Organic Chemistry

Major Topics

- Drawing / Naming Compounds
- Isomers
- Reactions

You Should Know...

- General formulas of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, and cyclic compounds
- Aromatic compounds
- Pi bonds
- Characteristics of organic compounds

Families of Organic Compounds (p.294)

Alkanes	ethane
Alkenes	ethene
Alkynes	ethyne
Aromatics and Cyclic Compounds	cyclohexane
Organic Halides	chloroethane
Alcohols	ethan <mark>ol</mark>
Carboxylic Acids	ethanoic acid
Aldehydes	ethan <mark>al</mark>
Ketones	propanone
Esters	methyl ethanoate

Draw 3-ethyl-2,4-dimethylpentane

$$CH_3$$

$$I$$

$$CH_2$$

$$I \quad I \quad I \quad I \quad I$$

$$-C-C-C-C-C$$

$$I \quad I \quad I \quad I \quad I$$

Naming Hints:

- List branches alphabetically
- Location of multiple bond takes precedence over branch
- Esters name alcohol part, then carboxylic acid part

Ex. ethanoic acid + methanol --->

Isomers

Name and draw all isomers for the following:

 C_6H_{14}

Name and draw all isomers for the following:

 C_5H_{10}

Reactions

Addition alk

alkene/alkyne + H_2 or HX

Substitution

alkane/aromatic + halogen

Elimination

alkyl halide + OHalcohol + acid

Esterification

carboxylic acid + alcohol

Cracking

Formation