

# Polynomials



A *polynomial* is one term or the sum of terms whose variables have whole-number exponents.

$$\underbrace{3x^2}_{\text{term}} + \underbrace{2x^1}_{\text{term}} - \underbrace{8}_{\text{term}}$$

# Polynomials



Just like there are many different types of chairs, there are many different types of polynomials.

## Monomials...

Monomials are polynomials with ONE term.

14

x

$11y^2$

"Terms are numbers, variables,  
or the  
product of numbers and variables

Jay Leno's  
monologue



## Binomials...

Example

Example

Binomials are polynomials with TWO terms.

$$7x+3$$

$$12y-x$$

$$13x^2+x$$

Example



Terms are separated by "+" and "-" signs!

## Trinomials...

Trinomials are polynomials with THREE terms.



$$-6x + 7y - 2$$

$$7x^2 + 8x + 7$$

$$8 + 5m - 7m^2$$

Exempl

Example

Example

Monomial

$$6x^{71}$$

Binomial

$$8b+2$$
$$10x-5w$$

Trinomial

$$6x^2-5x+8$$

$$7y+9z-q$$

Sort the following polynomials into the above categories:



The coefficient of the variable...  $15x$  ... is 15.

The coefficient is the number in front of the variable.





## *Degree of a Polynomial*

The term with the greatest exponent determines the degree of the polynomial.

$$5x - 3x^2 + 7$$

This polynomial has a degree of 2.



$$5x^3 + 7x^8 - 3x + 3x^2 + 9$$

This polynomial has a degree of \_\_\_\_\_, because the \_\_\_\_\_ exponent is \_\_\_\_\_.

.....

The term "+9" has a degree of \_\_\_\_\_, because there is no variable with it. It is called a "constant", because this term will never change in value.

Polynomials are written in descending order.


Each term is written

from the highest degree

to the lowest.

$$5x^3 - 3x^4 - x + 7 + 4x^2$$

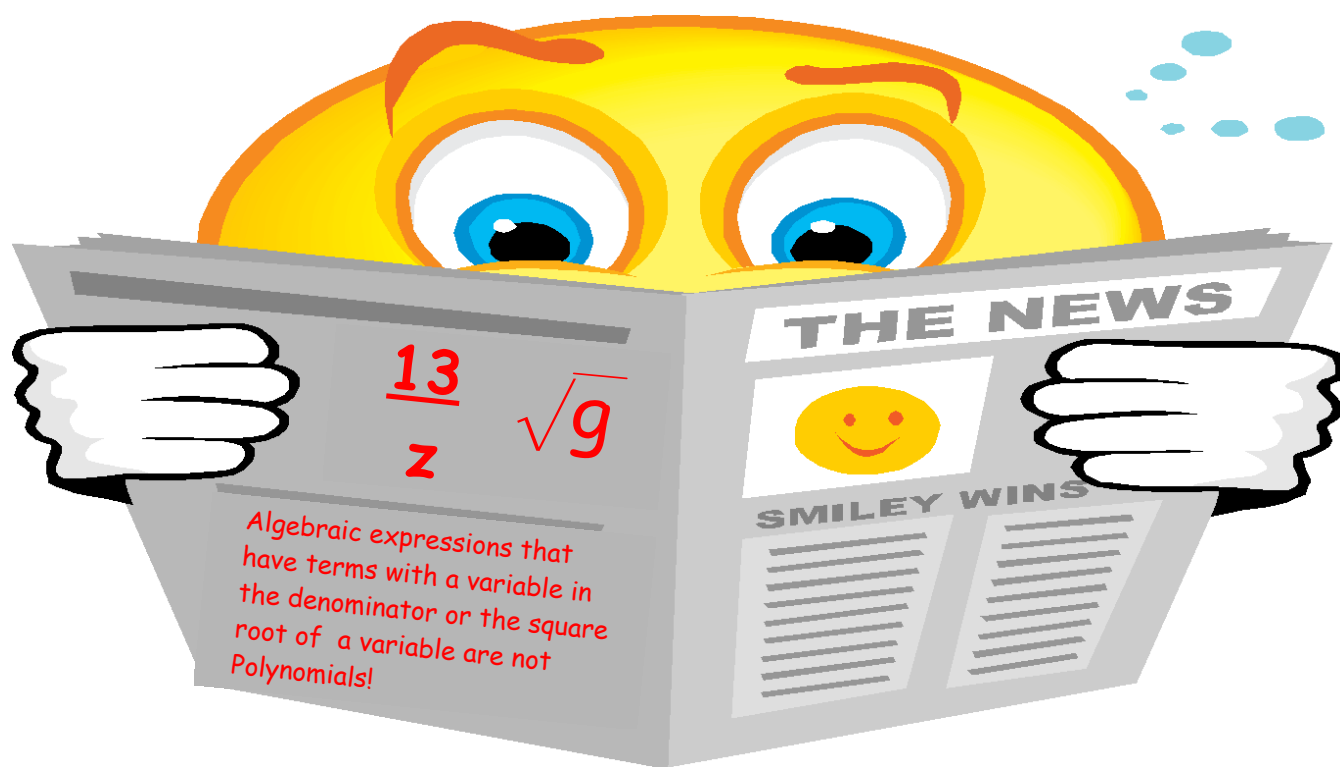
will be written as...



$$-3x^4 + 5x^3 + 4x^2 - x + 7$$

↓

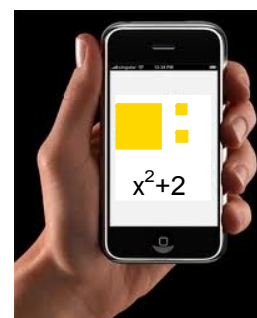
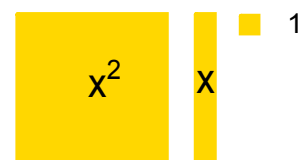
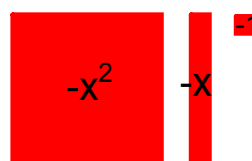
$$5x^4 + 3x^2 + 1$$



# Modelling Polynomials

$$3x+4$$

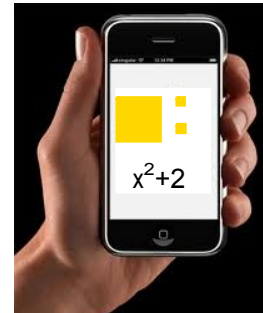
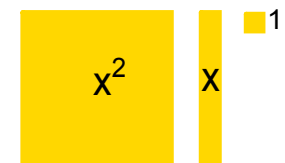
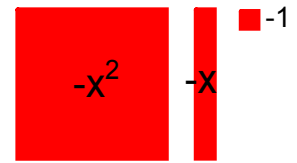
$$2x^2-4x+2$$



# Modelling Polynomials

Write the algebraic expression that represents each model.

Don't forget to write it properly!





*Check out pages 214 - 216*

#s 4 - 7

