p. 232 #1,3-5

3. COMPLETE

$$C_3H_8 + 50_2 \longrightarrow 3CO_2 + 4H_2O$$

Incomplete

$$2C_3H_8+7O_2 \longrightarrow 2C_{02}+2C_{0}+2C_{+}$$
8H20

Types of Chemical Reactions

II. Synthesis (Combination) Reactions

The reactions of smaller atoms/molecules into larger molecules

$$A + B \Rightarrow AB$$

Ex. hydrogen + chlorine
$$\Rightarrow$$
 hydrogen chloride

H₂ + $Cl_2 \rightarrow 2HCl$

Ex.
$$2Na + Cl_2 \Rightarrow 2NaCl$$

Types of Chemical Reactions

III. Decomposition Reactions

Decomposition reactions typically involve splitting a larger molecule into elements or smaller molecules.

$$AB \Rightarrow A + B$$

Ex. nitrogen triiodide \(\Rightarrow \) nitrogen + iodine

$$2NI_3 \longrightarrow N_2 + 3I_2$$

Homework

p. 235 #1-4