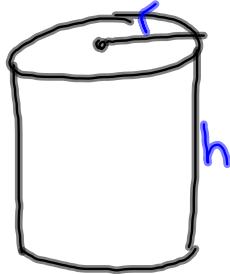


②



Let  $r =$  the radius

$$A = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$$

Express  
with a  
single  
variable

$$V = \pi r^2 h \quad A =$$

$$1000 = \pi r^2 h$$

$$h = \frac{1000}{\pi r^2}$$

$$2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r \left[ \frac{1000}{\pi r^2} \right]$$

$$A = 2\pi r^2 + 2000r^{-1}$$

$$A' = 4\pi r - \frac{2000}{r^2}$$

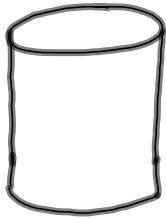
$$\frac{2000}{r^2} = 4\pi r$$

$$4\pi r^3 = 2000$$

$$r^3 = \frac{500}{\pi}$$

$$r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{500}{\pi}} \approx 5.41 \text{ cm}$$

⑩



$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$V = \cancel{\pi r^2} \left[ \frac{169.56 - 2\pi r^3}{2\pi r} \right]$$

$$A = 169.56 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$2\pi r^3 + 2\pi r h = 169.56$$

$$2\pi r h = 169.56 - 2\pi r^3 \quad V = 84.78r - \pi r^3$$

$$h = \frac{169.56 - 2\pi r^3}{2\pi r} \quad V' = 84.78 - 3\pi r^2$$

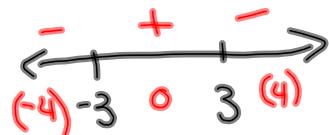
$$0 = 84.78 - 3\pi r^2$$

$$h = \frac{169.56 - 2\pi(3)^3}{2\pi(3)} \quad 3\pi r^2 = 84.78$$

$$r^2 = 9$$

$$h = 6 \text{ cm}$$

$$r = \pm 3$$



$$r = 3 \text{ cm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Max Volume} &= \pi r^2 h \\ &= \pi(3)^2(6) \\ &= 54\pi \\ &= 169.56 \text{ cm}^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \text{c) } y = x^5 + 8x^3 + x$$

$$y' = 5x^4 + 24x^3 + 1$$

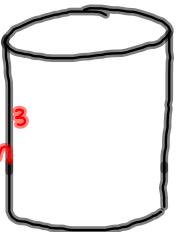
increasing on  $(-\infty, \infty)$

$y'$  is always positive.

The function is always increasing

②

$$V = 1000 \text{ cm}^3$$



Let  $r = \text{radius}$

Express  
with a  
single  
variable

$$A = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$$

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$1000 = \pi r^2 h$$

$$h = \frac{1000}{\pi r^2}$$

$$A = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r \left[ \frac{1000}{\pi r^2} \right]$$

$$A = 2\pi r^2 + 2000 r^{-1}$$

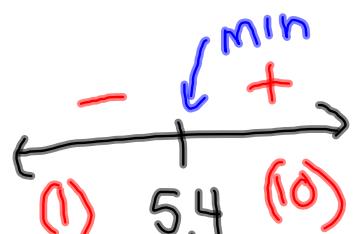
$$A' = 4\pi r - \frac{2000}{r^2}$$

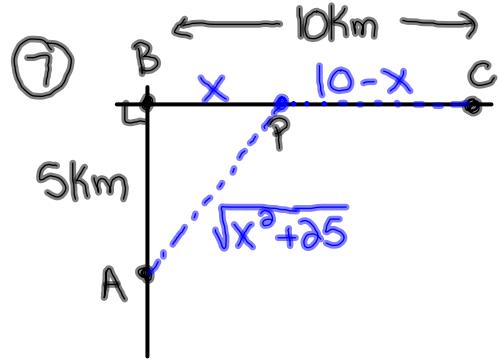
$$\frac{2000}{r^2} = 4\pi r$$

$$4\pi r^3 = 2000$$

$$r^3 = \frac{500}{\pi}$$

$$r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{500}{\pi}} \approx 5.4 \text{ cm}$$





Let  $x =$  the distance from B to P

$$T = \frac{d}{s}$$

$$T = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 25}}{3} + \frac{10-x}{5}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{3}(x^2 + 25)^{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{10}{5} - \frac{1}{5}x$$

$$T' = \frac{1}{3} \cancel{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 25}}} (2x) - \frac{1}{5}$$

$$T' = \frac{5x - 3\sqrt{x^2 + 25}}{15\sqrt{x^2 + 25}}$$

OR

$$T' = \frac{x}{3(x^2 + 25)^{\frac{1}{2}}} - \frac{1}{5}$$

denominator or  
always "+"

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{x}{3\sqrt{x^2 + 25}}$$

$$(5x)^2 = (3\sqrt{x^2 + 25})^2 \quad \text{square both sides}$$

$$25x^2 = 9(x^2 + 25)$$

$$25x^2 = 9x^2 + 225$$

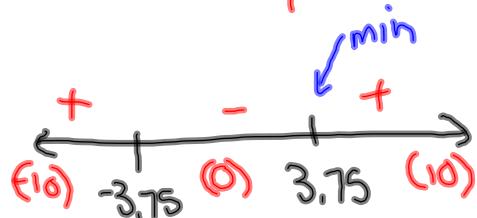
$$16x^2 = 225$$

$$x^2 = \frac{225}{16}$$

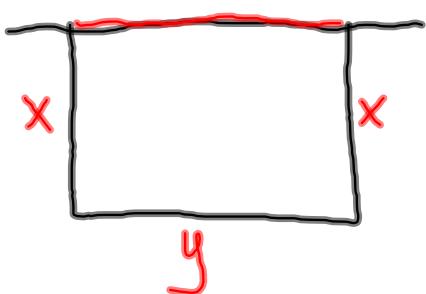
$\therefore$  You should head

to a point 3.75 Km  
east of B.

$$x = \pm \frac{15}{4} = \pm 3.75$$



⑧



$$A = xy \quad \text{← Express as a single variable}$$

$$A = x(500 - 2x)$$

$$A = 500x - 2x^2$$

$$P = 2x + y$$

$$500 = 2x + y$$

$$\boxed{500 - 2x = y}$$

$$500 - 2(125) = y$$

$$500 - 250 = y$$

$$250 = y$$

$$A' = 500 - 4x$$

$$4x = 500$$

$$x = 125 \text{ m}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} + \\ \hline (1) \quad 125 \quad (200) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \downarrow \text{max} \\ - \end{array}$$

$$\therefore 125 \text{ m} \times 125 \text{ m}$$