y - 6x) &= 16 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -2y + x &= -12 \\ +2y + 6x &= -16 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{7x}{7} = \frac{-28}{7}$$

$$x = -4$$

$$-4 - 2y = -12$$

$$-2y = -12 + 4$$

$$\frac{-2y}{-2} = \frac{-8}{-2}$$

$$y = 4$$

Point of Inters.
 $(-4, 4)$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 -3x - 5y = 10 \\
 -1(-3x - 7y = 14) \\
 \hline
 -3x - 5y = 10 \\
 +3x + 7y = -14 \\
 \hline
 2y = -4 \\
 \frac{2y}{2} = \frac{-4}{2} \\
 y = -2
 \end{array}$$

Subtracting

$$\begin{array}{r}
 -3x - 5y = 10 \\
 -3x - 5(-2) = 10 \\
 -3x + 10 = 10 \\
 -3x = 10 - 10 \\
 -3x = 0 \\
 \frac{-3x}{-3} = \frac{0}{-3} \\
 x = 0
 \end{array}$$

Point
(0, -2)

Solve the following System of Equations

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + y = 0 \\ (-x + y = 8) \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + y = 0 \\ -3x + 3y = 24 \\ \hline 4y = 24 \\ \frac{4y}{4} = \frac{24}{4} \\ y = 6 \end{array}$$

Point.
(-2, 6)

Make sure the corresponding variables, constants and equal signs are lined up.



You must explain what you are doing.

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 6 = 0 \\ 3x = -6 \\ \frac{3x}{3} = \frac{-6}{3} \\ x = -2 \end{array}$$

Solve the following System of Equations

$$\begin{array}{r} (-2x + y = -7) - 2 \\ -4x + 10y = -6 \end{array}$$

Make sure the corresponding variables, constants and equal signs are lined up.

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x - 2y = 14 \\ -4x + 10y = -6 \end{array}$$



You must explain what you are doing.

$$\begin{array}{r} 8y = 8 \\ \frac{8y}{8} = \frac{8}{8} \\ y = 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2x + 1 = 7 \\ -2x = 7 - 1 \\ -2x = 6 \\ \frac{-2x}{-2} = \frac{6}{-2} \\ x = -3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Point} \\ \hline (-3, 1) \end{array}$$

Solve the following System of Equations

$$\begin{array}{r} 3(-2x + 8y = 2) \\ + 2(3x - 3y = 15) \\ \hline -6x + 24y = 6 \\ + 6x - 6y = 30 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 18y = 36 \\ \hline 18 \quad 18 \\ y = 2 \end{array}$$

$$(7, -2)$$

Make sure the corresponding variables, constants and equal signs are lined up.



You must explain what you are doing.

$$\begin{array}{r} \rightarrow -2x + 8(2) = 2 \\ -2x + 16 = 2 \\ -2x = 2 - 16 \\ -2x = -14 \\ \hline \quad -2 \quad -2 \\ x = 7 \end{array}$$



Try these:

1.

$$\begin{aligned}x - 2y &= 5 \\+ 2x + 2y &= 7\end{aligned}$$

2.

$$\begin{aligned}6x + 11y &= -5 \\6x + 9y &= -3\end{aligned}$$

3.

$$\begin{aligned}x + 2y &= 6 \\3x + 3y &= -6\end{aligned}$$

1.

- Variables are lined up.

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ + 4 \\ \hline 10 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2y + (+2y) \\ -2y + 2y \\ \hline = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1x - 2y = 5 \\ + 2x + 2y = 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \leftarrow 10 \\ \leftarrow \end{array}$$

Let's add both equations to each other

$$\begin{array}{r} 1x - 2y = 5 \\ + 2x + 2y = 7 \\ \hline 3x = 12 \\ \hline x = 4 \end{array}$$

solve for x

ANS: (4, y)

$$x = 4$$

Now solve for y (HOW???)

- sub the value of x into one of the equations and solve for y

$$\begin{array}{r} x - 2y = 5 \\ +4 - 2y = 5 - 4 \\ -4 \\ \hline -2y = 1 \\ \hline y = \frac{-1}{2} \end{array}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \quad -\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{-2}$$

intersection point (4, -0.5)

2.

Careful you are subtraction all of the second
(switch all signs on t second equation)

$$\begin{array}{r} 6x + 11y = -5 \\ -6x - 9y = +3 \\ \hline 2y = -2 \end{array}$$

$$y = -1$$

solve for x

$$6x + 11y = -5$$

$$6x + 11(-1) = -5$$

$$6x - 11 = -5$$

$$6x = -5 + 11$$

$$6x = 6$$

$$x = 1$$

Intersection (1, -1)

3.

Consider the system

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 6y = 18 \\ -3x - 3y = +6 \\ \hline 3y = 24 \end{array}$$

Now subtract the equations

$$y = 8$$

Sub into equation 1 (original) or the above

$$\begin{aligned} x + 2y &= 6 \\ x + 2(8) &= 6 \\ x + 16 &= 6 \\ x &= 6 - 16 \\ x &= -10 \end{aligned}$$

$$(-10, 6)$$



