

Questions from the Homework

Quiz Topics

- Two-step Calculations
- Percent Composition
- Empirical and Molecular Formulas

Sample Problems

How many grams are in 9.80×10^{25} molecules of H_2O ?

$$g = ?$$

$$\text{molecules} = 9.80 \times 10^{25}$$

$$9.80 \times 10^{25} \text{ molecules} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ molecules}} \times \frac{18.02 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ mol}} = 2,930 \text{ g}$$

$$\text{H} = 2 \times 1.01 = 2.02$$

$$\text{O} = 1 \times 16.00 = 16.00$$

18.02 g/mol

How many molecules are in 3.40 grams of CO₂?

$m = 3.40\text{g}$
molecules = ?

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{C} = 1 \times 12.01 = 12.01 \\ \text{O} = 2 \times 16.00 = \underline{32.00} \\ \hline 44.01 \end{array}$$

$$3.40\text{g} \times \frac{1\text{mol}}{44\text{dg}} \times \frac{6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ molecules}}{1\text{mol}} = \boxed{4.65 \times 10^{22} \text{ molecules}}$$

How many litres are in 24.0 g of CH₄?

$$g = 24.0 \text{ g}$$

$$L = ?$$

$$C = 1 \times 12.01 = 12.01$$

$$H = 4 \times 1.01 = \frac{4.04}{16.05 \text{ g/mol}}$$

$$16.05 \text{ g/mol}$$

$$24.0 \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{16.05 \text{ g}} \times \frac{22.4 \text{ L}}{1 \text{ mol}} = 33.5 \text{ L}$$

How many kilograms are in 1.08 L of O₂?

Calculate the percent composition of $C_{12}H_{22}O_{11}$.

$$C = 12 \times 12.01 = 144.12$$

$$H = 22 \times 1.01 = 22.22$$

$$O = 11 \times 16.00 = \frac{176.00}{342.34g}$$

$$C = \frac{144.12g}{342.34g} \times 100\% = 42.10\%$$

$$H = \frac{22.22g}{342.34g} \times 100\% = 6.49\%$$

$$O = \frac{176.00g}{342.34g} \times 100\% = \frac{51.41\%}{100\%}$$

A compound is made up of 2.06% H, 32.69% S, and 65.25% O. The molar mass of the compound is 196.16 g/mol. What is the empirical formula and molecular formula for the compound?

assume 100g

2.06g H
32.69g S
65.25g O

$$2.06\text{g} \times \frac{1\text{mol}}{1.01\text{g}} = 2.04\text{mol}$$

$$32.69\text{g} \times \frac{1\text{mol}}{32.06\text{g}} = 1.02\text{mol}$$

$$65.25\text{g} \times \frac{1\text{mol}}{16.00\text{g}} = 4.08\text{mol}$$

H = 2
S = 1
O = 4



molar mass

$$\text{Empirical} = \text{H} - 2 \times 1.01$$

$$= \text{S} - 1 \times 32.06 = 98.08\text{g/mol}$$

$$\text{O} - 4 \times 16.00$$



Quiz - Tomorrow

Section 10.1

- 342.3 g/mol
- a. 208.2 g/mol b. 352.0 g/mol
- a. 158.0 g/mol b. 310.2 g/mol
- 5.85 mol H₂O
- 3.6×10^{23} atoms
- 32.0 g

Section 10.2

- a. 180.2 g/mol c. 96.2 g/mol
b. 84.0 g/mol d. 153.2 g/mol
- a. 1.8×10^3 g
b. 26 g
c. 3.20×10^{-2} g
d. 0.480 g or 4.80×10^{-1} g
e. 1.43×10^2 g
- 1.87×10^2 g
- 204.1 g
- a. 4.9×10^{-3} mol d. 1.98×10^{-5} mol
b. 9.10×10^{-2} mol e. 1.97×10^{-5} mol
c. 1.08×10^{-2} mol
- 5.43 mol
- 15.1 g
- 59.6 L CH₄
- 6.03 mol NH₃

Section 10.3

- Percent C = $\frac{5.34 \text{ g C}}{52.84 \text{ g cpd}} \times 100 = 10.1\% \text{ C}$
Percent H = $\frac{0.42 \text{ g H}}{52.84 \text{ g cpd}} \times 100 = 0.79\% \text{ H}$
Percent Cl = $\frac{47.08 \text{ g Cl}}{52.84 \text{ g cpd}} \times 100 = 89.1\% \text{ Cl}$
- Mass of Cl
= total mass of compound – mass of Sn
= 18.35 g of compound – 5.74 g Sn
= 12.61 g Cl
Percent of Sn = $\frac{5.74 \text{ g Sn}}{18.35 \text{ g cpd}} \times 100$
= 31.3% Sn
Percent of Cl = $\frac{12.61 \text{ g Cl}}{18.35 \text{ g cpd}} \times 100$
= 68.7% Cl
- Percent C = $\frac{3.907 \text{ g C}}{4.781 \text{ g cpd}} \times 100 = 81.7\% \text{ C}$
Percent H = $\frac{0.874 \text{ g H}}{4.781 \text{ g cpd}} \times 100 = 18.3\% \text{ H}$
- Percent C = $\frac{48.0 \text{ g C}}{158.1 \text{ g Ca(C}_2\text{H}_3\text{O}_2)_2} \times 100$
= 30.4% C
Mass C = 30.4% C \times 65.3 g = 19.8 g
- 13.2 g Al
- 15.11 g Fe
- a. CCl₄
b. CHCl₃