

Slopes		Parallel	Perpendicular
$\frac{3}{2}$	$\frac{6}{4} \cancel{\frac{3}{2}}$	✓	
$-\frac{5}{8}$	$-\frac{8}{5}$	Neither	
$2$	$\frac{10}{5}$	✓	
$-\frac{20}{1}$	$\frac{2}{40} \cancel{\frac{1}{80}}$		✓
$3$	$\frac{90}{30} = 3$	✓	



$$y = 4x - 9$$

$$y = 4x - 6$$

Which lines are  
parallel?  
perpendicular?

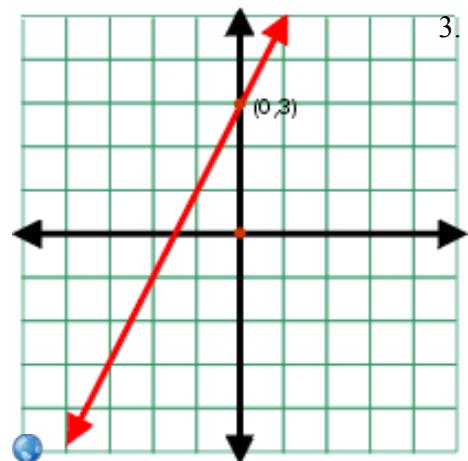
$$y = \frac{-1}{4}x - 6$$

Slope  $\parallel$

$$y = 6x - 6$$

$$y = \frac{1}{4}x - 6$$

$$y = mx + b$$



The equation is said to be in

## Slope-Intercept Form

- $m$  = Slope
- $b$  =  $y$ -intercept

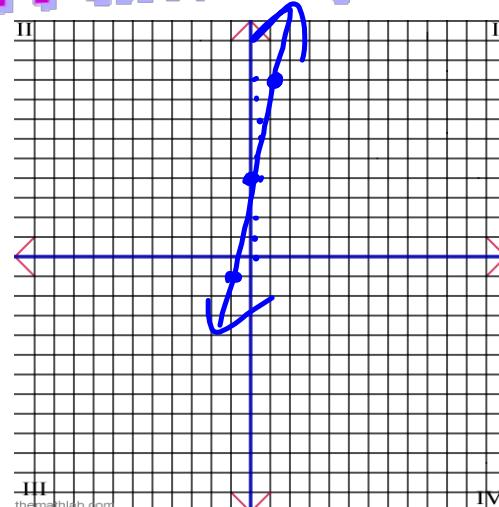


# Find the Slope and Y-intercept

$$y = 5x + 4$$

$y = \underline{m}x + \underline{b}$

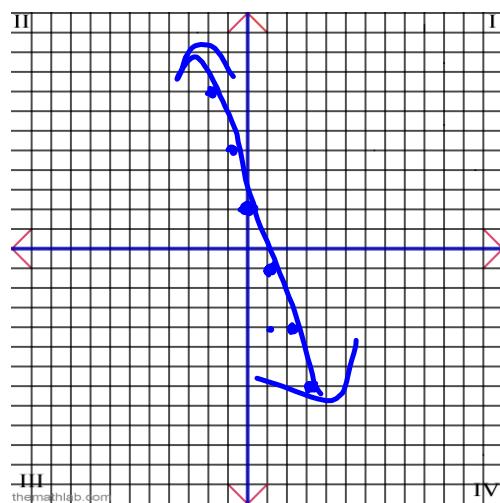
$$\frac{-5}{-1}$$



Slope(m):  $\frac{\text{rise}}{1 \text{ run}}$

y-intercept(b): 4

$$\begin{aligned} -y &= 3x - 2 \\ \underline{-1} &\quad \underline{-1} \quad \underline{-1} \\ y &= -3x + 2 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{3}{-1} \\ \text{Stuff} \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{l} \text{Slope}(m): -\frac{3}{1} \\ \text{y-intercept}(b): 2 \end{array}$$

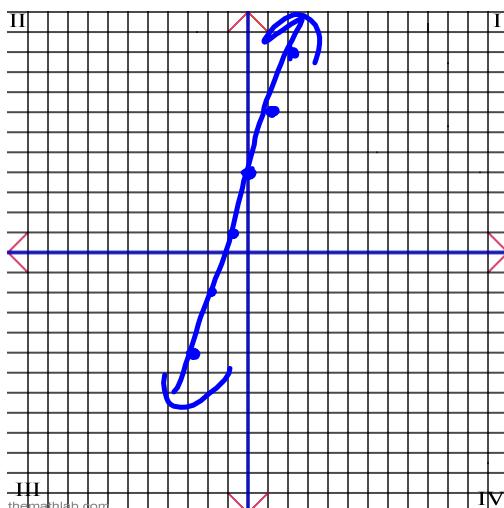
Find the slope and y-intercept, then graph

$$\frac{2}{2}y = \frac{6}{2}x + \frac{8}{2}$$

$$y = 3x + 4$$

-

$$\frac{-3}{1}$$



Slope(m):  $\frac{3}{1}$

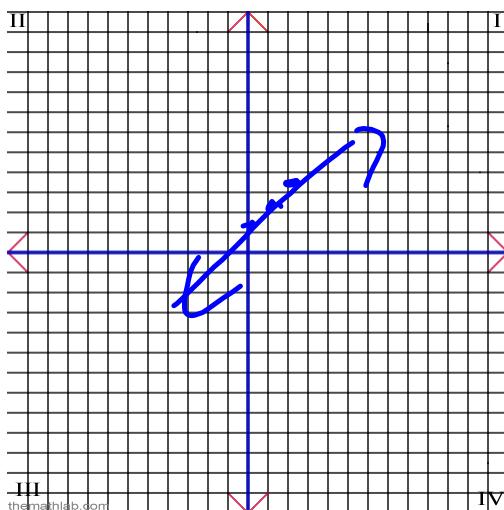
y-intercept(b): 4

Find the slope and y-intercept, then graph.

$$3y - 2 = 3x + 2 + 2$$

$$\frac{3y}{3} = \frac{3x}{3} + \frac{4}{3}$$

$$y = 1x + \frac{4}{3}$$



Slope(m):  $1/1$

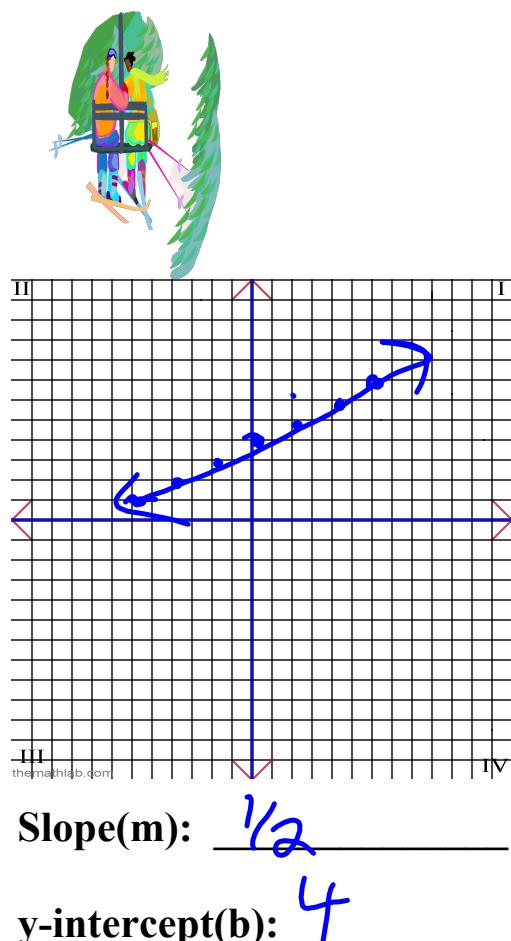
y-intercept(b):  $4/3$

Graph the following equation.

$$y + 3 = \frac{1}{2}x + 7 - 3$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$$

- b) State the parallel slope of the equation.  
 $\frac{-1}{2}$   
 $= \frac{1}{2}$



State the perpendicular slope of the equation

$$2(y - 4) = 4x - 8$$

$$2y - 8 = 4x - 8 + 8$$

$$\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{4x}{2} + \frac{0}{2}$$

$$y = 2x + 0$$

$$m = \frac{2}{1}$$

$$\text{Per} = \frac{-1}{2}$$

State the perpendicular slope of the equation

$$3(y - 2) = 5x - 8$$

$$3y - 6 = 5x - 8 + 6$$

$$\frac{3y}{3} = \frac{5x}{3} - \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\text{Per} = -\frac{3}{5}$$

$$y = \frac{5}{3}x - \frac{2}{3}$$

$$m = \frac{5}{3}$$

State the slope and y-int, then graph.

$$3 - 5x = 3y - 6$$

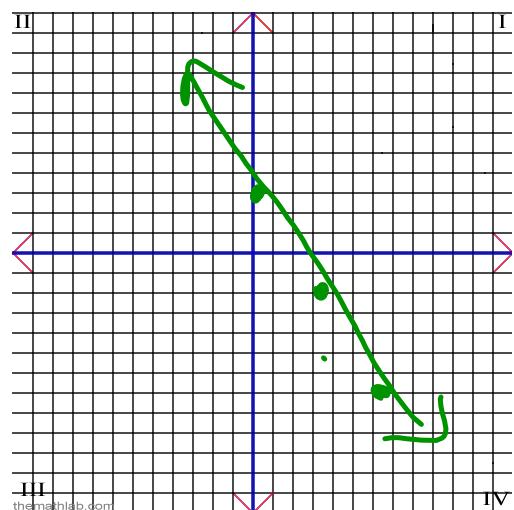
$$3y - 6 = 3 - 5x + 6$$

$$\frac{3y}{3} = \frac{-5x}{3} + \frac{9}{3}$$

$$y = \frac{-5}{3}x + 3$$

- b) State the perpendicular slope of the equation.

$$+\frac{3}{5}$$



Slope(m):  $-\frac{5}{3}$  or  $\frac{+5}{-3}$

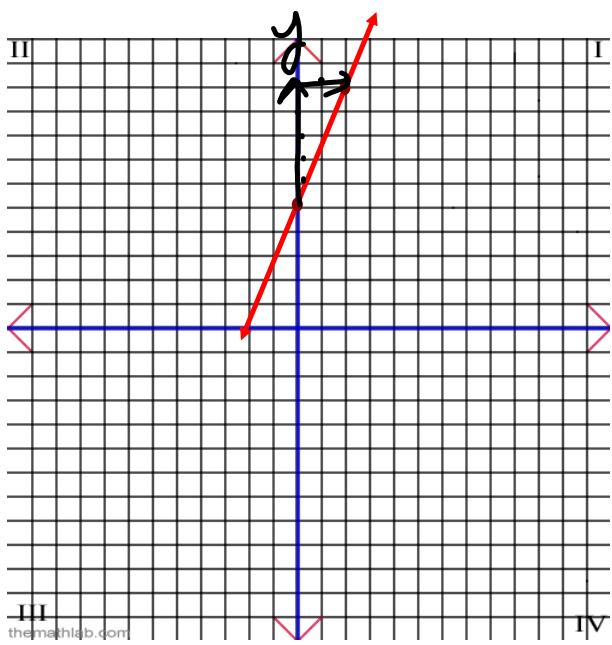
y-intercept(b): 3

State the slope and y-int

$$\frac{4}{3}y + 1 = 3x + 5$$

$$4y + 3 = 9x + 15 - 3$$

$$\frac{4y}{4} = \frac{9x}{4} + \frac{12}{4}$$
$$y = \frac{9}{4}x + 3$$

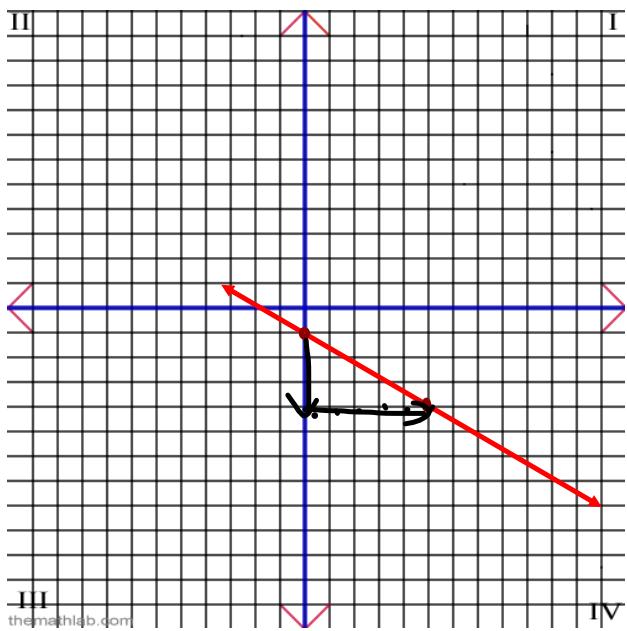


Slope :  $\frac{5}{2}$

y-int : 5

Equation:  $y = mx + b$

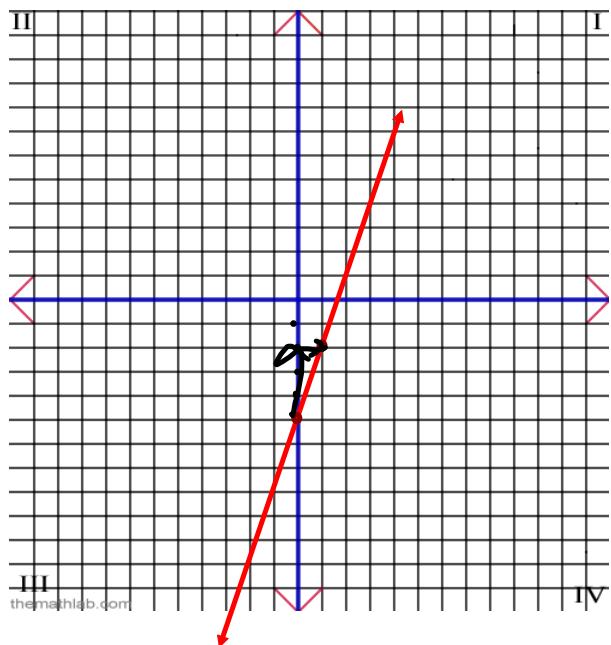
$$y = \frac{5}{2}x + 5$$



Slope :  $-\frac{3}{5}$

y-int : -1

Equation:  $y = -\frac{3}{5}x - 1$



Slope :  $\frac{3}{1} = 3$

y-int :  $-5$

Equation:  $y = 3x - 5$

