

Calculate the energy change when 10.0g of ice at -15.0°C is heated to steam at -5.0°C .

$$q = mC\Delta T$$

$$q = (10.0\text{g})(2.01\frac{\text{J}}{\text{g}\cdot^{\circ}\text{C}})(10.0^{\circ}\text{C})$$

$$q = 2.0 \times 10^2 \text{ J}$$

Calculate the energy change when 10.0g of ice is converted to water.

$$m = 10.0 \text{ g}$$

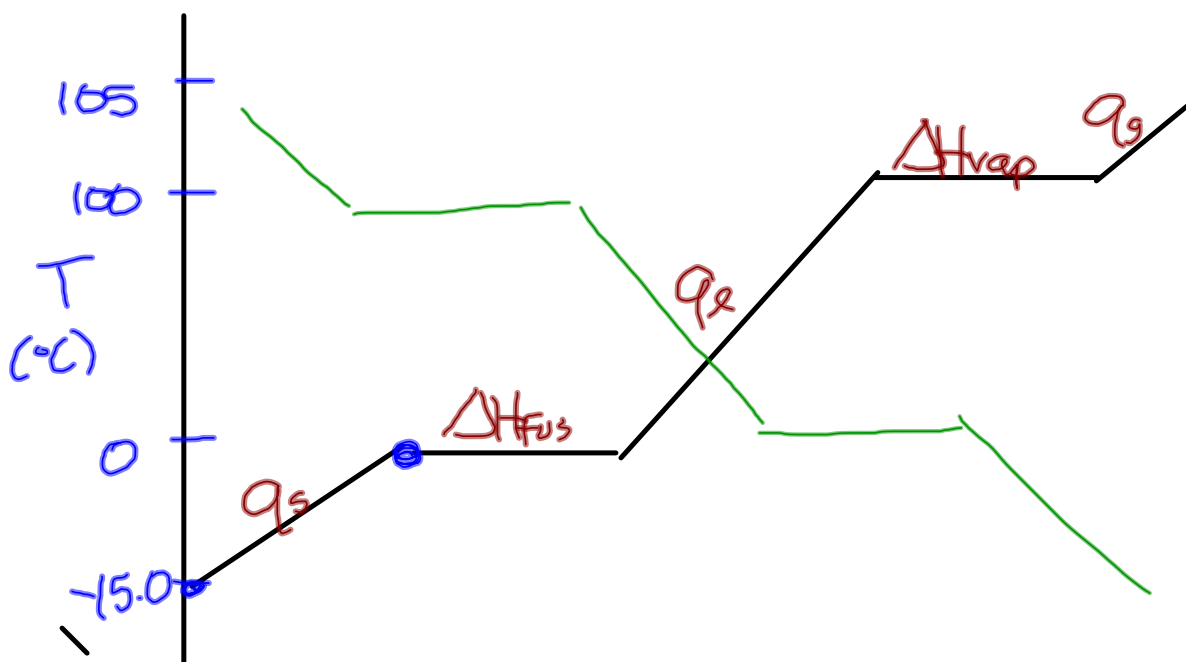
$$H_{\text{fus}} = 6.03 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{mol}}$$

$$\Delta H_{\text{fus}} = n H_{\text{fus}}$$

$$\Delta H_{\text{fus}} = \left(\frac{10.0 \text{ g}}{18.02 \text{ g/mol}} \right) \left(6.03 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{mol}} \right)$$

$$\Delta H_{\text{fus}} = 3.35 \text{ kJ}$$

Calculate the total energy change when 10.0g of ice at -15.0°C is heated to steam at 105°C .



$$\Delta E_T = q_s + \Delta H_{\text{fus}} + q_l + \Delta H_{\text{vap}} + q_g$$

$$q_s = mC\Delta T$$

$$q_s = (10.0\text{g})(2.01 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{g}\cdot^{\circ}\text{C}})(15^{\circ}\text{C})$$

$$q_s = 301.5 \text{ J}$$

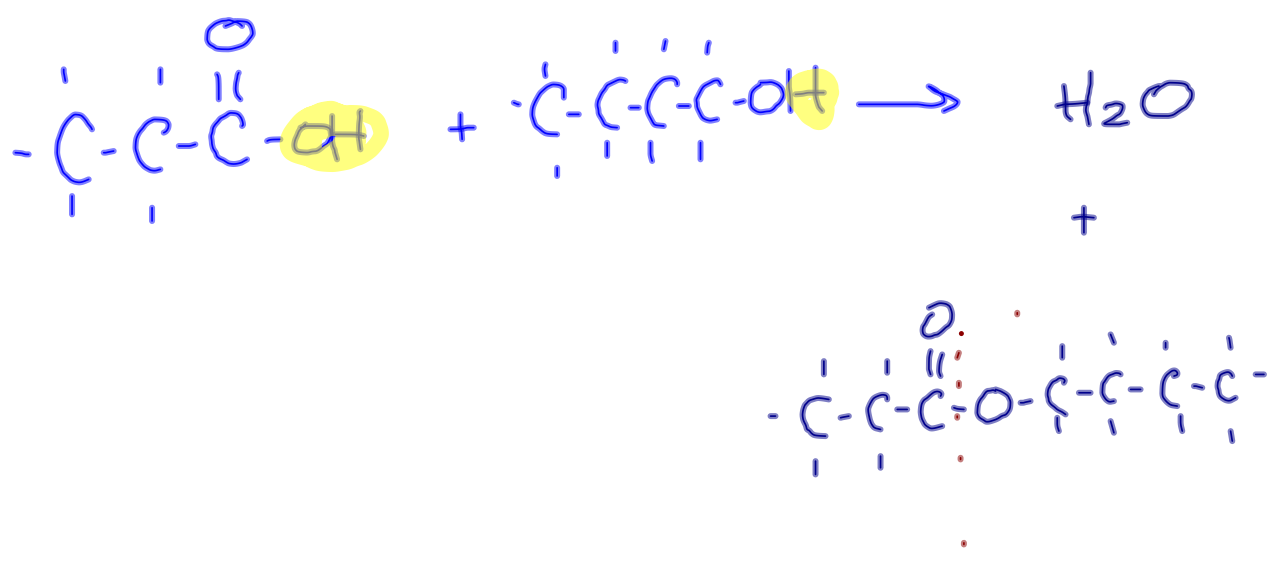
$$\Delta H_{\text{fus}} = n\Delta h_{\text{fus}}$$

$$\Delta H_{\text{fus}} = \left(\frac{10.0\text{g}}{18.02\text{g/mol}} \right) \left(6.03 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{mol}} \right)$$

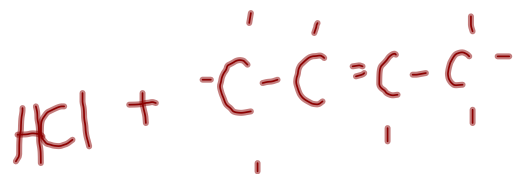
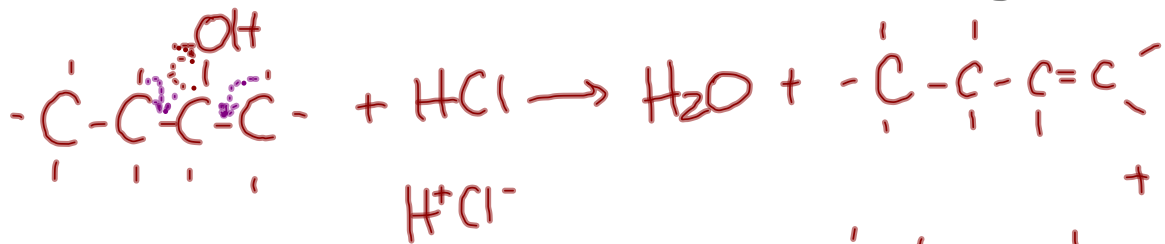
$$\Delta H_{\text{fus}} = 3.35 \text{ kJ}$$

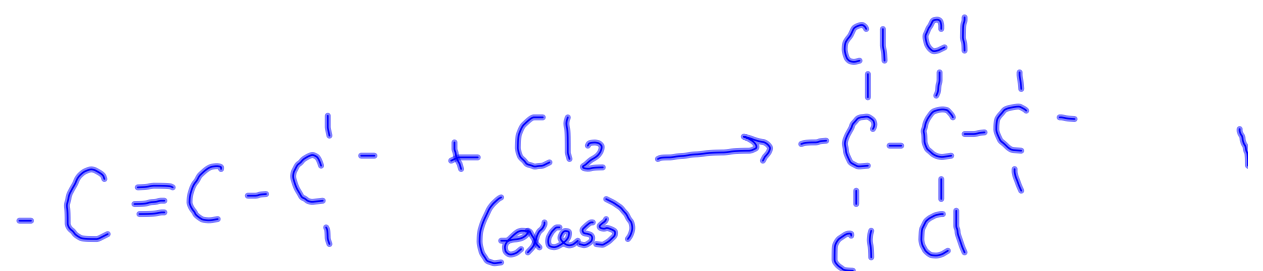
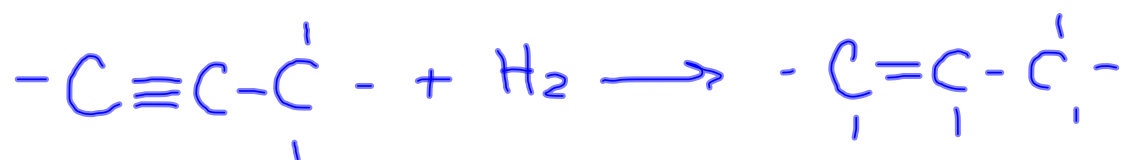
ESTERIFICATION

propanoic acid + 1-butanol \rightarrow water + butyl propanoate



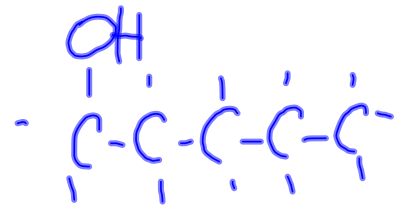
ELIMINATION





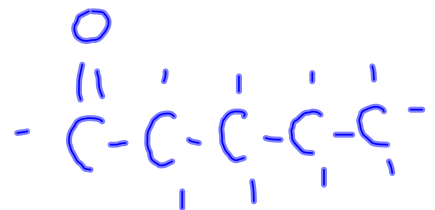
1-pentanol

(-OH)
alcohol



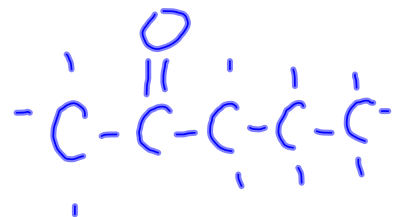
pentanal

aldehyde
(=O)
end

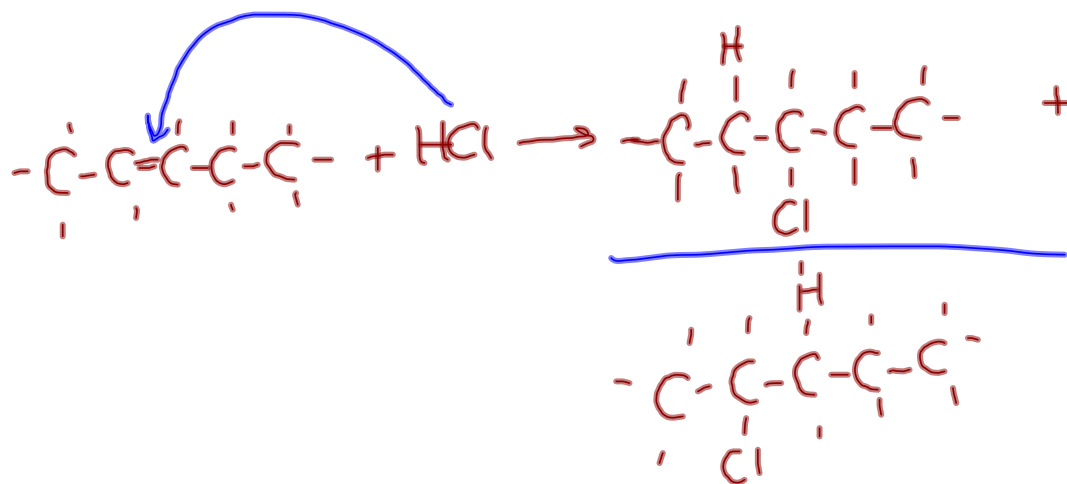


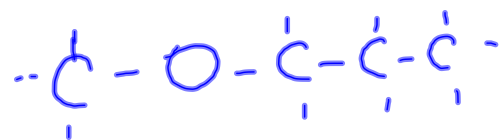
2-pentanone

Ketone
non-terminal

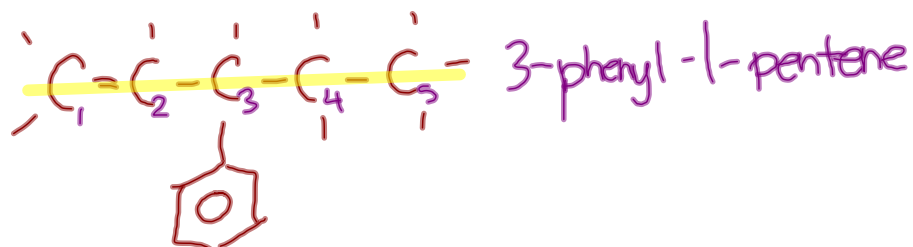
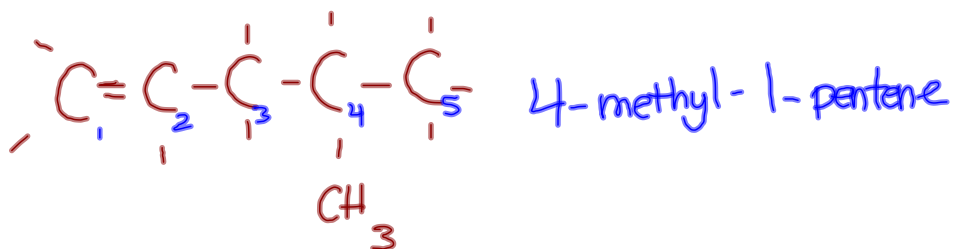


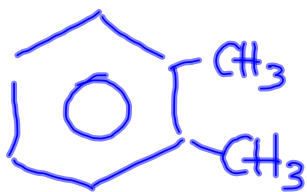
ADDITIONS



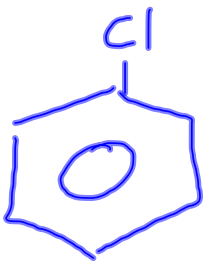


methylpropyl ether

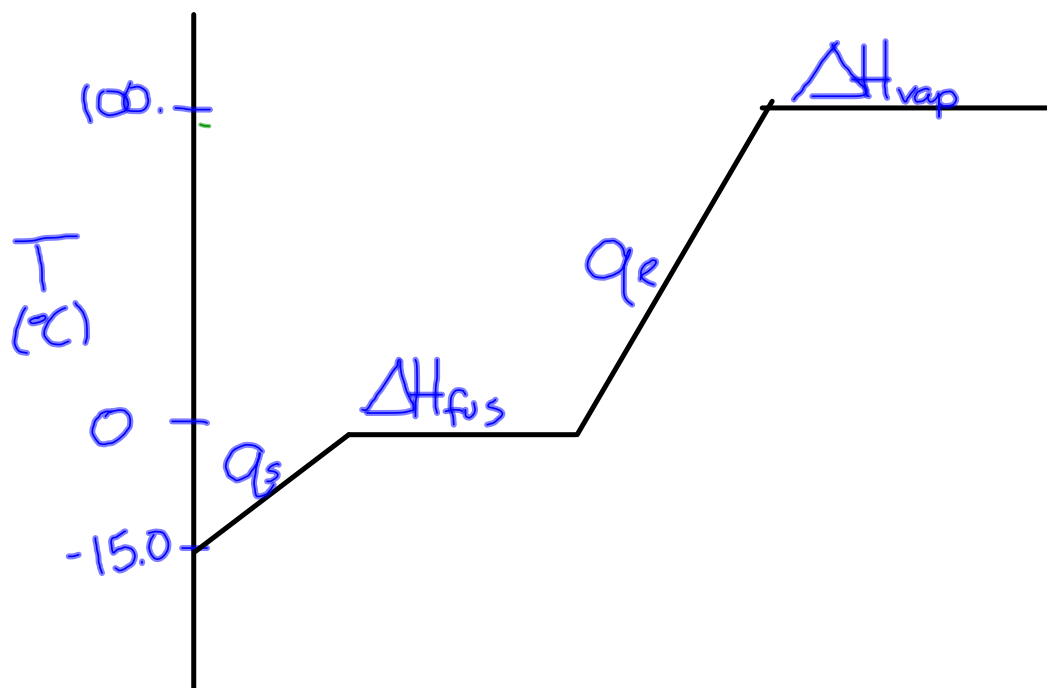




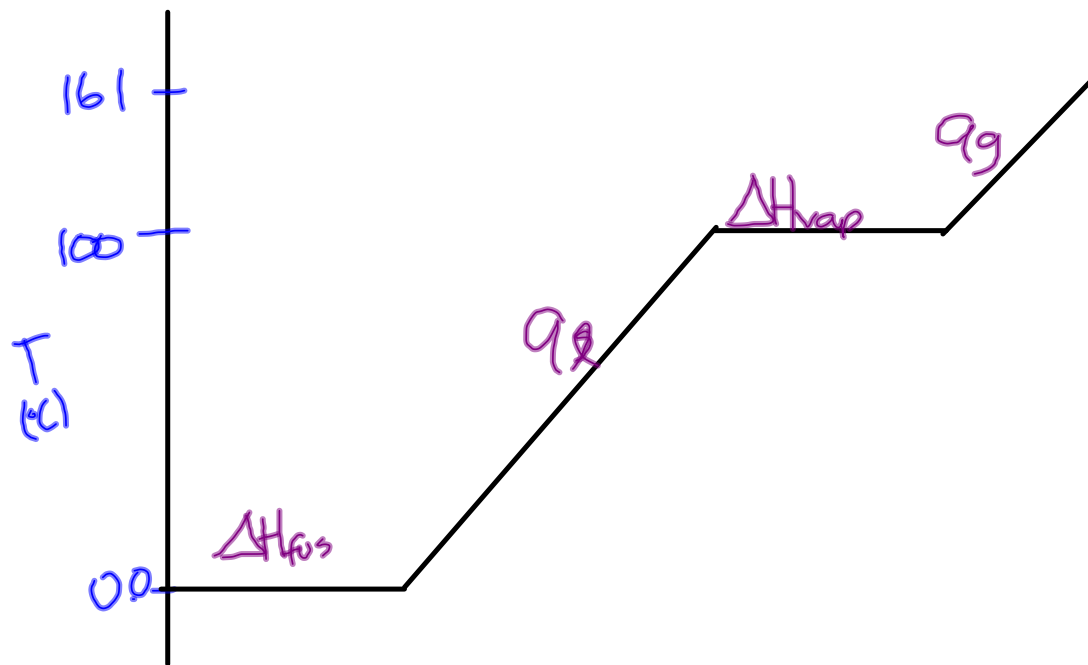
ortho-dimethyl benzene
(1,2)



10.0g ice @ -15.0°C \rightarrow steam $100.^{\circ}\text{C}$



ice @ 0.0°C Steam 161°C



103g
Block of copper @ 97.0°C into 60.0g water @ 18.0°C.

$$T_f = ?$$

$$q = -q$$

$$mC\Delta T = -mC\Delta T$$

$$(103g)(0.385 \frac{J}{g \cdot C})(T_f - 97.0^\circ C) = -(60.0g)(4.19 \frac{J}{g \cdot C})(T_f - 18.0^\circ C)$$

$$23.1T_f - 2240.7 = -251.4T_f + 4525.2$$

$$23.1T_f + 251.4T_f = 2240.7 + 4525.2$$

$$274.5T_f = 6765.9$$

$$T_f = 24.6^\circ C$$

$$3(2)(x-3) = -(4)(1)(x-2)$$

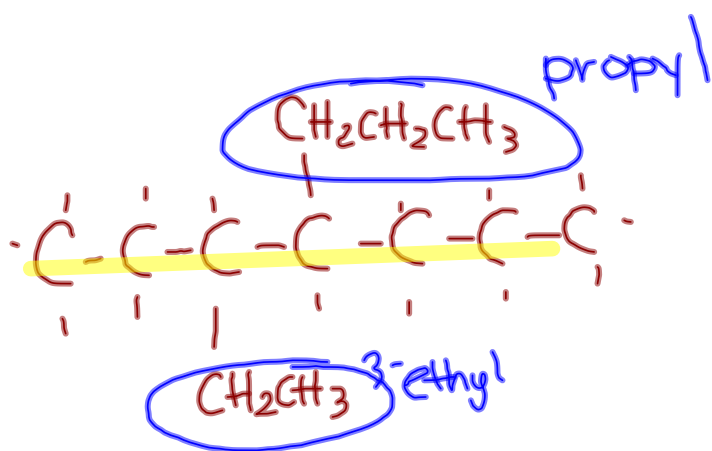
$$6x - 18 = -4x + 8$$

$$6x + 4x = 18 + 8$$

$$10x = 26$$

$$x = \frac{13}{5}$$

$$x = 2.6$$



heptane

3-ethyl-propylheptane



8.50 g of NaCl is added to a simple calorimeter containing 150.mL of water at 21.6°C. The temperature of the water increases to 23.8°C. Determine the molar enthalpy of solution.

$$\Delta H_s = -q$$

$$nH_s = -vC\Delta T$$

$$\left(\frac{8.50\text{g}}{58.44\text{g/mol}}\right) H_s = -(0.150\text{L})(4.19\frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{L}\cdot^\circ\text{C}})(2.2^\circ\text{C})$$

$$H_s = \frac{-(0.150\text{L})(4.19\frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{L}\cdot^\circ\text{C}})(2.2^\circ\text{C})}{\left(\frac{8.50\text{g}}{58.44\text{g/mol}}\right)}$$

$$H_s = -9.51 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{mol}}$$

A 160. g block of copper at 85.0°C is added to a simple calorimeter containing 75.0 g of water at 21.0°C. What is the final temperature of the solution?

$$q_{\text{Cu}} = -q_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$$

$$mC\Delta T = -mC\Delta T$$

$$(160. \text{g}) \left(0.385 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{g}\cdot\text{C}} \right) (T_f - 85.0^\circ\text{C}) = -(75.0 \text{g}) \left(4.19 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{g}\cdot\text{C}} \right) (T_f - 21.0^\circ\text{C})$$

$$61.6 T_f - 5236 = -314.25 T_f + 6599.25$$

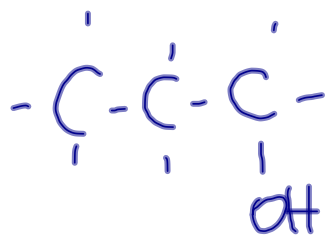
$$61.6 T_f + 314.25 T_f = 6599.25 + 5236$$

$$375.85 T_f = 11835.25$$

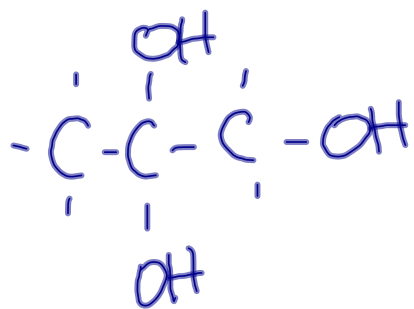
$$T_f = \frac{11835.25}{375.85}$$

$$T_f = 31.5^\circ\text{C}$$

Alcohol - R-OH



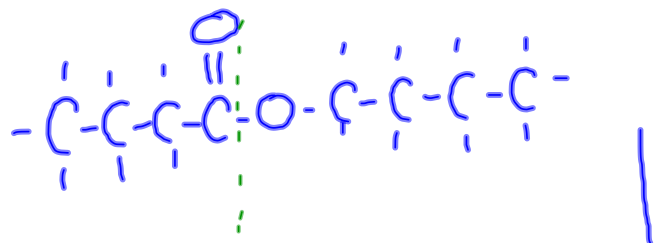
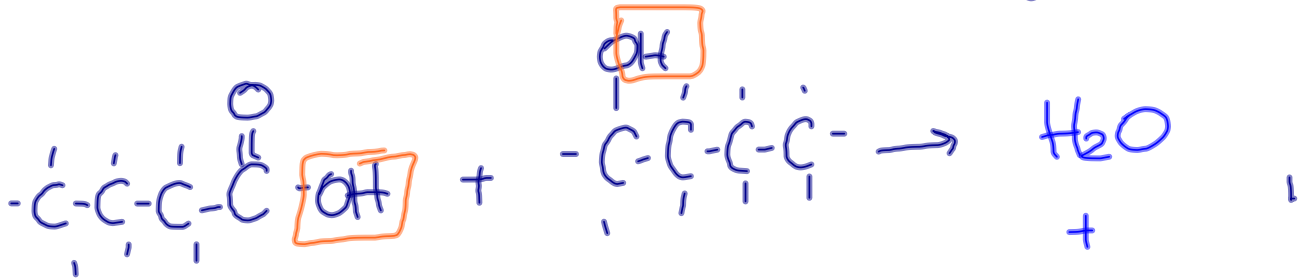
1-propanol

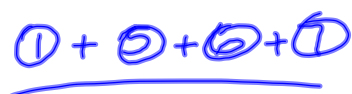
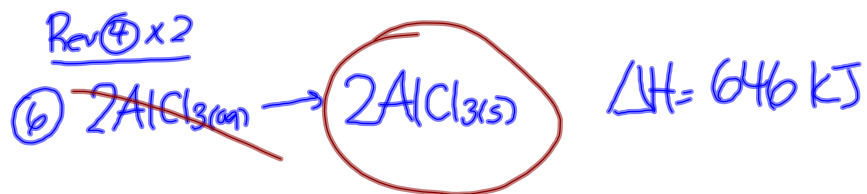
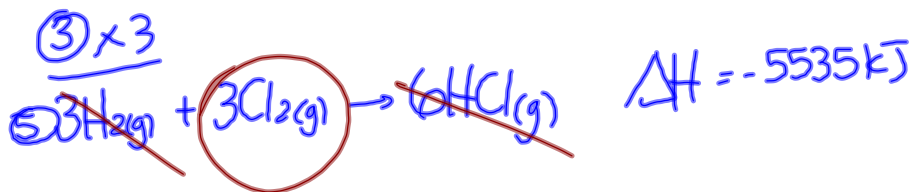
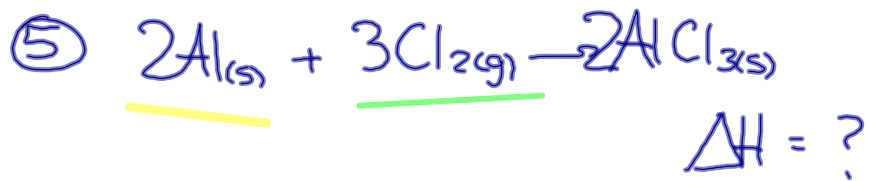


1,2,2-propanetriol

ESTERIFICATION

⑫ butanoic acid + t-butanol → water + butyl butanoate





$$3(2)(x-3) = -(4)(1)(x-2)$$

$$6x - 18 = -4x + 8$$

$$10x = 26$$

$$x = \frac{13}{5}$$