







10. h = -2(t - 3)^2 + 4

A) Find the average rate of change from t = 1 to t = 5. t=1 $h=-2(1-3)^2+4$ $h=-2(5-3)^2+4$ $=-2(5-3)^2+4$ $=-2(2)^2+4$ $=-2(4)^2+4$ $=-2(4)^2+4$ $=-2(4)^2+4$ $=-2(4)^2+4$ =-8+4 =-8+4 =-8+4 =-4 =-4 =-4 =-4 =-4 =-4 =-4 =-4 =-4 $=-2(1.9-3)^2+4$ $=-2(0.1-3)^2+4$ $=-2(0.1-3)^2+4$ $=-2(1.9-3)^2+4$ =-2(0.81)+4 $=-2(1.9-3)^2+4$ =-2(0.81)+4 $=-2(1.9-3)^2+4$ =-2(0.81)+4 $=-2(1.9-3)^2+4$ =-2(0.81)+4 =-2(0.81)

11. The following chart shows the change in		
temperature of a freezer when it is turned on.	Hour	TemperatureD, D
A) Find the average rate of change from 2 to 5 hours.	2	6 -11 -6
(2,6) AROC = $-45-6$	3 4	-5 5-17 6
(5, -45) 5-2	5	-45 -23°
=-51		* Constant
= -17 degree	s per hou	ur. on D ₂
B) Use the table to determine the equation that best model	s the data.	QUADRATIC
) OX I IX I IC	Remember Jou need	1
12. $h = -4.9t^2 + 19.2t + 400$	termine -	the ationfirst
At what time is the instantaneous rate of change equal to 2	ero?	
* Vertex	There	fore, the
h-400=-4.9t2+19.2t		ntaneous
h-400=-49(t2-392t)	. rate (of Change Will
-400-18.8=-4.9 (t2-3.92t+3.84.	he zei	ro at
h-418.8 = -4.9 (t-1.96)2	appro	ximately
$h-418.8 = -4.9(\pm -1.96)^2$ $h=-4.9(\pm -1.96)^2 + 41$	8.8 2 86	econds
VERTEX (1.96, 418.8)	2000	2001.00.