Warm Up

Write the balanced equation for the complete combustion of octane ($C_8H_{18(g)}$).

Homework - #13-16, 20,21

I. FORMATION

dement + element -> compound

II. DECOMPOSITION

Compound— elements

TIT. COMBUSTION

dement compound + O2 - most common oxides

N. SINGLE REPLACEMENT

element + compound --- element + compound

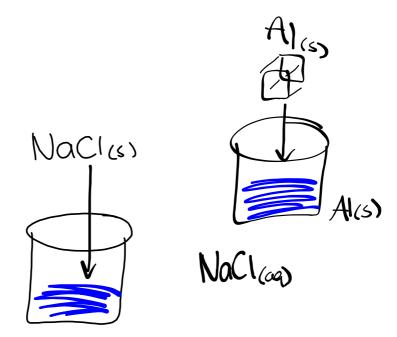
Chemical Reactions

IV. Single Replacement Reaction

Reaction of an element with a compound to produce a new element and an ionic compound.

- ⇒usually occurs in aqueous solution
- ⇒reaction will only occur if the element is replacing a less reactive element (see table 11.2)

$$Cu_{(s)} + 2AgNO_{3(aq)} \longrightarrow 2Ag_{(s)} + Cu(NO_3)_{2(aq)}$$
metal compound metal compound



Chemical Reactions in Solution

Solution - homogeneous (uniform) mixture of a solute and a solvent.

- ⇒ solute substance dissolved
- ⇒ solvent substance doing dissolving (liquid)

Ex. Salt water solvent

If the amount of solute that can dissolve in a solvent is large, then the solute is said to have a *high solubility*.

If the amount of solute that can dissolve in a solvent is small, then the solute is said to have a *low solubility*.

Solid substances formed from reactions in solutions are known as **precipitates**.

Solubility Rules

• Group 1 Compounds have a high solubility

- Compounds containing ammonium (NH₄⁺) have a high solubility NH_4CI
- All acids have a high solubility HNO3, CH3(00H
- Elements have a low solubility (except chlorine)
- Solubility varies for molecular compounds

	Cusoy		
1 . 1		Soy- most	NO ₃ -
high (ag)		most	all
		/ 1 0 2t C2t	
low (5)		Ag, Pb2+, Ca2+, Ba2+, Ro2+	none
(3)		BI IO) IO	

Table 11.2 **Activity Series of Metals** Name Symbol Li Lithium K Potassium Calcium Ca Decreasing reactivity Sodium Na Magnesium Mg Aluminum ΑI Zinc Zn Iron Fe Lead Pb (H) (Hydrogen) Copper Cu Mercury Hg Silver Ag

Practice Problems

$$Zn_{(s)} + Pb(NO_3)_{2(aq)} \longrightarrow Pb_{(s)} + Zh(NO_3)_{2(aq)}$$

$$F^- H^+ CI^ F_{2(g)} + 2HCl_{(aq)} \longrightarrow Cl_{2(aq)} + 2HF_{(aq)}$$

$$Al^{3+} Cu^{2+} SO_4^{2-}$$

$$2Al_{(s)} + 3CuSO_{4(aq)} \longrightarrow 3Cu_{(s)} + Al_2(SO_4)_{3(aq)}$$

p. 334 #17