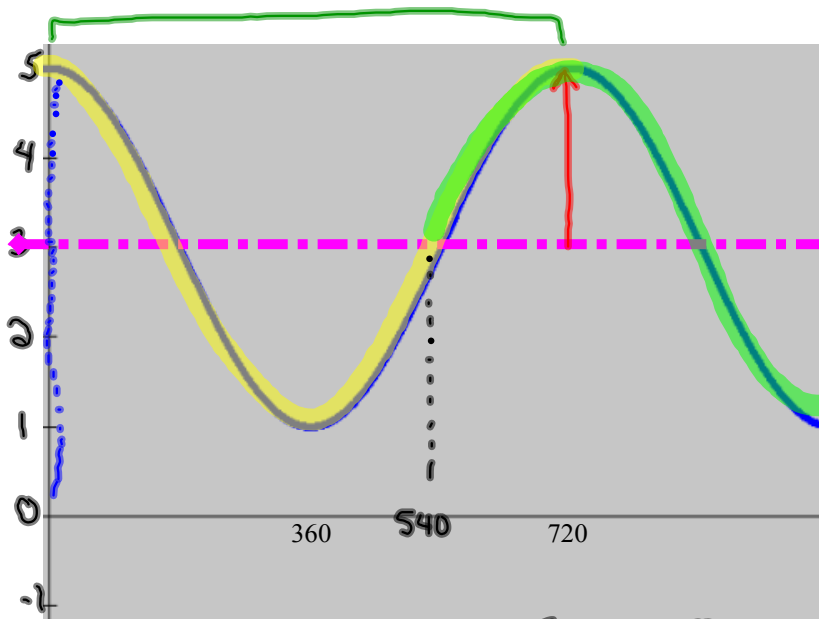


Warm-up



Find:

Local Max: $\frac{5}{1}$

Local Min: $\frac{1}{1}$

Equation of Sinusoidal Axis:

$y = 3$ *

Period: $\frac{720}{1}$

Amplitude: $\frac{2}{1}$

Horizontal Translation (C): $\frac{0}{1}$

Vertical Translation (D): $\frac{3}{1}$ *

$$k = \frac{360}{P} = \frac{360}{720} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Equation of Graph: $y = 2 \cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(x-0)\right] + 3$

$$y = 2 \cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(x)\right] + 3$$

— + sin

$$y = 2 \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(x-540)\right] + 3$$

Questions from Homework

$$\textcircled{1} \text{ h) } 2y + \vartheta = 4\cos(x-90) - 6$$
$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial} = \frac{4\cos(x-90) - 8}{\partial}$$
$$y = \underline{2}\cos(\underline{x-90}) - \underline{4}$$

$$A = \vartheta \quad K = 1 \quad C = 90 \quad D = -4$$

$$P = \frac{360}{1} = 360$$

Equation of Sinusoidal Axis: $y = -4$

$$\textcircled{1} \text{ e) } y = \sin(2x-60)$$
$$y = \sin[\underline{2}(x-30)]$$

$$A = 1 \quad K = 2 \quad C = 30 \quad D = 0$$

$$P = \frac{360}{2} = 180$$

Equations in Standard Form

$$y = A \sin[k(x - C)] + D$$

A = *Amplitude* → influences how tall the sine curve is.

$K = \frac{360}{P}$ → influences how often the pattern repeats.

C = *Horizontal Translation* → Influences how far to the left or the right that the graph will shift.

- If C is positive → Shift Left
- If C is negative → Shift Right

D = *Vertical Translation* → influences how far up and down the graph will shift.

- If D is positive → Shift Up
- If D is negative → Shift Down

In which direction would these graphs be shifted?

$$y = \sin(x) + \underline{\underline{2}}$$

$C=0$ $D=2$

Up

$$y = \sin(x - \underline{\underline{30}})$$

$C=30$ $D=0$

Right

$$y = -\cos(x) - 3$$

$C=0$ $D=-3$

Down

$$y = \cos(x + \underline{\underline{90}})$$

$C=-90$ $D=0$

Left

$$y = 2\cos[3(x + \underline{\underline{45}})] + 4$$

$C=-45$ $D=4$

Left + Up

Sketching Sinusoidal Functions using Mapping

Development of a standard form for sinusoidal functions...

Standard Form $\longrightarrow y = A \sin[k(x - C)] + D$

1. Reflection: If $A < 0$ the graph will be reflected in the x -axis.
2. Amplitude: The amplitude of the graph will be equal to $|A|$. (positive)
3. Period: The period of the graph will be equal to $\frac{360^\circ}{k}$
4. Horizontal Phase Shift: The graph will shift " C " units to the left.
5. Vertical Translation: The graph will shift " D " units up.

Mapping Notation: $(x, y) \rightarrow \left(\frac{x}{k} + C, Ay + D \right)$

Using Mapping to Graph!

$$y = -2 \sin[3(x + 30^\circ)] - 2 \quad (x, y) \rightarrow \left(\frac{x}{k} + C, Ay + D \right)$$

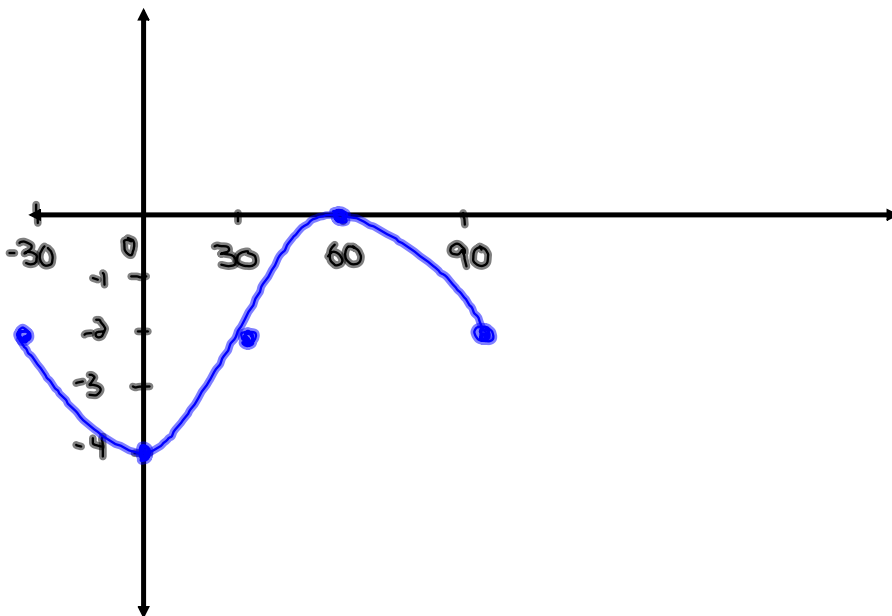
$$A = 2 \quad k = 3 \quad C = -30^\circ \quad D = -2 \quad P = \frac{360}{3} = 120$$

$$y = -\sin x$$

x	y
0	0
90	-1
180	0
270	1
360	0

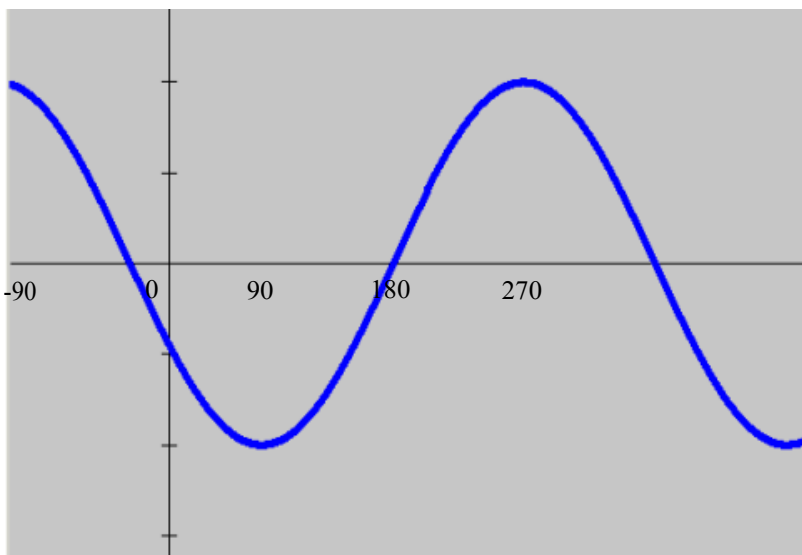
New points after mapping

x	y
-30	-2
0	-4
30	-2
60	0
90	-2



Homework

What does Horizontal Translation look like?



Find:

Local Max: _____

Local Min: _____

Equation of Sinusoidal Axis:

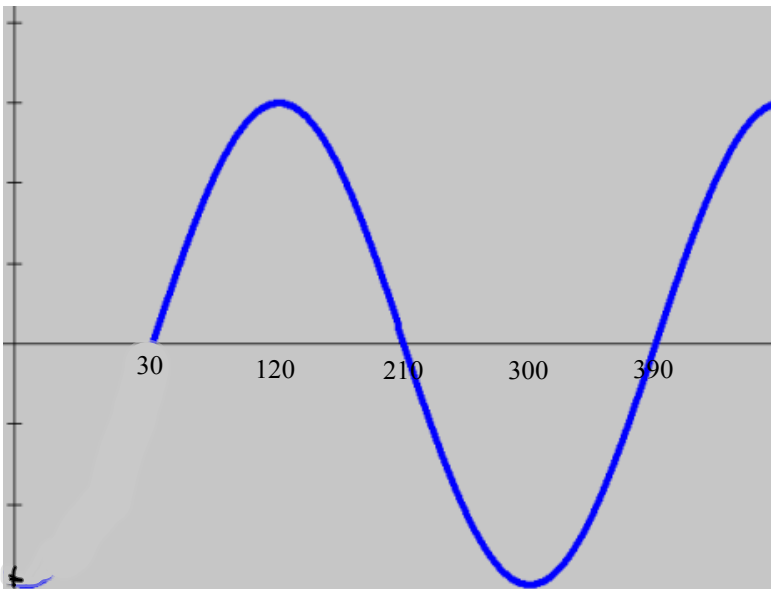
Period: _____

Amplitude: _____

Horizontal Translation (C): _____

Vertical Translation (D): _____

Equation of Graph: _____



Find:

Local Max: _____

Local Min: _____

Equation of Sinusoidal Axis:

Period: _____

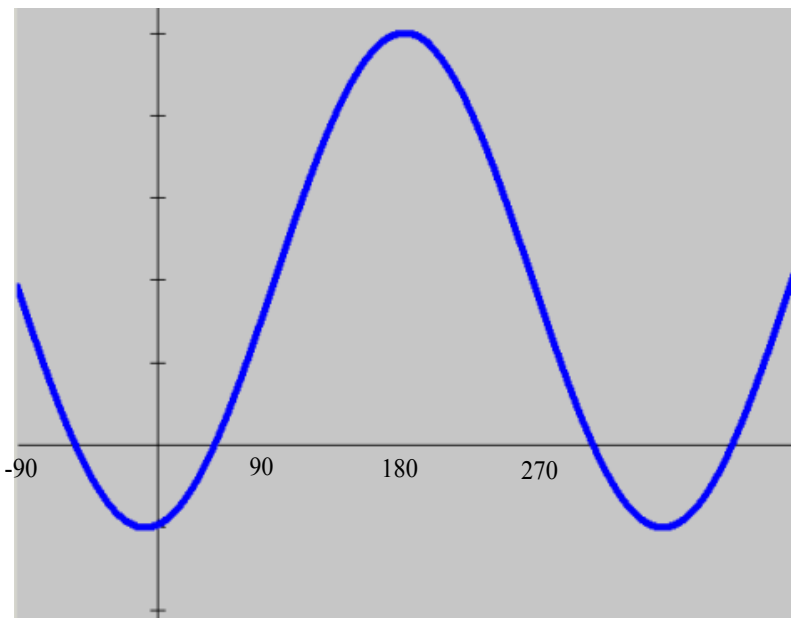
Amplitude: _____

Horizontal Translation (C): _____

Vertical Translation (D): _____

Equation of Graph: _____

A little "C" and "D"



Find:

Local Max: _____

Local Min: _____

Equation of Sinusoidal Axis:

Period: _____

Amplitude: _____

Horizontal Translation (C): _____

Vertical Translation (D): _____

Equation of Graph: _____