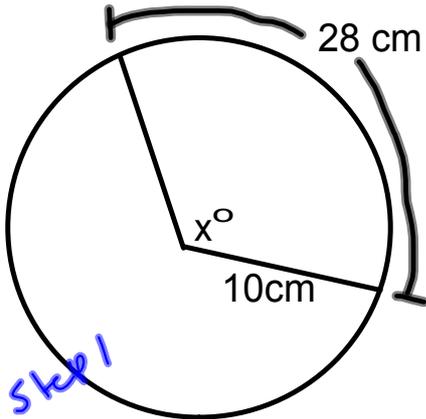


Find the missing angle.

Warm Up  
March 21, 2012

$$\text{Circumference} = 2\pi r$$



Step 2

$$\frac{\text{Arc Length}}{\text{Circumference}} = \frac{\text{Angle}}{360^\circ}$$

$$\frac{28}{62.8} = \frac{x}{360^\circ}$$

$$62.8x = 360(28)$$

$$\frac{62.8x}{62.8} = \frac{10080}{62.8}$$

$$x = 160^\circ$$

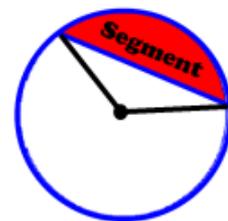
Step 1

$$\begin{aligned} C &= 2\pi r \\ &= 2(3.14)(10) \\ &= 62.8 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

## Solutions to Worksheet 6.18

## Area of a Segment

*Reminder:* A segment of a circle is the region between a chord and the arc subtended by the chord. Any chord bounds two segments, which are different in area except when the chord is a diameter.



**To find the area of a segment:**

Step 1 – Calculate the area of the *sector* using:

1.  $A = \Pi r^2$

2.  $\frac{\text{Sector Area}}{\text{Area of Circle}} = \frac{\text{Angle}}{360^\circ}$

This will give you  $A_{\text{sector}}$

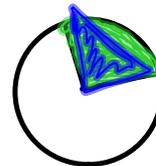
Step 2 – Calculate the area of the *triangle* using:

$$A_{\text{triangle}} = \frac{1}{2} r^2 \sin \theta$$



Step 3 – Calculate the area of the *segment* using:

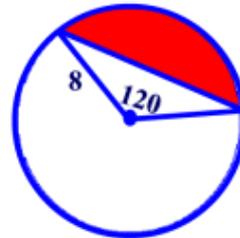
$$A_{\text{segment}} = A_{\text{sector}} - A_{\text{triangle}}$$



**Example Problem:**

Find the area of a segment of a circle with a central angle of 120 degrees and a radius of 8 cm.

*Express the answer to two places after the decimal.*



**Solution:**

**Step 1** – Calculate the area of the *sector* using:



$$\begin{aligned} 1) A &= \pi r^2 \\ &= 3.14 (8)^2 \\ &= 3.14 (64) \\ &= 200.96 \end{aligned}$$

$$2) \frac{\text{Sector Area}}{\text{Area of Circle}} = \frac{\text{Angle}}{360^\circ}$$

$$\frac{\text{Sector Area}}{200.96} = \frac{120^\circ}{360^\circ}$$

$$(\text{Sector Area})(360^\circ) = (200.96)(120^\circ)$$

$$(\text{Sector Area})(360^\circ) = (24115.2)$$

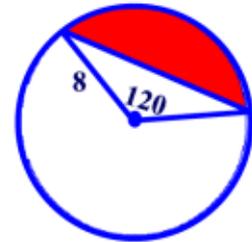
$$\frac{(\text{Sector Area})(360^\circ)}{360^\circ} = \frac{(24115.2)}{360^\circ}$$

$$\text{Sector Area} = 67 \text{ cm}^2$$

Step 2 – Calculate the area of the *triangle* using:

$$\begin{aligned} A_{\text{triangle}} &= \frac{1}{2} r^2 \sin \theta \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (8 \text{ cm})^2 \sin (120^\circ) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (64 \text{ cm}^2)(0.8660) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (55.4240 \text{ cm}^2) \\ &= 27.7120 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ or } 27.71 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{0.866(64)}{2}$$



Step 3 – Calculate the area of the *segment* using:

$$\begin{aligned} A_{\text{segment}} &= A_{\text{sector}} - A_{\text{triangle}} \\ &= 67.02 \text{ cm}^2 - 27.71 \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= 39.31 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

*Step 1      Step 2*

## Attachments

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Solutions to Ex. 6.18.notebook