Questions from Homework

Related Rates

In a related rates problem, we are given the rate of change of one quantity and we are to find the rate of change of a related quantity. To do this, we find an equation that relates the two quantities and use the *Chain Rule* to differentiate both sides of the equation *with respect to time*.

Related Rates

- 1. Draw a diagram
- 2. List what is given in differentiation notation $\frac{da}{dt}$, $\frac{dv}{dt}$, etc.
- 3. List what is to be found in differentiation notation.
- 4. Find an appropriate equation that relates the variables in steps 2 and 3.
- 5. Differentiate with respect to time.
- 6. Substitute the values given and solve for the unknown.

Areas and Volumes

The length of a square is 4m and is increasing at a rate of 1.25m/min. How fast is the *area* of the square increasing?

Hint!

write down what is given

find an equation that relates the two quantities

The area of the square is increasing at a rate 10m²/min.

Suppose you tossed a stone into a lake. A circular ripple starts and moves outward with its radius increasing at a rate of 5cm/sec. How fast is the *area* of the circle increasing after 3 seconds? (Hint: what would the radius be at 3 seconds?)

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = 5 \text{cm/sec}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 7$$

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$$t = 3 \text{s}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 3\pi (5)(5)$$

$$4 = 3\pi (5)(5)$$

The area of the circle is increasing at a rate of 150TT cm²/sec.

Volumes/Surface Areas of Spheres

A spherical snowball is melting in such a way that its volume is decreasing at a rate of 1 cm³/min. At what rate is the radius of the snowball decreasing if the original radius is 5 cm?

Hint! write down what is given find an equation that relates the two quantities

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^{3}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 4\pi r^{3}\frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$-1 = 4\pi (5)\frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$-1 = 100\pi \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{dr}{dt}$$

The radius is decreasing at a rate of 0.00318 cm/min.

A beach ball is being inflated so that its surface area is *increasing* at a rate of 100 cm²/sec. Find the rate at which the radius is increasing if the original radius is 2 cm?

$$A = 4\pi r^{2}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 8\pi r \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$100 = 8\pi (3) \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$100 = 16\pi \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{100}{16\pi} = \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$1.989 \text{ cm/sec} = \frac{dr}{dt}$$

The radius is increasing at a rate of 1.989 cm/sec.

Homework