© 
$$y = -3x^3 + 10x + 30$$
  
©  $y + 30 = -3x^3 + 10x$   
©  $y + 30 = -3(x^3 - 4x)$   
©  $y + 30 - 10 = -3(x^3 - 4x + 4) - 4x^1 = (3)^2 + 4$   
©  $y + 20 = -3(x - 3)^3$   
©  $y = -3(x - 3)^3 - 20$  (Standard form)

1. 
$$y = 4x^{2}-12x-41$$

①  $y+41 = 4x^{2}-12x$ 

②  $y+41 = 4(x^{2}-3x)$ 

③  $y+41+36 = 4(x^{2}-3x+9/4)^{4}$ 

④  $y+41+9 = 4(x-3/2)^{2}$ 

⑤  $(SF)$   $y = 4(x-3/2)^{2}$ 

⑥  $(TF)$   $\frac{1}{4}(y+50) = (x-3/2)^{2}$ 

2. 
$$y = -x^2 + 8x + 7$$
  
①  $y - 7 = -x^2 + 8x$   
②  $y - 7 = -(x^2 - 8x)$   
③  $y - 7 - 16 = -(x^2 - 8x + 16)$   
④  $y - 23 = -(x - 4)^2$   
⑤ (SF)  $y = -(x - 4)^2 + 23$   
(TF)  $-(y - 23) = (x - 4)^2$ 

3. 
$$y=7x^2+14x-21$$
①  $y+21=7x^2+14x$ 
②  $y+21=7(x^2+2x)$ 
③  $y+21+7=7(x^2+2x+1)$ 
④  $y+28=7(x+1)^2$ 
⑤ (SF)  $y=7(x+1)^2-28$ 
(TF)  $\frac{1}{7}(y+28)=(x+1)^2$ 

4. 
$$y = 4x^{2} + 20x - 25$$

①  $y + 25 = 4x^{2} + 20x$ 
②  $y + 25 = 4(x^{2} + 5x)$ 
③  $y + 25 + 100 = 4(x^{2} + 5x + 25/4)$ 
④  $y + 25 + 25 = 4(x + 5/2)^{2}$ 
 $y + 50 = 4(x + 5/2)^{2}$ 
⑤ (SF)  $y = 4(x + 5/2)^{2} - 50$ 
(TF)  $\frac{1}{4}(y + 50) = (x + 5/2)^{2}$ 

5. 
$$y = x^2 - 6x - 27$$
①  $y + 27 = x^2 - 6x$ 
③  $y + 27 + 9 = (x^2 - 6x + 9)$ 
④  $y + 36 = (x - 3)^2$ 
⑤  $(SF) y = (x - 3)^2 - 36$ 
 $(TF) | (y + 36) = (x - 3)^2$ 

6. 
$$y = -3x^{2} + 12x - 32$$

①  $y + 32 = -3x^{2} + 12x$ 
②  $y + 32 = -3(x^{2} - 4x)$ 
③  $y + 32 - 12 = -3(x^{2} - 4x + 4)$ 
④  $y + 20 = -3(x - 2)^{2}$ 
⑤ (SF)  $y = -3(x - 2)^{2} - 20$ 

(TF)  $-\frac{1}{3}(y + 20) = (x - 2)^{2}$