Chemical Reactions

Evidence of Chemical Reactions

- 1. color change
- 2. odor change
- 3. state change
- 4. energy change
- 5. diagnostic tests.

Endothermic Reaction - those in which the heat is taken in by the system and the temperature of the surroundings drops.

Exothermic Reaction - those in which heat is given out by the system and the temperature of the surroundings increases.

Main principles of the **collision-reaction theory**:

- 1. all chemical reactions involve collisions between atoms, ions or molecules
- 2. a certain amount of energy is required for a reaction to occur
- 3. a certain orientation of particles is required

Tips for Balancing Equations:

- Don't balance atoms present in more than two substances until the end
- Balance polyatomic ions as 'one'
- If a fractional coefficient is needed, multiply all coefficients by denominator

Balancing Equations

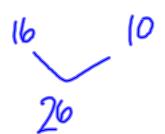
a)
$$\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$
 Ca(OH)₂ + $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ HCl \rightarrow $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ CaCl₂ + $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ H₂O

b)
$$__KHCO_3 \rightarrow __K_2CO_3 + __H_2O + __CO_2$$

c)
$$\underline{2}$$
 Fe + $\underline{6}$ HCl $\rightarrow \underline{2}$ FeCl₃ + $\underline{3}$ H₂

d)
$$P_4 + F_2 \rightarrow PF_3$$

e)
$$2C_4H_{10} + 13O_2 \rightarrow 2CO_2 + 10H_2O$$



Worksheet

p. 327 #3,4

p. 328 #5,6

p. 329 #11-12