

Organic Chemistry

Major Topics

- Drawing / Naming Compounds



- Isomers



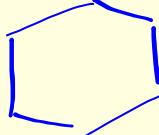
- Reactions



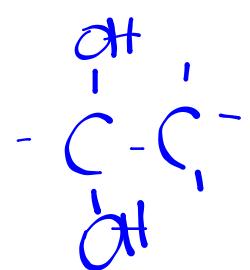
You Should Know...

- General formulas of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, and cyclic compounds
- Aromatic compounds
- Pi bonds
- Characteristics of organic compounds

Families of Organic Compounds (p.294)

Alkanes	ethane	$\begin{array}{c} \\ -C-C- \\ \end{array}$
Alkenes	ethene	$\begin{array}{c} \\ -C=C- \\ \end{array}$
Alkynes	ethyne	$\begin{array}{c} \\ -C\equiv C- \\ \end{array}$
Aromatics and Cyclic Compounds	cyclohexane	
Organic Halides	chloroethane	$\begin{array}{c} Cl \\ \\ -C-C- \\ \end{array}$
Alcohols	ethanol	$\begin{array}{c} \\ -C-C-OH \\ \end{array}$
Carboxylic Acids	ethanoic acid	$\begin{array}{c} \\ -C-C-OH \\ \\ O \end{array}$
Aldehydes	ethanal	$\begin{array}{c} \\ -C-C=O \\ \end{array}$
Ketones	propanone	$\begin{array}{c} \\ -C=O-C \\ \end{array}$
Esters	methyl ethanooate	$\begin{array}{c} \\ -C-C-O-C \\ \\ O \end{array}$

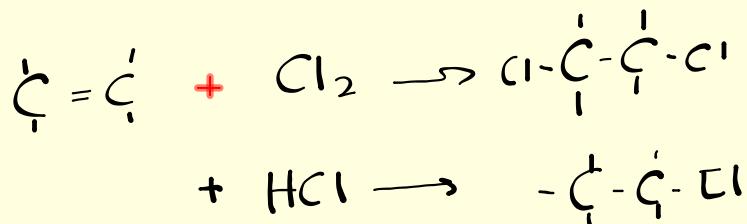
1,1-ethanediol



Reactions

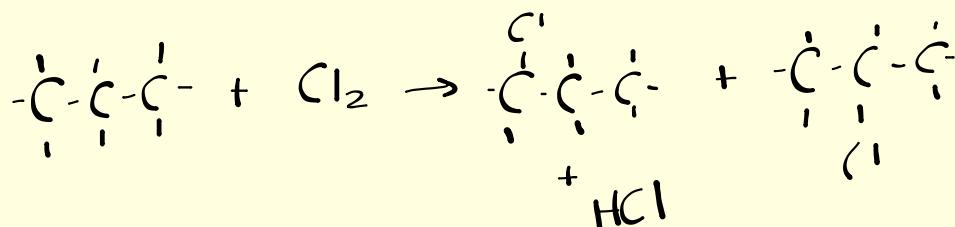
Addition

alkene/alkyne + H₂ or HX or X₂



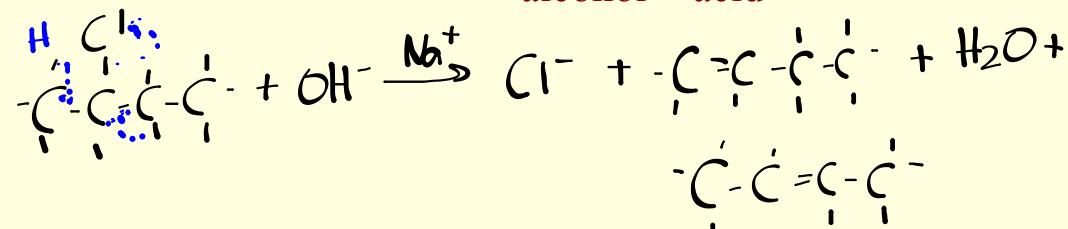
Substitution

alkane/aromatic + halogen



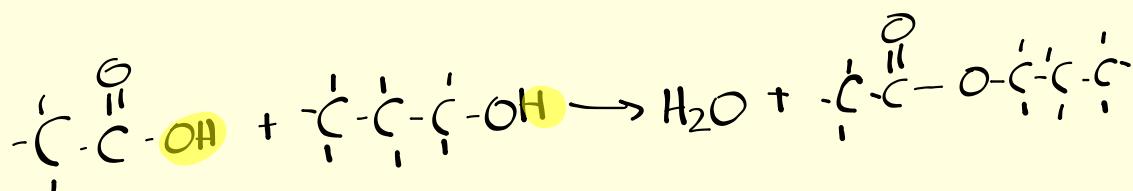
Elimination

alkyl halide + OH-
alcohol + acid



Esterification

carboxylic acid + alcohol



Cracking

Formation