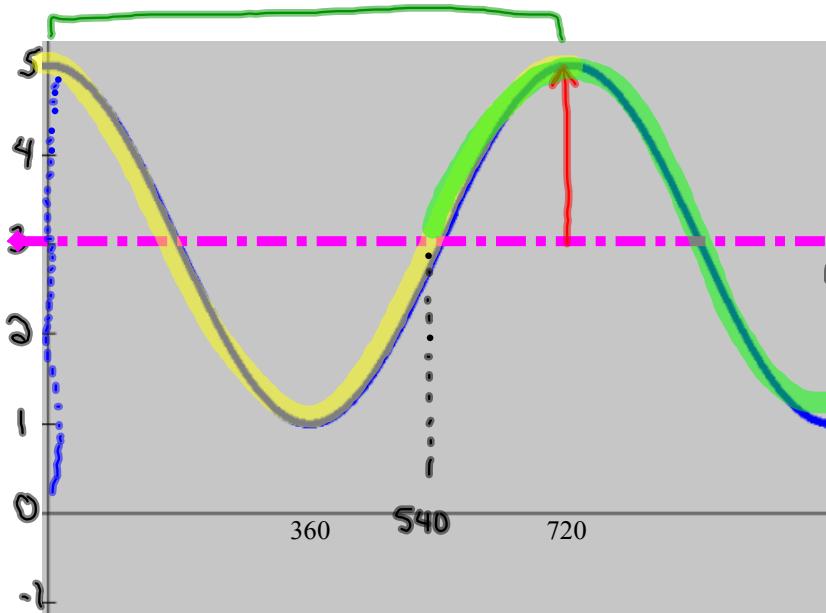


Warm-up



Equation of Graph: $y = 2\cos[\frac{1}{2}(x-0)] + 3$

$$y = 2\cos[\frac{1}{2}(x)] + 3$$

Find:

Local Max: $\frac{5}{1}$

Local Min: $\frac{1}{1}$

Equation of Sinusoidal Axis:

$y = 3$

Period: $\frac{720}{2}$

Amplitude: 2

Horizontal Translation (C): $\frac{0}{3}$

Vertical Translation (D): $\frac{3}{3}$

$$\begin{aligned} k &= \frac{360}{P} = \frac{360}{720} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

— + sin

$$y = 2\sin[\frac{1}{2}(x-540)] + 3$$

Questions from Homework

Equations in Standard Form

$$y = A \sin[k(x - C)] + D$$

A = **Amplitude** → influences how tall the sine curve is.

K = $\frac{360}{P}$ → influences how often the pattern repeats.

C = **Horizontal Translation** → Influences how far to the left or the right that the graph will shift.

- If C is positive → Shift Left
- If C is negative → Shift Right

D = **Vertical Translation** → influences how far up and down the graph will shift.

- If D is positive → Shift Up
- If D is negative → Shift Down

In which direction would these graphs be shifted?

$$y = \sin(x) + \underline{\underline{2}}$$

$C=0$ $D=\underline{\underline{2}}$

Up

$$y = \sin(x - \underline{\underline{30}})$$

$C=30$ $D=0$

Right

$$y = -\cos(x) - 3$$

$C=0$ $D=-3$

Down

$$y = \cos(x + \underline{\underline{90}})$$

$C=-90$ $D=0$

Left

$$y = 2\cos[3(x + \underline{\underline{45}})] + 4$$

$C=-45$ $D=4$

Left + Up

Sketching Sinusoidal Functions using Mapping

Development of a standard form for sinusoidal functions...

Standard Form $\longrightarrow y = A \sin[k(x - C)] + D$

1. Reflection: If $A < 0$ the graph will be reflected in the x -axis.
2. Amplitude: The amplitude of the graph will be equal to $|A|$. (positive)
3. Period: The period of the graph will be equal to $\frac{360^\circ}{k}$
4. Horizontal Phase Shift: The graph will shift "C" units to the left.
5. Vertical Translation: The graph will shift "D" units up.

Mapping Notation: $(x, y) \rightarrow \left(\frac{x}{k} + C, Ay + D \right)$

Using Mapping to Graph!

$$y = -2 \sin[3(x + 30^\circ)] - 2 \quad (x, y) \rightarrow \left(\frac{x}{k} + C, Ay + D \right)$$

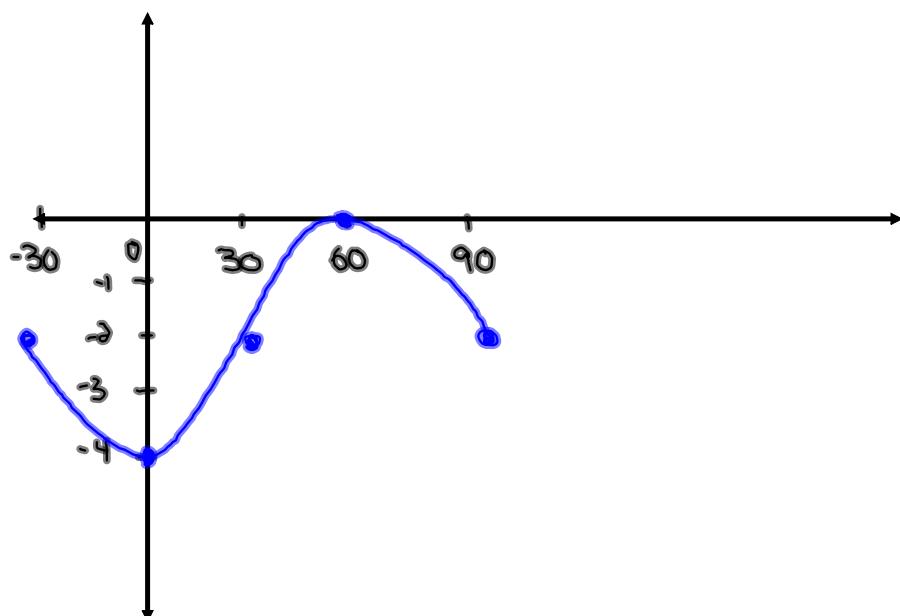
$$A = -2 \quad k = 3 \quad C = -30^\circ \quad D = -2 \quad P = \frac{360}{3} = 120$$

$y = -\sin x$

x	y
0	0
90	-1
180	0
270	1
360	0

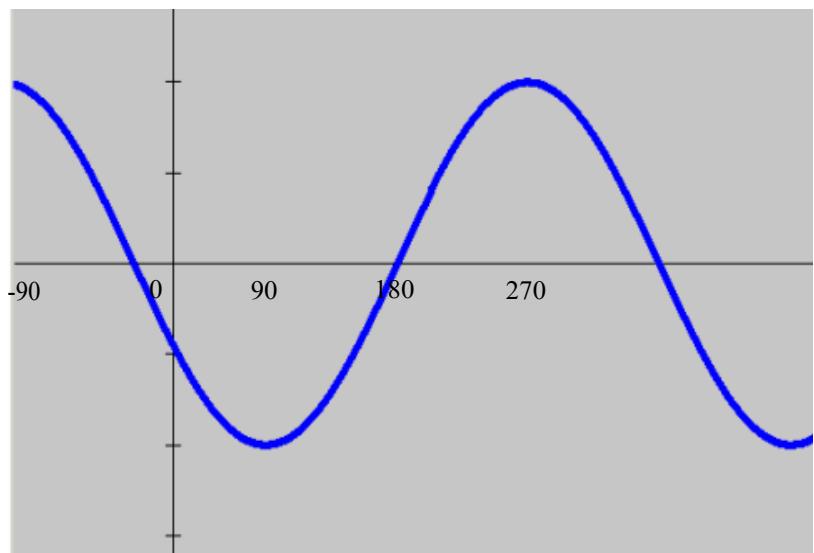
New points after mapping

x	y
-30	-2
0	-4
30	-2
60	0
90	-2



Homework

What does Horizontal Translation look like?



Find:

Local Max: _____

Local Min: _____

Equation of Sinusoidal Axis:

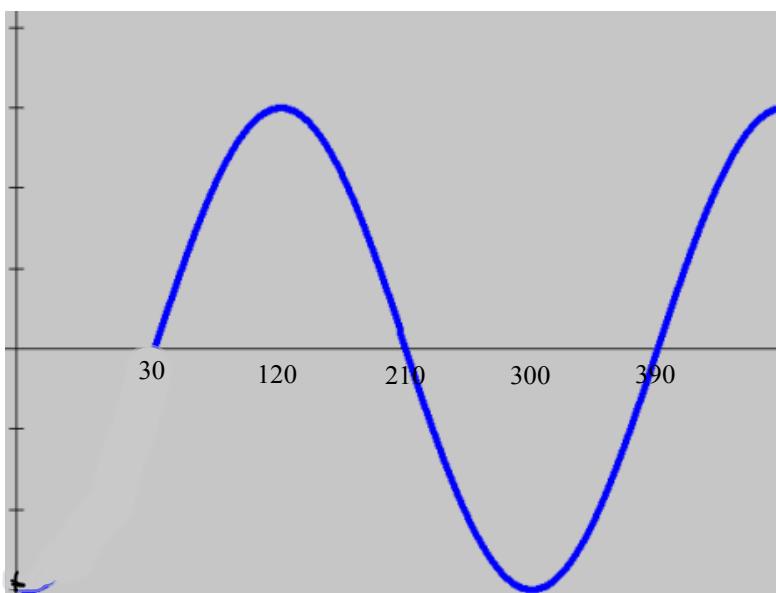
Period: _____

Amplitude: _____

Horizontal Translation (C): _____

Vertical Translation (D): _____

Equation of Graph: _____



Find:

Local Max: _____

Local Min: _____

Equation of Sinusoidal Axis:

Period: _____

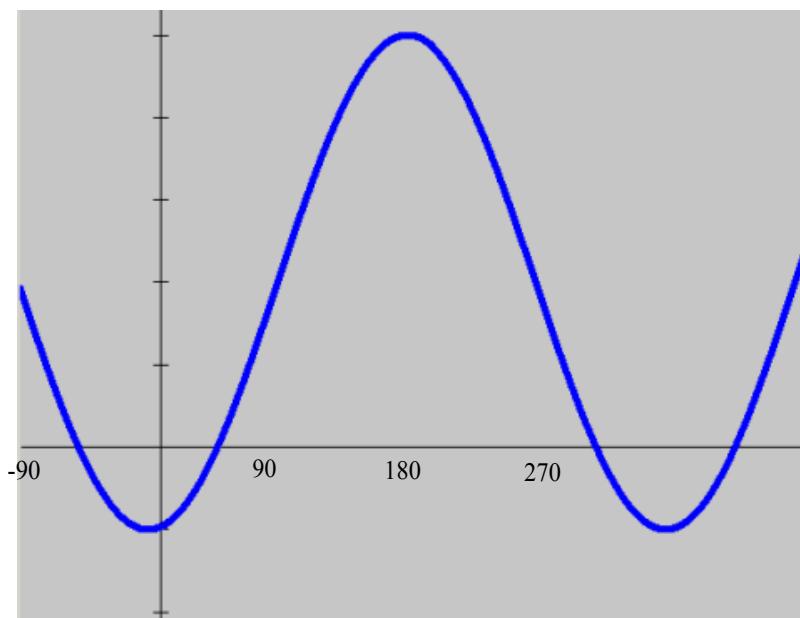
Amplitude: _____

Horizontal Translation (C): _____

Vertical Translation (D): _____

Equation of Graph: _____

A little "C" and "D"



Find:

Local Max: _____

Local Min: _____

Equation of Sinusoidal Axis:

Period: _____

Amplitude: _____

Horizontal Translation (C): _____

Vertical Translation (D): _____

Equation of Graph: _____