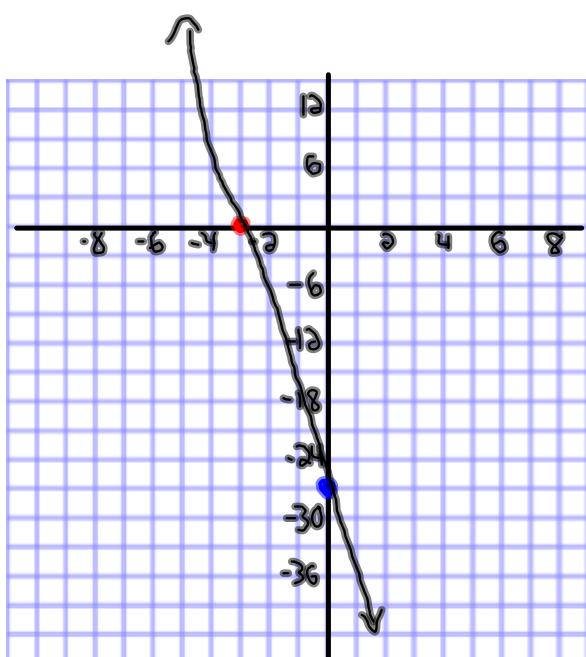


Questions From Homework



① e) $y = -(x+3)^3$
 $y = -(x+3)(x+3)(x+3)$

(i) Roots ($y=0$)
 $x = -3, -3, -3$ Triple Root

(ii) Degree $\rightarrow 3^{\text{rd}}$

(iii) y int ($x=0$)
 $y = -(0+3)^3$
 $y = -27$

(iv) Stretch: $a = -1$

Polynomial Functions

Polynomial - an algebraic expression consisting of two or more terms. A polynomial usually contains only one variable. Within each term the variable is raised to a non-negative integer power, and is multiplied by a constant. The simplest types of polynomials are binomials (two terms) and trinomials (three terms)

Degree of a Polynomial - the greatest power to which the variable is raised; for example, the degree of the trinomial $x^4 - 2x + 5$ is 4

A *polynomial* function with real coefficients can be represented by

$$y = f(x) = ax^n + bx^{n-1} + cx^{n-2} + \dots + \square x^0$$

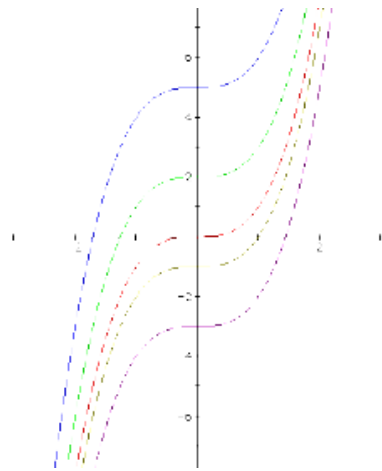
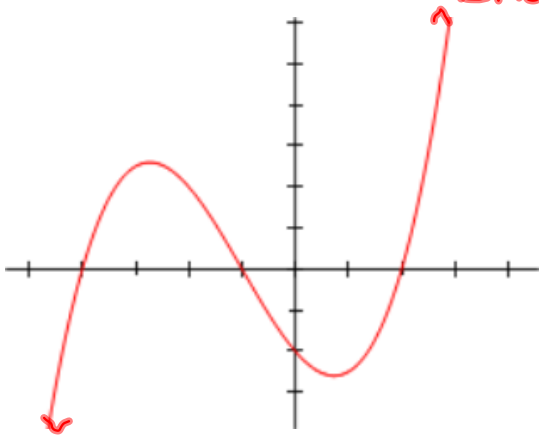
where $a, b, c, \text{ etc.}$ are real numbers. The shape of the graph of the function is affected by the value of n (*the Degree of the Polynomial*), the values of the coefficients, and whether the value of a is positive or negative.

Cubic Functions

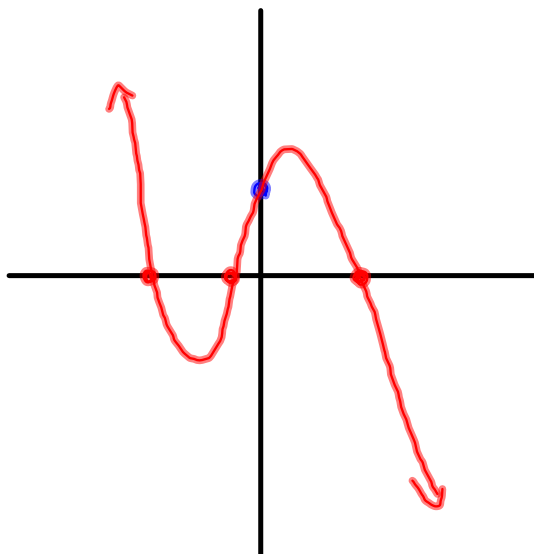
3rd degree Polynomials. $y = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$

factored form $y = a(x - r_1)(x - r_2)(x - r_3)$

$a > 0$ (Positive) Starts in Q3
Ends in Q1



$a < 0$ (Negative) Starts in Q2
Ends in Q4



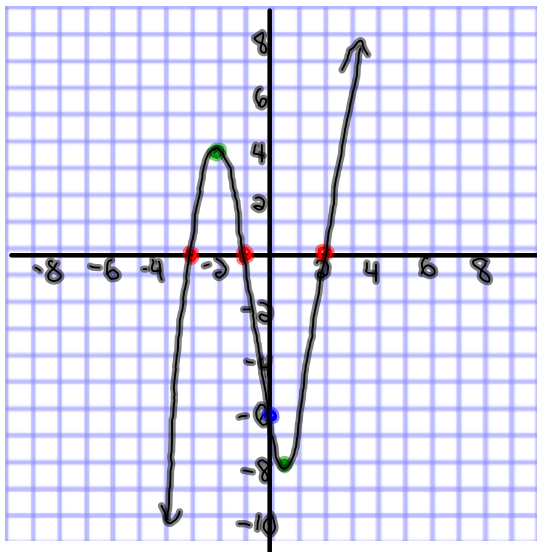
Local Maximum - is the highest point in its immediate region of x -values.

This may or may not be the greatest value of the function over its entire domain.

Local Minimum - is the lowest point in its immediate region of x -values.

This may or may not be the smallest value of the function over its entire domain.

Approximate Local Max and Min values!



Stretch
 $y = (x-2)(x+1)(x+3)$

① Roots ($y=0$)
 $0 = (x-2)(x+1)(x+3)$
 $x = -3, -1, 2$

② y int ($x=0$)
 $y = (0-2)(0+1)(0+3)$
 $y = (-2)(1)(3)$
 $y = -6$

③ Degree $\rightarrow 3^{\text{rd}}$ ④ Stretch: $a=1$

⑤ Local Max ($x=-2$)
 $y = (x-2)(x+1)(x+3)$
 $y = (-2-2)(-2+1)(-2+3)$
 $y = (-4)(-1)(1)$
 $y = 4$
 $(-2, 4)$

Local min ($x=0.5$)
 $y = (x-2)(x+1)(x+3)$
 $y = (0.5-2)(0.5+1)(0.5+3)$
 $y = (-1.5)(1.5)(3.5)$
 $y = -7.875$
 $(0.5, -7.875)$



Calculating Max and Min values on the TI-83

Homework