

Factoring Trinomials

#1 $x^2 - 17x + 42$ $\frac{-14 \times 3}{-14 + 3} = 42$
 $(x-14)(x-3)$

#2 $x^2 - 17x - 38$ $\frac{-19 \times 2}{-19 + 2} = -38$
 $(x-19)(x+2)$

#3 $\bigcirc 4x^2 + 5x - 6$

What do you notice?

Factoring Using Decomposition

* If there is a numerical coefficient
in front of x^2 , then you must use
the method called decomposition!!

$$4x^2 + 5x - 6$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \underline{8} \times \underline{-3} = -24 \\ \underline{8} + \underline{-3} = 5 \end{array}$$

$$4x^2 + 8x - 3x - 6$$

* Then do factor by grouping !!

Factor Completely!

$$1. \quad 2x^2 + 5x + 3$$

$\cancel{2} \times \cancel{3} = 6$
 $\cancel{2} + \cancel{3} = 5$

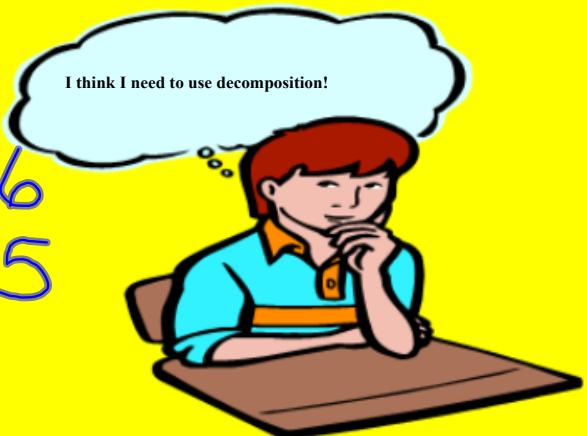
$$\begin{aligned} &2x^2 + 2x + 3x + 3 \\ &2x(x+1) + 3(x+1) \\ &(2x+3)(x+1) \end{aligned}$$

$$2. \quad 10x^2 + 13x - 3$$

$\cancel{10} \times \cancel{-3} = -30$
 $\cancel{10} + \cancel{-3} = 13$

$$\begin{aligned} &10x^2 - 2x + 15x - 3 \\ &2x(5x-1) + 3(5x-1) \\ &(2x+3)(5x-1) \end{aligned}$$

I think I need to use decomposition!



$$3. \quad 2x^2 - x - 28 \quad \frac{-8}{-8} \times \frac{7}{7} = -56$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \cancel{2x^2} - \cancel{8x} + \cancel{7x} - \cancel{28} \\ & 2x(x-4) + 7(x-4) \\ & (2x+7)(x-4) \end{aligned}$$

$$4. \quad 2x^2 + 6x + 4 \quad \frac{4}{4} \times \frac{2}{2} = 8$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \cancel{2x^2} + \cancel{2x} + \cancel{4x} + \cancel{4} \\ & 2x(x+1) + 4(x+1) \\ & (2x+4)(x+1) \quad 2(x+2)(x+1) \end{aligned}$$

Practice Questions

$$\#1 \quad 2x^2 + 5x + 2$$

$$\#2 \quad 3x^2 - 5x + 2$$

$$\#3 \quad 5x^2 + 3x - 2$$

$$\#4 \quad x^2 + 7x + 10$$

$$\#5 \quad 3x^2 + 16a + 5$$

$$\#6 \quad x^2 - 2xy - 15y^2$$

