

Answer Key.

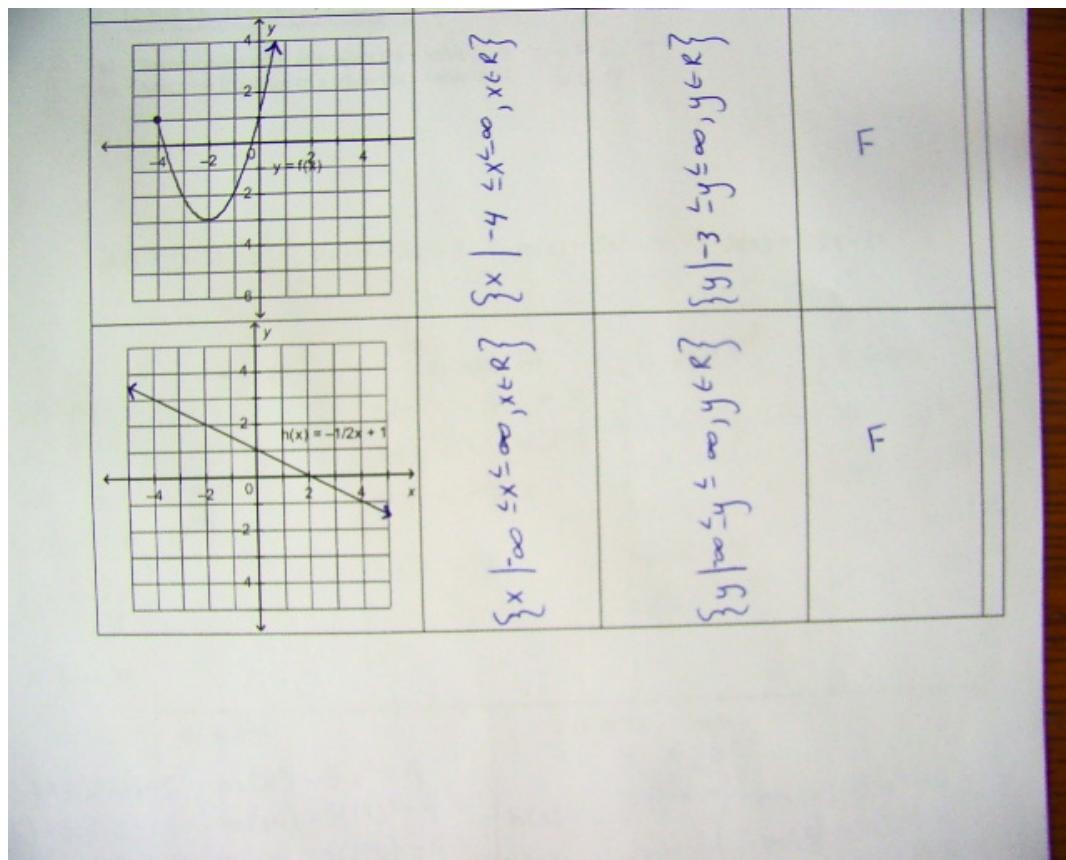
Domain/Range Function/Nonfunction Function Notation Reading Graphs

1. Identify the domain, range and if each is a function or non-function?

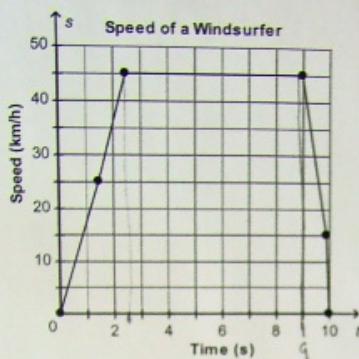
	Domain	Range	
a) $\{(0,0), (5,1), (10,2), (15, 3), (20,4)\}$	$0, 5, 10, 15, 20$	$0, 1, 2, 3, 4$	F
b) $\{(0,3), (0,1), (1,2), (2, 3), (4,4)\}$	$0, 1, 2, 4$	$3, 1, 2, 4$	NF
c) $\{(0,5), (5,6), (1,2), (7, 9), (15,4)\}$	$0, 5, 1, 7, 15$	$5, 6, 2, 9, 4$	F
d) $\{(0,6), (8,1), (10,1), (15, 3), (20,4)\}$	$0, 8, 10, 15, 20$	$6, 1, 3, 4$	F
e) $\{(10,8), (16,4), (12,7), (10, 3), (19,6)\}$	$10, 16, 12, 19$	$8, 4, 7, 3, 6$	NF

2. Complete the chart:

Relation	Domain	Range	Function /Nonfunction
 $\{x \mid 0 \leq x \leq 10, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$ $\{y \mid 0 \leq y \leq 45, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$ F			



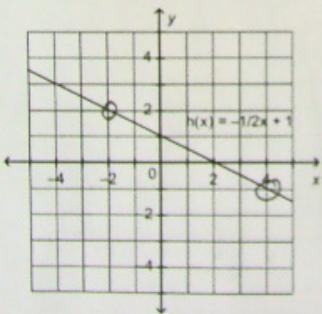
3. This graph shows the speed of a windsurfer, s , as a function of time, t .



- a) How long did the windsurfing last? 10 seconds.
b) How long was the windsurfer's speed 45km/h?

6.5 seconds.

4. This is a graph of the function



- a) Determine the value of y when the x value is -2. $y = 2$
b) Determine the value of x when the y value is -1. $x = 4$

6.

$$a(x) = 3(x-2) + 5 \quad t(x) = -15x + 7 \quad m(x) = 5x^2 - 9 \quad h(x) = \frac{1}{2}x - 11$$

a) $a(x) = 68$

$$\begin{aligned} a(x) &= 3(x-2) + 5 \\ 68 &= 3(x-2) + 5 \\ 68 - 5 &= 3x - 6 + 5 \\ 63 &= 3x - 6 \\ \frac{63}{3} &= \frac{3x}{3} \\ 21 &= x \end{aligned}$$

b) $t(x) = 862$

$$\begin{aligned} t(x) &= -15x + 7 \\ 862 &= -15x + 7 \\ 855 &= -15x \\ -57 &= x \end{aligned}$$

c) $a(10)$

$$\begin{aligned} a(x) &= 3(x-2) + 5 \\ a(10) &= 3(10-2) + 5 \\ a(10) &= 3(8) + 5 \\ a(10) &= 24 + 5 \\ a(10) &= 29 \end{aligned}$$

d) $h(100)$

$$\begin{aligned} h(x) &= \frac{1}{2}x - 11 \\ h(100) &= \frac{1}{2}(100) - 11 \\ h(100) &= 50 - 11 \\ h(100) &= 39 \end{aligned}$$

e) $m(a(5))$

$$\begin{aligned} a(x) &= 3(x-2) + 5 & m(x) &= 5x^2 - 9 \\ a(5) &= 3(5-2) + 5 & m(14) &= 5(14)^2 - 9 \\ &= 3(3) + 5 & m(14) &= 5(196) - 9 \\ &= 9 + 5 & m(14) &= 980 - 9 \\ &= 14 & m(14) &= 971 \end{aligned}$$

f) $h(30) + m(5)$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 + 116 \\ \hline 120 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} h(x) &= \frac{1}{2}x - 11 \\ h(30) &= \frac{1}{2}(30) - 11 \\ h(30) &= 15 - 11 \\ h(30) &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} m(x) &= 5x^2 - 9 \\ m(5) &= 5(5)^2 - 9 \\ m(5) &= 5(25) - 9 \\ m(5) &= 125 - 9 \\ m(5) &= 116 \end{aligned}$$