

## Calculating Acceleration

### Guided Practice (no direction changes)

Solving for initial velocity

A plane accelerates to 175 m/s [E] under an acceleration of 15 m/s<sup>2</sup> [E] in 12.5 seconds. Calculate the initial velocity of the plane.

\*Reread question and list known/wanted quantities\*

$$\vec{v}_f = 175 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\vec{a} = \frac{\vec{v}_f - \vec{v}_o}{t}$$

$$\vec{a} = 15 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$t = 12.5 \text{ s}$$

$$\vec{v}_o = ?$$

$$15 = \frac{175 - v_o}{12.5} \quad \times 12.5$$

$$187.5 = 175 - v_o \quad -175$$

$$\frac{12.5}{-1} = \frac{-v_o}{-1}$$

$$\boxed{-12.5 \text{ m/s} = \vec{v}_o}$$

West, not east

## Calculating Acceleration

### Guided Practice (no direction changes)

Solving for time - weakest student performance on this type

Calculate how long it would take <sup>a</sup>person to accelerate from rest to 22 m/s [E] averaging an acceleration of 1.8 m/s<sup>2</sup> [E].

\*Reread question and list known/wanted quantities\*

$$t = ?$$

$$\vec{v}_0 = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\vec{v}_f = 22 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\vec{a} = 1.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\vec{a} = \frac{\vec{v}_f - \vec{v}_0}{t}$$

$$1.8 = \frac{22 - 0}{t}$$

$$1.8 \overset{\times t}{=} \frac{22}{\cancel{t} \times t}$$

$$1.8t = 22$$

$$t = \frac{22}{1.8}$$

$$t = 12.2 \text{ s}$$

## Attachments

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moving-man\_all.jar