

# Warm up

Which of the following is the inverse of the matrix  $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & -3 \\ 2 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$ ?

[A]  $\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 3 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$

[B]  $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$

[C]  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -\frac{3}{2} \\ 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$

[D]  $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{7} & -\frac{3}{14} \\ \frac{1}{7} & -\frac{2}{7} \end{pmatrix}$

$y = mx + b$

Which system of equations would you use to represent the cost of these two newspaper classified rates?

$C = 0.2w + 18$   
 $C = 0.1w + 25$

- The "Daily Gleaner" has a flat rate of \$18 plus 20¢ per word
  - The "Times-Transcript" has a flat rate of \$25 plus 10¢ per word
- (A)  $C - 18 = 20w$   
 $C - 25 = 10w$
- (B)  $18 + C = 20w$   
 $25 + C = 10w$
- (C)  $C = 0.2w + 18$   
 $C = 0.1w + 25$
- (D)  $C - 18w = 0.2$   
 $C - 25w = 0.1$

①  $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & -3 \\ 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

① Det =  $ad - bc$   
 $= (4)(-2) - (-3)(2)$   
 $= -8 - (-6)$   
 $= -2$

② New Matrix:  
 $\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3 \\ -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

③ Inverse =  $\frac{1}{\text{Det}} \begin{bmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{bmatrix}$   
 Inverse =  $-\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3 \\ -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

[A]<sup>-1</sup>  
 $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1.5 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$   
 Ans \* Frac  
 $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3/2 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

Inverse =  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3/2 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

**BONUS!!**

Determine  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  so that the points  $(-1, 5)$ ,  $(2, -1)$ , and  $(3, 13)$  are on the graph of  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ .

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

$$(-1, 5)$$

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

$$5 = a(-1)^2 + b(-1) + c$$

$$5 = a - b + c$$

$$a - b + c = 5$$

$$(2, -1)$$

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

$$-1 = a(2)^2 + b(2) + c$$

$$-1 = 4a + 2b + c$$

$$4a + 2b + c = -1$$

$$(3, 13)$$

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

$$13 = a(3)^2 + b(3) + c$$

$$13 = 9a + 3b + c$$

$$9a + 3b + c = 13$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 & 5 \\ 4 & 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 9 & 3 & 1 & 13 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow$$

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rref([A])
[[1 0 0 4]
 [0 1 0 -6]
 [0 0 1 -5]]
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$$a = 4$$

$$b = -6$$

$$c = -5$$

# Questions from Homework

⑤ b)  $2x - 3y + z = -9$   
 $2x - 4y + 3z = -16$   
 $4x + y - 3z = 13$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -3 & 1 & -9 \\ 2 & -4 & 3 & -16 \\ 4 & 1 & -3 & 13 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} R_2 - R_1 \\ R_3 - 2R_1 \end{array} \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -3 & 1 & -9 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 & -7 \\ 0 & 7 & -5 & 31 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} R_3 + 7R_2 \end{array} \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -3 & 1 & -9 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 & -7 \\ 0 & 0 & 9 & -18 \end{array} \right]$$

$9z = -18$   
 $z = -2$

$-y + 2z = -7$   
 $-y + 2(-2) = -7$   
 $-y - 4 = -7$   
 $-y = -3$   
 $y = 3$

$2x - 3y + z = -9$   
 $2x - 3(3) + (-2) = -9$   
 $2x - 9 - 2 = -9$   
 $2x - 11 = -9$   
 $2x = 2$   
 $x = 1$

(1, -2, 3)

④ b)  $\left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 12 & 10 & 1 & 0 \\ 7 & 6 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} 3R_1 - 5R_2 \\ 12R_2 - 7R_1 \end{array}$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 0 & 3 & -5 \\ 0 & 2 & -7 & 12 \end{array} \right] R_2 \div 2$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 0 & 3 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & -7/2 & 6 \end{array} \right] \leftarrow \text{Inverse}$$

## Questions from Homework

$$\textcircled{5} \text{ c) } \begin{aligned} 3x - 2y + 5z &= 1 \\ 4x + 5y - 3z &= 17 \\ 7x - 3y + 2z &= 36 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & -2 & 5 & 1 \\ 4 & 5 & -3 & 17 \\ 7 & -3 & 2 & 36 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} 3R_2 - 4R_1 \\ 3R_3 - 7R_1 \end{array} \rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & -2 & 5 & 1 \\ 0 & 23 & -29 & 47 \\ 0 & 5 & -29 & 101 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} 23R_3 - 5R_2 \end{array}$$

$$-522z = 2088$$

$$\boxed{z = -4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 23y - 29z &= 47 \\ 23y - 29(-4) &= 47 \\ 23y + 116 &= 47 \\ 23y &= -69 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{y = -3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3x - 2y + 5z &= 1 \\ 3x - 2(-3) + 5(-4) &= 1 \\ 3x + 6 - 20 &= 1 \\ 3x - 14 &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3x &= 15 \\ \boxed{x = 5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{\underline{(5, -3, -4)}}$$

# Review Sheet

$$\textcircled{1} \begin{bmatrix} 2x+y & 5 \\ -1 & y-x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 5 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2x+y = -2 \\ y-x = 1 \end{array} \quad \rightarrow \quad \begin{array}{r} 2x+y = -2 \\ -x+y = 1 \\ \hline 3x = -3 \\ \boxed{x = -1} \end{array} \quad \rightarrow \quad \begin{array}{l} 2x+y = -2 \\ 2(-1)+y = -2 \\ -2+y = -2 \\ \boxed{y = 0} \end{array}$$