

A bag contains 3 red, 7 blue, and 2 green marbles. One marble is chosen, not replaced and a second is chosen.

↑
dependent.

a) 2 green marbles

$$\begin{aligned}P(G \text{ and } G) &= P(G) \times P(G|G) \\&= \frac{2}{12} \times \frac{1}{11} \\&= \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{11} \\&= \frac{1}{66}\end{aligned}$$

b) 2 marbles which
are not Red

$$\begin{aligned}P(\text{not } 2 \text{ Red}) &= 1 - P(R \text{ and } R) \\&= 1 - \frac{3}{12} \times \frac{2}{11} \\&= 1 - \frac{6}{132} \\&= \frac{132}{132} - \frac{6}{132} \\&= \frac{126}{132}\end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{21}{22}$$

ANSWERS → REVIEW: Independent & Dependent Events.

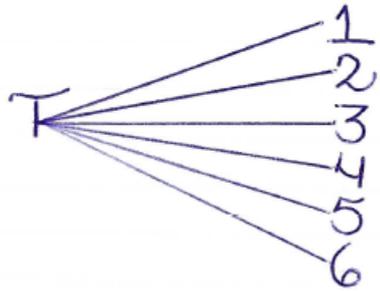
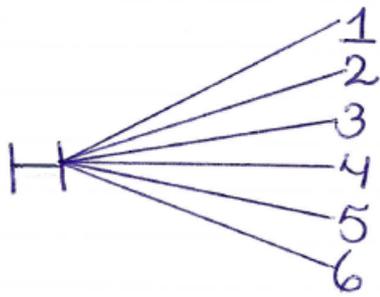
1. $P(M) = \frac{1}{5}$, $P(N) = \frac{3}{5}$, $P(Q) = \frac{4}{15}$.

a) $P(M \text{ and } N)$	b) $P(M \text{ and } Q)$	c) $P(M \text{ and } N \text{ and } Q)$
$= P(M) \times P(N)$	$= P(M) \times P(Q)$	$= P(M) \times P(N) \times P(Q)$
$= \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{3}{5}$	$= \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{4}{15}$	$= \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{4}{15}$
$= \frac{3}{25}$	$= \frac{4}{75}$	$= \frac{12}{375}$
		$= \frac{4}{125}$

$$\begin{aligned} d) P(\text{not } M) &= 1 - P(M) \\ &= 1 - \frac{1}{5} \\ &= \frac{5}{5} - \frac{1}{5} \\ &= \frac{4}{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2. P(\text{Edmonton and Hamilton}) &= P(E) \times P(H) \\ &= \frac{3}{7} \times \frac{2}{9} \\ &= \frac{6}{63} \\ &= \frac{2}{21} \end{aligned}$$

3a)



Outcomes (Sample Space)

H1
H2
H3
H4
H5
H6

T1
T2
T3
T4
T5
T6

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) i) } P(T, 3) &= P(T) \times P(3) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{6} \\ &= \frac{1}{12} \quad (\text{Check Tree Diagram}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ii) } P(H, 2) &= P(H) \times P(2) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{6} \\ &= \frac{1}{12} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{iii) } P(H, 7) &= P(H) \times P(7) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{0}{6} \\ &= \frac{0}{12} \\ &= 0 \rightarrow \text{IMPOSSIBLE!} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{4.a) } P(\text{King}) & \text{b) } P(\text{Jack}) & \text{c) } P(\text{K and J}) \text{ (Indep.)} \\ = \frac{4}{52} & = \frac{4}{52} & = P(K) \times P(J) \\ = \frac{1}{13} & = \frac{1}{13} & = \frac{4}{52} \times \frac{4}{52} \\ & & = \frac{1}{13} \times \frac{1}{13} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{d) } P(\text{K and J}) \text{ (Dep.)} \\ = P(K) \times P(J|K) \\ = \frac{4}{52} \times \frac{4}{51} \\ = \frac{1}{13} \times \frac{4}{51} \\ = \frac{4}{663} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5a) & P(\text{defective and defective}) \\ &= P(\text{def}) \times P(\text{def} | \text{def}) \\ &= \frac{5}{50} \times \frac{4}{49} \\ &= \frac{1}{10} \times \frac{4}{49} \\ &= \frac{4}{490} \\ &= \frac{2}{245} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } P(\text{working and working}) &= P(w) \times P(w|w) \\ &= \frac{45}{50} \times \frac{44}{49} \\ &= \frac{9}{10} \times \frac{44}{49} \\ &= \frac{396}{490} \\ &= \frac{198}{245} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 6. & P(\text{red and then blue}) \\ &= P(\text{red}) \times P(\text{blue}) \\ &= \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{9} \\ &= \frac{20}{81} \end{aligned}$$

- 7.a) Flipping a coin three times \leadsto Independent
b) Removing coloured marbles from a bag,
without replacement \leadsto Dependent
c) Getting two strikes in a row in baseball
 \leadsto Dependent/Independent
(can be either)

8. Having a flat tire replaced on a car does not affect the probability of having a flat on any one of the three remaining original tires on the return trip - the events are independent.

9. a) $P(\text{convertible}) = \frac{2}{20} = \frac{1}{10}$ b) $P(\text{convertible} / \text{convertible}) = \frac{1}{19}$