Questions from Homework

Logarithms

exponential form

$$x = b^y$$

Say "the base **b** to the exponent **y** is **x**."

logarithmic form

$$y = \log_b x$$

Say "y is the exponent to which you raise base b to get the answer x."

$$x = b^y \longrightarrow y = \log_b x$$

When you work with equations involving logarithms you need to use the laws of logarithms, which are summarized below:

$$\log_b M + \log_b N = \log_b (MN)$$

$$\log_b M - \log_b N = \log_b \left(\frac{M}{N}\right)$$

$$\log_b(N^p) = p \log_b(N)$$

$$\log_b(N^{\frac{p}{q}}) = \frac{p}{q}\log_b(N)$$

The base of a logarithm can be any real number. However, a logarithm to the base 10 is especially useful because the decimal system, and as a result your calculator, is also based on the number 10. Logarithms to the base 10 are called *common logarithms* and are written as

$$\log_{10} x$$
 or $\log x$

Example 1

Find
$$\log 56 = 1.748$$

Common logarithms appear in many formulas as shown in the following example.

Example 2

The approximate distance above sea level, *d*, in kilometers, is given by the formula:

$$d = \frac{500(\log P - 2)}{27}$$

where *P* is the pressure in kilopascals.

- a) If the reading on a barometer is 750 *kPa*, then how far above sea level are you?
- b) What is the barometric pressure 1km above sea level?

a)
$$P = 750 \, \text{k/la}$$
 $d = \frac{500 \, (\log 7 - 3)}{37}$
 $d = \frac{500 \, (\log 7 - 3)}{37}$

The irrational number "e" which is approximately 2.71828... plays an important role in the development of mathematics. The value of e can be approximated by the following expression:

 $\left(1+\frac{1}{n}\right)^n$

As "n" gets larger, the expression approaches the number 2.71828... which is an approximation of e. This value is called "Euler's Constant" named after Leonard Euler.

$$e = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n} \right)^n$$

Logarithms with the base of *e* are often used in advanced mathematics and are called *natural logarithms*. The notation ln *x* is used to indicate logarithms to the base *e*. Thus,

$$ln x = log_e x$$

Example 3

Solve

a)
$$y = \ln 3 = 1.098$$

b) $2.685 = \ln x$
 $e^3 = 3$
 $e^3 = 4$
 $e^3 = 4$

Homework