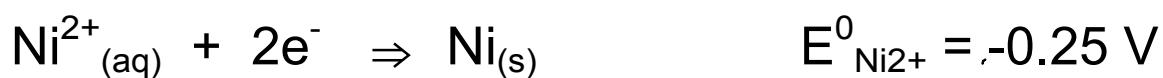
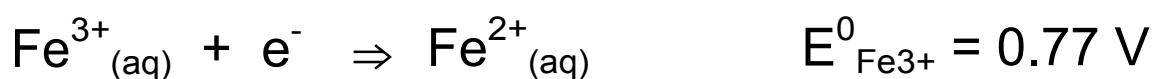
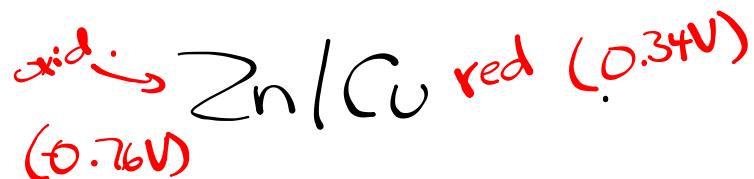


Writing the Cell Reaction





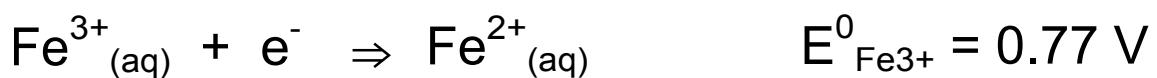
 (oxid) \rightarrow Zn/Cu red (0.34V)

$$E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ} = E_{\text{red}} - E_{\text{oxid}}$$

$$(0.34\text{V}) - (-0.76\text{V})$$

1.10V

Calculating the Standard Cell Potential



Half-Cells and Cell Potentials

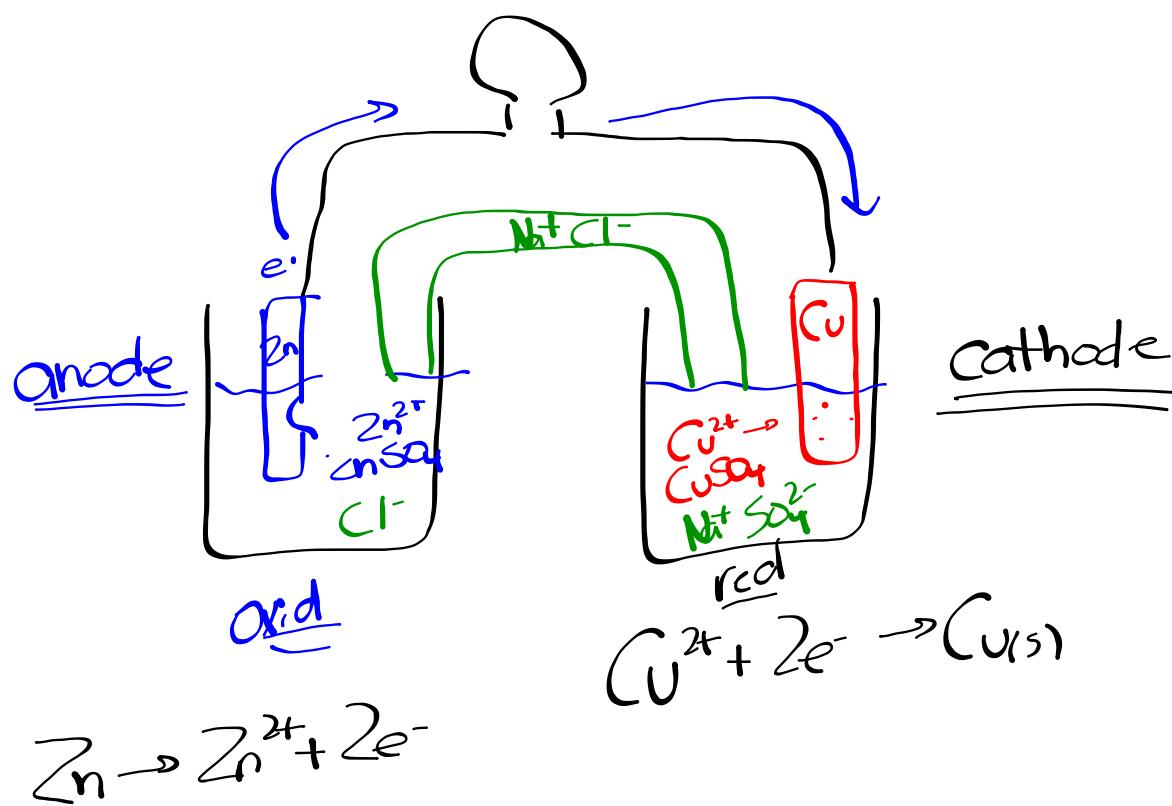
Electrical Potential

- measure of the cell's ability to produce an electric current
- measured in volts (V)
- results from a competition for electrons between two half-cells

reduction potential - tendency of a half-reaction to occur as reduction

cell potential - difference in reduction potentials of the two half-cells

$$E^0_{\text{cell}} = E^0_{\text{red}} - E^0_{\text{oxid}}$$

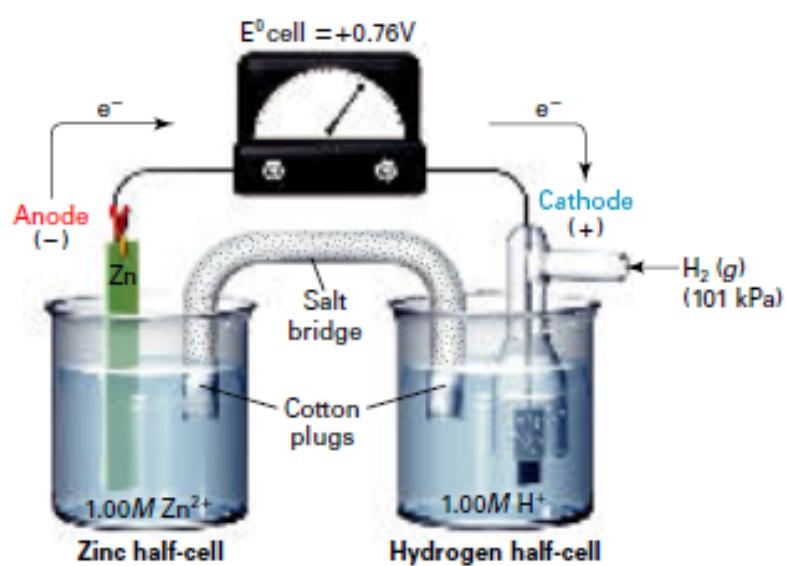


Standard Cell Potential

- measured cell potential in which the ion concentrations in the half-cells are 1M, any gases are at a pressure of 101 kPa, and the temperature is 25°C.
- a hydrogen electrode serves as a reference point, and its standard reduction potential is assigned a value of 0.00 V.

Standard Reduction Potentials

- the standard reduction potential for a half-cell can be determined by using a standard hydrogen electrode and the equation for standard cell potential



$$E^\circ_{\text{cell}} = E^\circ_{\text{red}} - E^\circ_{\text{oxid}}$$

Table 21.2

**Reduction Potentials at 25°C with
1M Concentrations of Aqueous Species**

Electrode	Half-reaction	E° (V)
Li^+/Li	$\text{Li}^+ + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Li}$	-3.05
K^+/K	$\text{K}^+ + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{K}$	-2.93
Ba^{2+}/Ba	$\text{Ba}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Ba}$	-2.90
Ca^{2+}/Ca	$\text{Ca}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Ca}$	-2.87
Na^+/Na	$\text{Na}^+ + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Na}$	-2.71
Mg^{2+}/Mg	$\text{Mg}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Mg}$	-2.37
Al^{3+}/Al	$\text{Al}^{3+} + 3\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Al}$	-1.66
$\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{H}_2$	$2\text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{H}_2 + 2\text{OH}^-$	-0.83
Zn^{2+}/Zn	$\text{Zn}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Zn}$	-0.76
Cr^{3+}/Cr	$\text{Cr}^{3+} + 3\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Cr}$	-0.74
Fe^{2+}/Fe	$\text{Fe}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Fe}$	-0.44
$\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{H}_2$ (pH 7)	$2\text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{H}_2 + 2\text{OH}^-$	-0.42
Cd^{2+}/Cd	$\text{Cd}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Cd}$	-0.40
PbSO_4/Pb	$\text{PbSO}_4 + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Pb} + \text{SO}_4^{2-}$	-0.36
Co^{2+}/Co	$\text{Co}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Co}$	-0.28
Ni^{2+}/Ni	$\text{Ni}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Ni}$	-0.25
Sn^{2+}/Sn	$\text{Sn}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Sn}$	-0.14
Pb^{2+}/Pb	$\text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Pb}$	-0.13
Fe^{3+}/Fe	$\text{Fe}^{3+} + 3\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Fe}$	-0.036
H^+/H_2	$2\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{H}_2$	0.000
AgCl/Ag	$\text{AgCl} + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Ag} + \text{Cl}^-$	+0.22
$\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{Hg}$	$\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2 + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2\text{Hg} + 2\text{Cl}^-$	+0.27
Cu^{2+}/Cu	$\text{Cu}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Cu}$	+0.34
O_2/OH^-	$\text{O}_2 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} + 4\text{e}^- \longrightarrow 4\text{OH}^-$	+0.40
$\text{Cu}^+//\text{Cu}$	$\text{Cu}^+ + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Cu}$	+0.52
I_2/I^-	$\text{I}_2 + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2\text{I}^-$	+0.54
$\text{Fe}^{2+}/\text{Fe}^{2+}$	$\text{Fe}^{2+} + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Fe}^{2+}$	+0.77
$\text{Hg}_2^{2+}/\text{Hg}$	$\text{Hg}_2^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2\text{Hg}$	+0.79
Ag^+/Ag	$\text{Ag}^+ + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Ag}$	+0.80
$\text{O}_2/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (pH 7)	$\text{O}_2 + 4\text{H}^+ + 4\text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+0.82
Hg^{2+}/Hg	$\text{Hg}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Hg}$	+0.85
Br_2/Br^-	$\text{Br}_2 + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2\text{Br}^-$	+1.07
$\text{O}_2/\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{O}_2 + 4\text{H}^+ + 4\text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+1.23
$\text{MnO}_2/\text{Mn}^{2+}$	$\text{MnO}_2 + 4\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Mn}^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+1.28
$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}/\text{Cr}^{3+}$	$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-} + 14\text{H}^+ + 6\text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2\text{Cr}^{3+} + 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+1.33
Cl_2/Cl^-	$\text{Cl}_2 + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2\text{Cl}^-$	+1.36
$\text{PbO}_2/\text{Pb}^{2+}$	$\text{PbO}_2 + 4\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+1.46
$\text{MnO}_4^-/\text{Mn}^{2+}$	$\text{MnO}_4^- + 8\text{H}^+ + 5\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{Mn}^{2+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+1.51
$\text{PbO}_2/\text{PbSO}_4$	$\text{PbO}_2 + 4\text{H}^+ + \text{SO}_4^{2-} + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{PbSO}_4 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+1.69
F_2/F^-	$\text{F}_2 + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2\text{F}^-$	+2.87

$$(0.34\text{V}) - (-0.68\text{V}) = 1.10\text{V}$$

Calculating Standard Cell Potentials

- If the cell potential for a given redox reaction is positive, then the reaction is **spontaneous**.
- If the cell potential is negative then the reaction is **nonspontaneous**.



Homework

- p. 675 # 9,10
- p. 676 # 11,12
- p. 677 # 13-19