

Answers Exam Day Review 1: Cell Theory and Function

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|---|---------------------------------|
| 1. spontaneous generation; abiogenesis | 16. compound light |
| 2. Redi;flies | 17. electron |
| 3. Needham;the right conditions | 18. TEM;SEM |
| 4. Spallanzani;incorrect | 19. nucleus |
| 5. Pasteur | 20. DNA |
| 6. control | 21. nucleolus |
| 7. manipulated;responding;constant | 22. cell wall; membrane |
| 8. Hooke | 23. Ribosomes |
| 9. Leeuwenhoek | 24. ER; RER;SER |
| 10. Schwann | 25. Golgi apparatus |
| 11. Schleiden | 26. Lysosomes |
| 12. Virchow | 27. vacuoles |
| 13. Cell theory;cells; structure;function; existing | 28. mitochondria |
| 14. prokaryotic | 29. chloroplasts |
| 15. eukaryotic | 30. cytoskeleton |
| | 31. microtubules;microfilaments |
| | 32. centrioles |

Cell Boundaries (Page 182-189) Day 2

1. cell membrane
2. lipid bilayer
3. proteins
4. carbohydrates
5. fluid mosaic model
6. Cell walls
7. solutes
8. solvents
9. diffusion
10. equilibrium
11. semipermeable
12. osmosis
13. isotonic
14. hypertonic
15. hypotonic
16. passive transport
17. active transport
18. endocytosis
19. phagocytosis
20. pinocytosis
21. exocytosis
22. photosynthesis
23. glycolysis
24. cellular respiration
25. Refer to page 222 for cellular respiration equation
Refer to page 206 for photosynthesis equation

Exam Review: Classification, Bacteria, Protists, Fungi

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| 1. classification | 24. endospore |
| 2. taxonomy | 25. viruses |
| 3. Aristotle | 26. reproduce; infecting |
| 4. Linnaeus; binomial nomenclature | 27. viruses |
| 5. Kingdom, phylum, class, order, family, genus, species | 28. living; cells; not alive |
| 6. species | 29. protists |
| 7. plants; animals | 30. unicellular |
| 8. Protista | 31. Protozoans |
| 9. Fungi | 32. Algae |
| 10. Monera | 33. slime molds and water molds |
| 11. Eubacteria; Archaeabacteria | 34. zooflagellates; sarcodines; ciliates; |
| 12. Eukarya; Bacteria; Archaea | sporozoans |
| 13. type; wall; energy | 35. pseudopods |
| 14. toxin | 36. contractile |
| 15. bacilli; cocci; spirilla | 37. algae |
| 16. gram | 38. Euglena; chloroplasts |
| 17. positive | 39. fungus-like |
| 18. negative | 40. eukaryotic; chitin |
| 19. flagella; cilia | 41. absorb |
| 20. heterotroph | 42. hyphae; |
| 21. autotrophs | 43. mycelium |
| 22. binary fission | 44. fruiting body |
| 23. conjugation | 45. fairy rings |
| | 46. sexually; asexually |
| | 47. hyphae; spores |
| | 48. mating; hyphae |
| | 49. everywhere |
| | 50. Fungi; temperature; moisture and food |
| | 51. wind; animals |

Exam Review Day 4 Plants

- 1. cellulose
- 2. chlorophyll
- 3. mosses
- 4. 90%
- 5. angiosperms
- 6. Bryophytes\Non vascular plants
- 7. low temperatures
- 8. rhizoids
- 9. liverworts\asexually
- 10. hornworts
- 11. vascular tissue
- 12. xylem
- 13. pholem
- 14. lignin
- 15. horsetails
- 16. roots
- 17. leaves
- 18. veins
- 19. stems
- 20. common club moss
- 21. horsetails
- 22. Ferns; rhizomes; fronds
- 23. wet
- 24. gymnosperms; angiosperms
- 25. Gymnosperms
- 26. Angiosperms
- 27. cone
- 28. flower
- 29. pollen grain
- 30. insects
- 31. seed
- 32. embryo
- 33. conifers
- 34. spruces
- 35. habitats;needles
- 36. seed coat
- 37. monocots;dicots
- 38. sepals
- 39. petals
- 40. anther; filament; stamens
- 41. filament
- 42. anther
- 43. carpels
- 44. ovary
- 45. style
- 46. stigma

Exam Review Day 5 Animals

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|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. multi-cellular | 19. Sponges | 37. Cnidarians | 54. hermaphrodites |
| 2. invertebrates; vertebrates | 20. sessile | 38. cnidocytes | 55. sexual |
| 3. respiration; reproduction | 21. no mouth | 39. nematocysts | 56. asexual |
| 4. zygote | 22. asymmetrical | 40. corals | 57. pseudocoelom |
| 5. blastula | 23. central | 41. radially | and anus |
| 6. blastapore | 24. Choanocytes | 42. Polyp; Medusa | 58. parasitic |
| 7. There is no answer | 25. ostia | 43. Gastrovascular; mouth | 59. diffusion |
| 8. protostome | 26. Osculum | 44. Extracellular | 60. ganglia |
| 9. deuterostome | 27. respiration | 45. their body walls | 61. internal fertilization |
| 10. three | 28. spicules | 46. nerve net | 62. setae |
| 11. Endoderm | 29. archaeocytes | 47. hydrostatic skeleton | 63. coelom |
| 12. Mesoderm | 30. filter-feeders | 48. budding; eggs | 64. pharynx; esophagus |
| 13. Ectoderm | 31. digestion | 49. Flatworms, Roundworms, Segmented | crop; gizzard |
| 14. symmetry | 32. oxygen; carbon dioxide | 50. acelomates, cephalization | 65. closed circulatory system |
| 15. Radial symmetry | 33. sexual | 51. pharynx | 66. Clitella; cocoon |
| 16. Bilateral symmetry | 34. larva | 52. diffusion; flame cells | 67. hookworm |
| 17. Cephalization | 35. motile | 53. ganglia; eyespots | |
| 18. body cavity | 36. budding; producing gemmules | | |

Don't forget to look at notes on Echinoderms, Mollusks, Arthropods, and Chordates.

Good luck studying!!!

Pd 2- Write Tuesday at 12:15 in Mr. Carter's.

Pd4- Write Wednesday at 12:15 in Mrs. McIntyre's