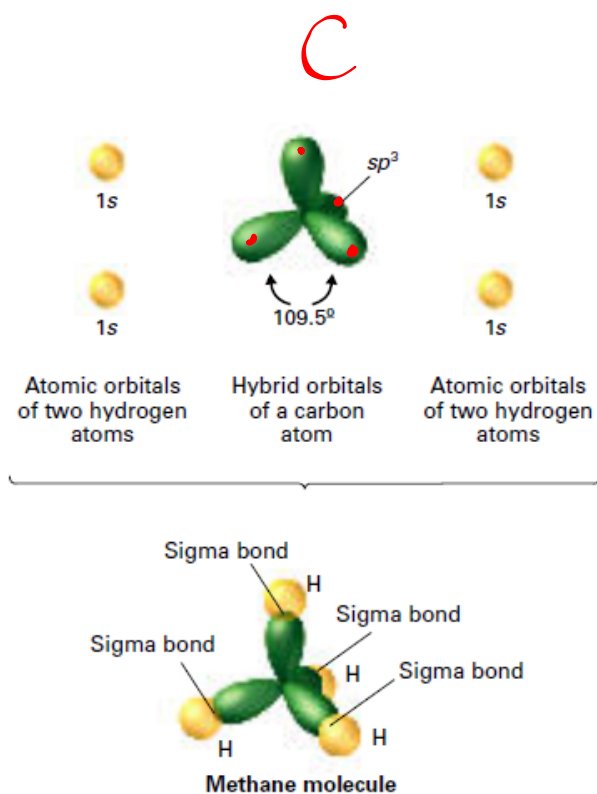


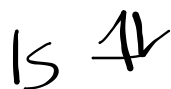
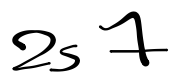
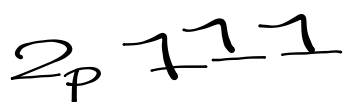
Hybridization Involving Single Bonds

In **hybridization**, atomic orbitals mix to form the same total number of equivalent hybrid orbitals.

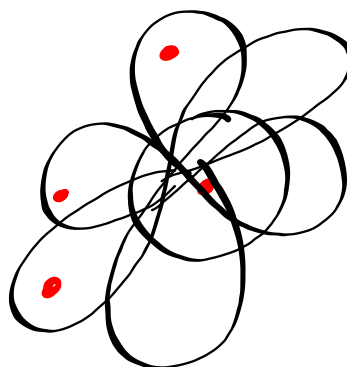
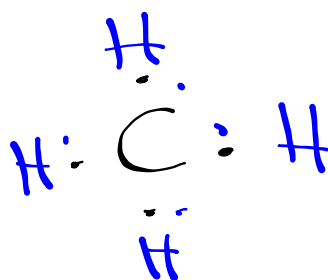
Ex. CH_4

The one $2s$ orbital and three $2p$ orbitals of a carbon atom mix to form four sp^3 hybrid orbitals.

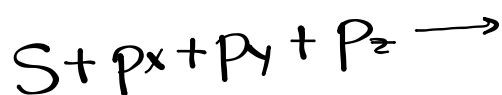




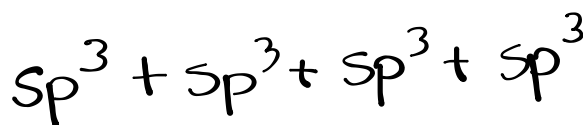
C



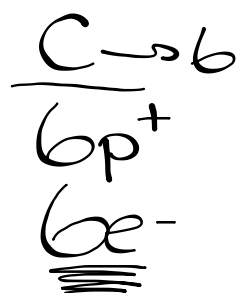
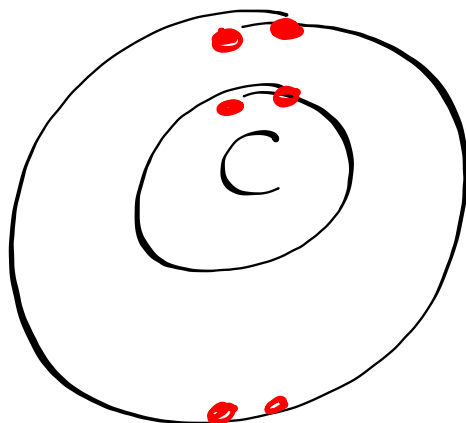
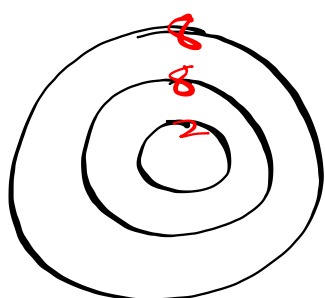
A.O.



M.O.

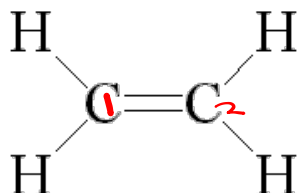


4σ



Hybridization Involving Double Bonds

Ex. C_2H_4

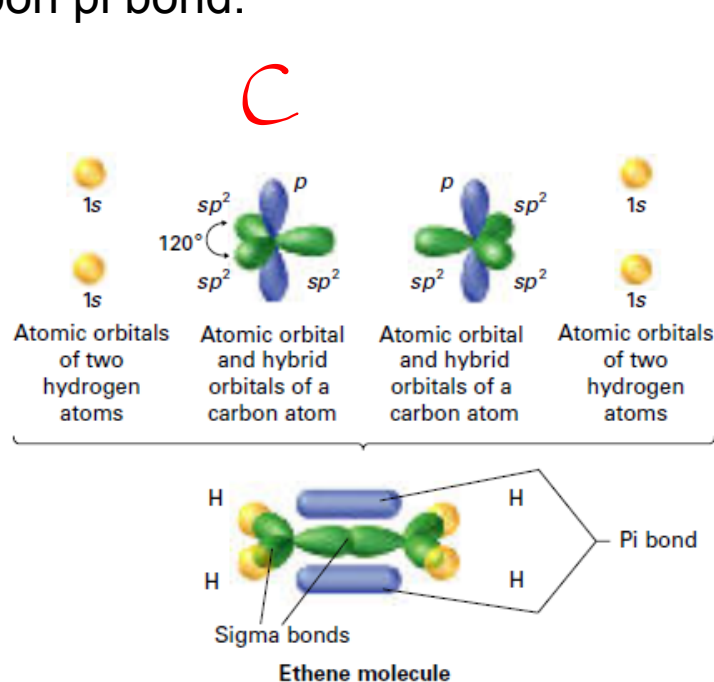


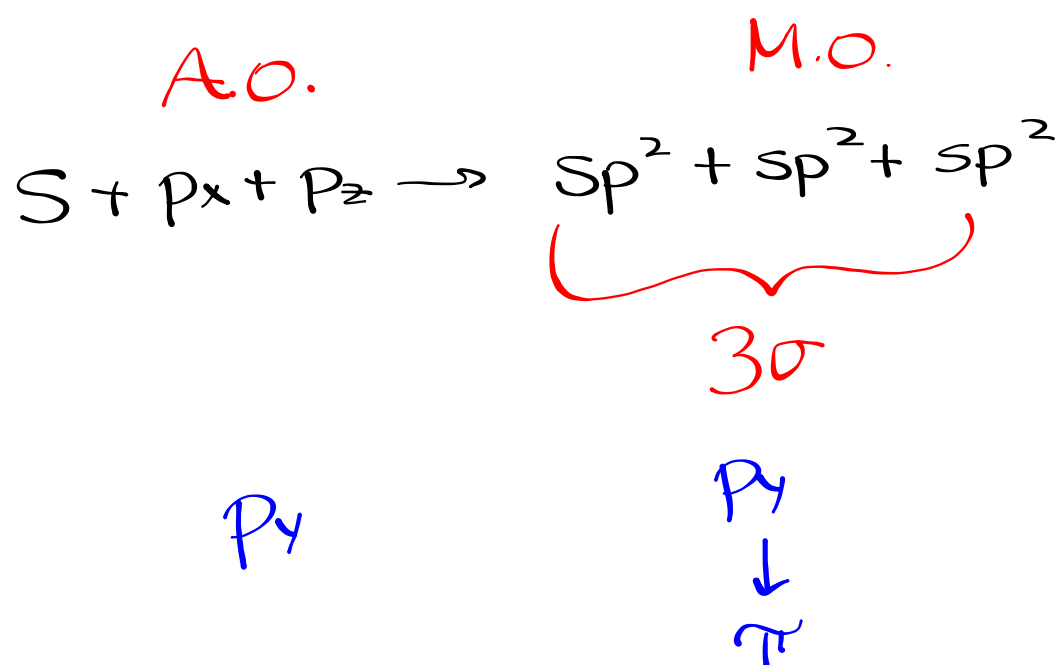
The one $2s$ orbital and two $2p$ orbitals of each carbon atom mix to form three sp^2 hybrid orbitals.

Two of the sp^2 orbitals overlap with the $1s$ hydrogen orbital to form carbon-hydrogen sigma bonds.

The third sp^2 orbital overlaps with an sp^2 orbital from the other carbon to form a carbon-carbon sigma bond.

The non-bonding $2p$ orbitals overlap side-by-side to form a carbon-carbon pi bond.





Hybridization Involving Triple Bonds

Ex. C_2H_2

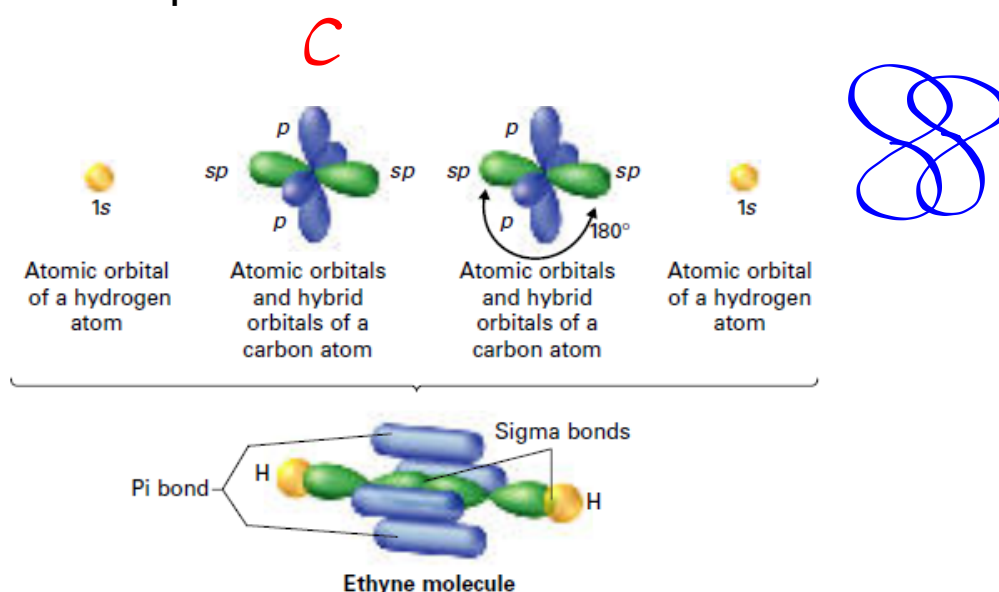


The one $2s$ orbital and one $2p$ orbitals of each carbon atom mix to form two sp hybrid orbitals for each carbon.

One of the sp orbitals overlap with the $1s$ hydrogen orbital to form carbon-hydrogen sigma bonds.

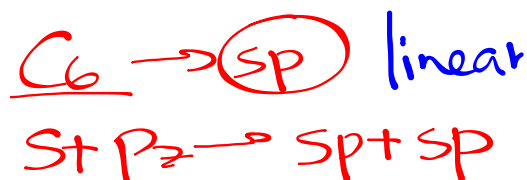
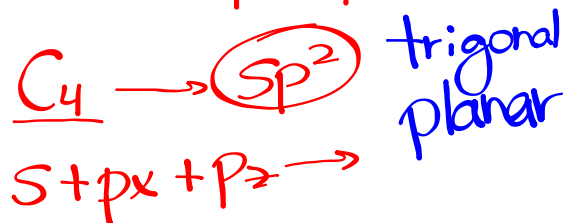
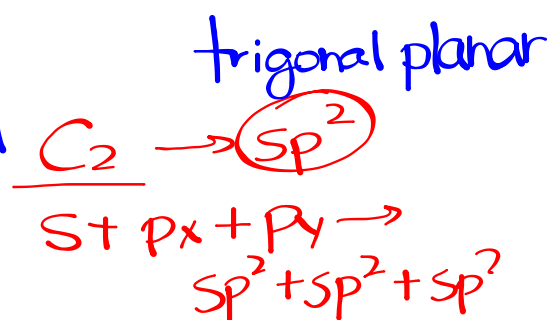
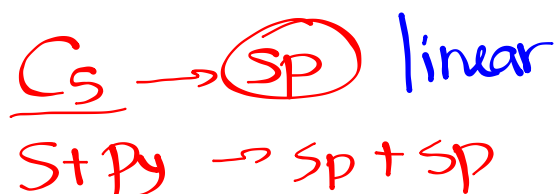
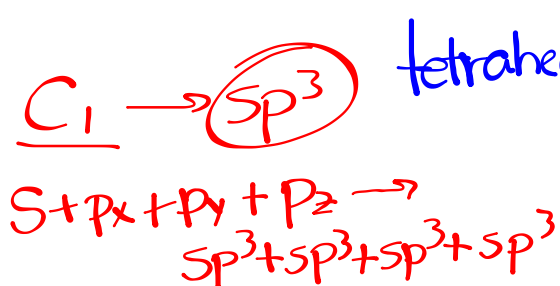
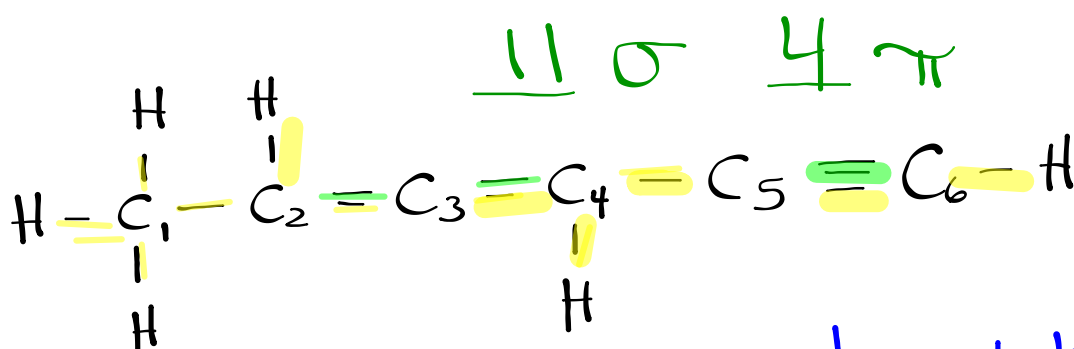
The second sp orbital overlaps with the sp orbital from the other carbon to form a carbon-carbon sigma bond.

The non-bonding $2p$ orbitals overlap side-by-side to form two carbon-carbon pi bonds.





Determine the type of hybrid orbitals used for each of the following carbons atoms.



Homework

p. 236 #23-29