

1.  $2(y-2) = 4(x-3)^2 - 8$  2.

$$2y - 4 = 4(x-3)^2 - 8 + 4$$

$$2y = 4(x-3)^2 - 4$$

$$y = 2(x-3)^2 - 2$$

3.  $3 - y = 4x - 3$

$$-y = 4x - 3 - 3$$

$$-y = 4x - 6$$

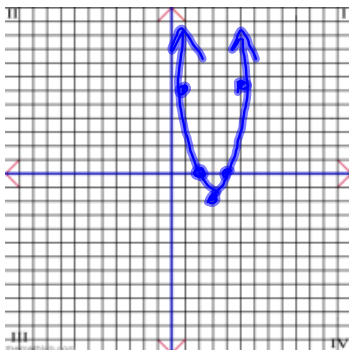
$$y = -4x + 6$$

3.  $1/3y - 1 = |x|$

$$1/3y = |x| + 1$$

$$y = 3|x| + 3$$

$$y = 3|x+0| + 3$$



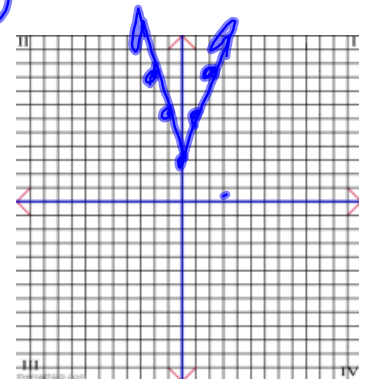
Function: Quadratic

Equation: \_\_\_\_\_



Function: linear

Equation: \_\_\_\_\_



Function: Absolute Value

Equation: \_\_\_\_\_

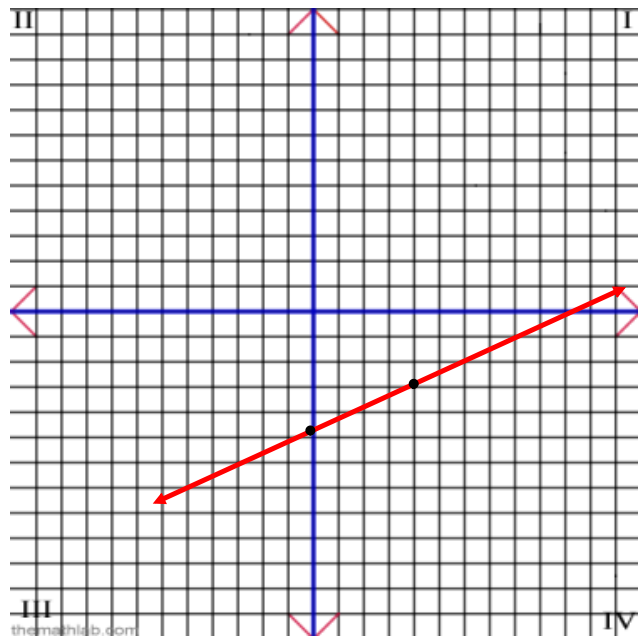
4.

Function: Linear

Equation:  $y = \frac{3}{4}x - 5$   
 $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 5$

Slope:  $\frac{3}{4}$

y-int:  $-5$

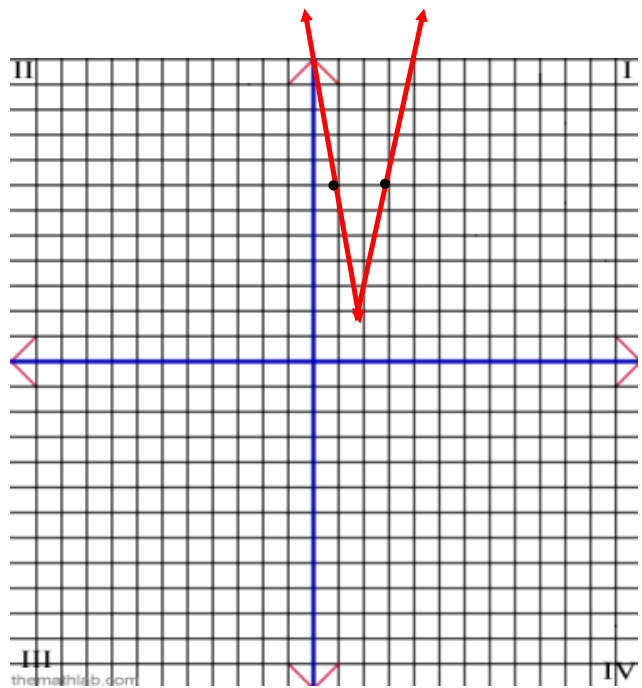


5. Function: absolute  
Equation:  $y = 5|x - 2| + 2$

V: (2, 2)

SF: 5

dir: UP



6. Function: Quadratic  
Equation:  $y = -2(x+3)^2 + 3$   
-3, 3

