

Warm Up

Ex. A compound is composed of 20.4% Si, 51.4% Cl and 28.2% F. Determine the empirical formula.

$$20.4\text{g Si} \times \frac{1\text{ mol Si}}{28.09\text{ g Si}} = \frac{0.7262\text{ mol Si}}{0.7262\text{ mol}} = 1$$

$$51.4\text{g Cl} \times \frac{1\text{ mol Cl}}{35.45\text{g Cl}} = \frac{1.4499\text{ mol Cl}}{0.7262\text{ mol}} = 2$$

$$28.2\text{g F} \times \frac{1\text{ mol F}}{19.00\text{g F}} = \frac{1.4842\text{ mol F}}{0.7262\text{ mol}} = 2$$



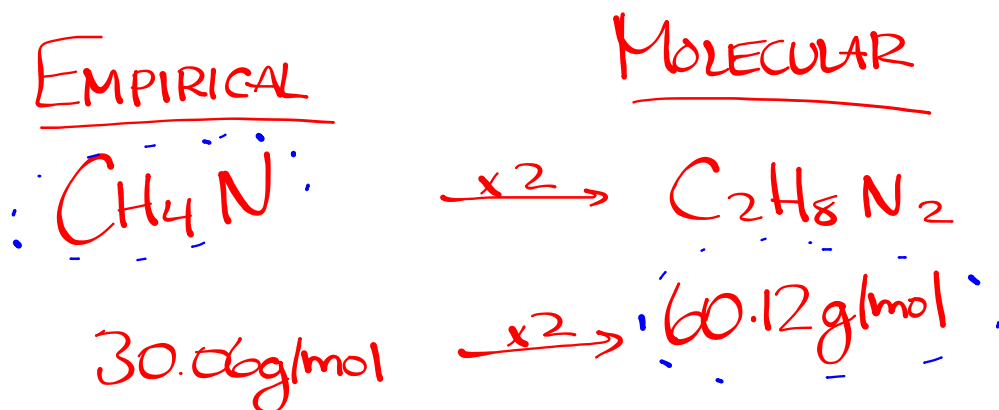
Homework #31-37

Molecular Formulas

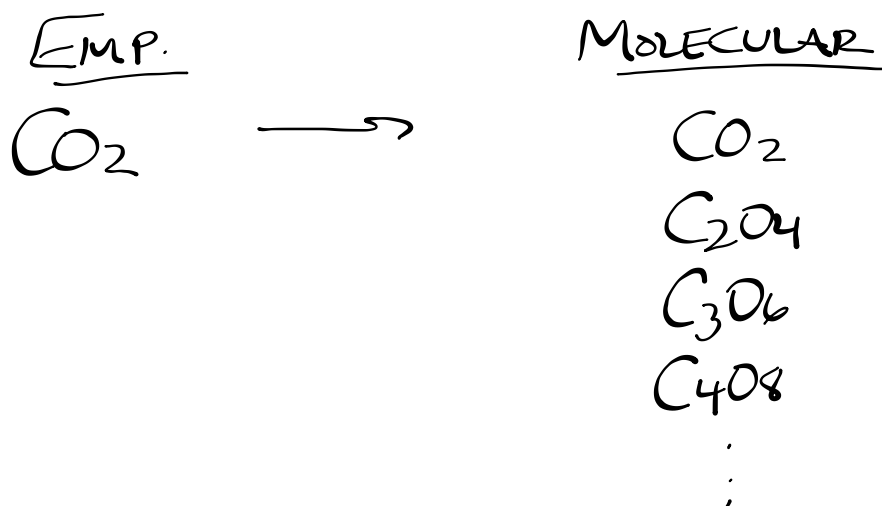
The molecular is the same as the empirical formula of a compound or is a simple whole-number multiple of the empirical formula.

Determining the Molecular Formula of a Compound

Ex. Calculate the molecular formula of a compound whose molar mass is 60.12 g/mol and empirical formula is CH_4N .



$$\text{CH}_4\text{N} \rightarrow (1 \times 12.01) + (4 \times 1.01) + (1 \times 14.01) = 30.06 \text{ g/mol}$$



Ex. A compound is composed of 29.4% Ca, 23.6% S and 47.0% O. The molecular molar mass of the compound is 408.42 g/mol. Determine the molecular formula.

$$29.4\text{g Ca} \times \frac{1\text{mol Ca}}{40.08\text{g Ca}} = \frac{0.7335\text{mol Ca}}{0.7335\text{mol}} = 1$$

$$23.6\text{g S} \times \frac{1\text{mol S}}{32.06\text{g S}} = \frac{0.7361\text{mol S}}{0.7335\text{mol}} = 1$$

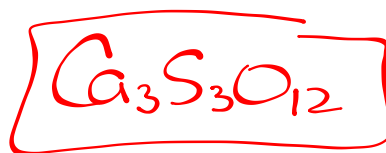
$$47.0\text{g O} \times \frac{1\text{mol O}}{16.00\text{g O}} = \frac{2.9375\text{mol O}}{0.7335\text{mol}} = 4$$

EMPIRICAL



$\xrightarrow{\times 3}$

MOLECULAR



$$136.14\text{g/mol} \xrightarrow{\times 3} 408.42\text{g/mol}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CaSO}_4 &\rightarrow (1 \times 40.08) + (1 \times 32.06) + (4 \times 16.00) \\ &= 136.14\text{g/mol} \end{aligned}$$

Homework

p. 312 #38-46