



Grade 9 Warm Up



Determine each sum.

$$1) \frac{-5 \times 5}{6 \times 5} + \left(\frac{-2 \times 6}{5 \times 6} \right)$$

$$\frac{-25}{30} + \frac{-12}{30}$$

$$= \frac{-37}{30}$$

$$2) \frac{8 \times 4}{3 \times 4} + \frac{5 \times 3}{4 \times 3}$$

$$\frac{32}{12} + \frac{15}{12}$$

$$= \frac{47}{12}$$

$$3) \frac{3 \times 2}{\cancel{7} \times 7} + \frac{2 \times 4}{\cancel{4} \times 4}$$

$$\frac{-23 \times 4}{7 \times 4} + \frac{9 \times 7}{4 \times 7}$$

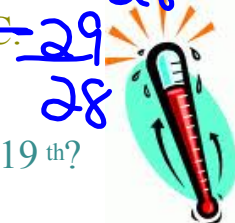
$$= \frac{-92}{28} + \frac{(+63)}{28}$$

4) On December 18th, the temperature in Miramichi was -21.6°C .
By noon the next day, the temperature increased by 3.7°C .



a) What was the temperature at noon on December 19th?

$$-21.6 + 3.7 = -17.9$$



b) On December 17th, the temperature was 2.1°C less than (colder than) that of December 18th. What was the temperature on the 17th?



Grade 9 Warm Up



Determine each sum.

$$1) \frac{-5 \times 5}{6 \times 5} + \left(\frac{-2}{5} \right) \times 6$$

$$\frac{-25}{30} + \frac{-12}{30}$$

$$\frac{-37}{30} = -1\frac{7}{30}$$

$$2) \frac{8}{3} \cdot \frac{4}{4} + \frac{5}{4} \cdot \frac{3}{3}$$

$$\frac{24}{12} + \frac{15}{12}$$

$$\frac{39}{12}$$

$$3\frac{3}{4} = 3\frac{1}{4}$$

$$3) -3\frac{2}{7} + 2\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{-23 \cdot 4}{7 \cdot 4} + \frac{9 \cdot 7}{4 \cdot 7}$$

$$\frac{-92}{28} + \frac{63}{28}$$

$$\frac{-29}{28} = -1\frac{1}{28}$$

4) On December 18th, the temperature in Miramichi was -21.6°C .
By noon the next day, the temperature increased by 3.7°C .



a) What was the temperature at noon on December 19th?

$$-21.6 + 3.7 = -17.9^{\circ}\text{C}$$



b) On December 17th, the temperature was 2.1°C less than (colder than) that of December 18th. What was the temperature on the 17th? -23.7


$$-21.6 + (-2.1) =$$

$$-23.7$$



Any Homework Questions?



 <http://www.math-play.com/adding-integers-game/adding-integers-drag-and-drop.html>

Look Closely



1. $(-8) + (5) = -3$

2. $(-8) - (5) = -13$

3. $(-8) + (-5) = -13$

4. $(-8) - (-5) =$
 $-8 + 5 = -3$

What do you notice???????



$$(-8) + (5) = -3$$

$-8 + 5$

$$(-8) + (-5) = -13$$

$-8 + -5$

$$(-8) + (-5) = -13$$

$$(-8) + (-5) = -13$$

When Subtracting
ADD THE OPPOSITE !!!!!

Subtracting Negative Numbers

$(8) - (2)$ \longrightarrow We add the opposite: $(8) + (-2) = 6$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 + (-2) \\ + 6 \end{array}$$

$\frac{6}{5} + \left(\frac{-10}{5}\right)$ \longrightarrow We add the opposite: $\frac{6}{5} + \frac{10}{5} =$

$$(-3) + (-6) = \underline{-9}$$

$$(5) + (+5) = \underline{10}$$

$$(-4) + (+7) = \underline{+3}$$

$$(7.2) + (-9.4) = \underline{-2.2}$$

$$/ \quad (-6.1) + (+8.9) = \underline{+2.8}$$

Section 3.3

Subtracting Rational Numbers

When subtracting Rational Numbers you must have a ...

Common Denominator

Ex) $\frac{13}{7} + \frac{-4}{7} = \frac{9}{7}$

Same Denominators

This looks similar to adding Rational Numbers



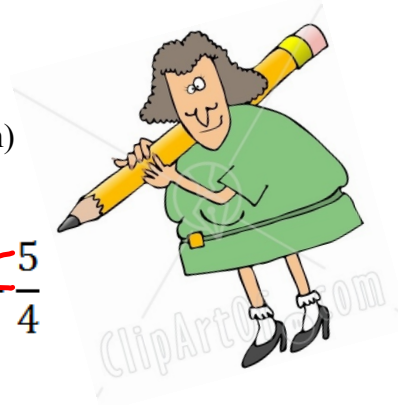
You try ...

(Remember to write all solution in simplest form)

$$1) \quad \frac{21}{2} + \frac{-24}{2}$$
$$= \frac{-3}{2}$$

$$2) \quad \frac{-25}{13} + \frac{-16}{13}$$
$$= \frac{-41}{13}$$

$$3) \quad \frac{11}{4} + \frac{-5}{4}$$
$$= \frac{+6}{4}$$
$$= \frac{3}{2}$$



Oh, what to do when the denominators are different???



I Know this one!!!!





When denominators are different
you have to find a "common
denominator"

How



By determining the **LCM**

Lowest **C**ommon **M**ultiple
(of the denominators)

Subtract the following rational numbers

$$\frac{13 \overset{\times 3}{\cancel{3}}}{7 \overset{\times 3}{\cancel{3}}} - \frac{4 \overset{\times 4}{\cancel{4}}}{3 \overset{\times 4}{\cancel{4}}}$$

$$\frac{39}{21} - \frac{28}{21}$$

$$\frac{11}{21}$$

Look at the multiples of each denominator

Find the LCM

7

$$1 \times 7 = 7$$

$$2 \times 7 = 14$$

$$3 \times 7 = 21$$

$$4 \times 7 = 28$$

3

$$1 \times 3 = 3$$

$$2 \times 3 = 6$$

$$3 \times 3 = 9$$

$$4 \times 3 = 12$$

$$5 \times 3 = 15$$

$$6 \times 3 = 18$$

$$7 \times 3 = 21$$

Thus the LCM is



You try...



$$1) \frac{17 \times 3}{12 \times 3} - \frac{4 \times 4}{9 \times 4} \quad 2) \frac{11 \times 6}{5 \times 6} - \frac{10 \times 15}{2 \times 15} + \frac{2 \times 10}{3 \times 10} \quad 3) -\frac{2}{7} - \frac{5}{28}$$

$$\frac{51}{36} - \frac{16}{36}$$

$$= \frac{35}{36}$$

$$\frac{66}{30} - \frac{150}{30} + \frac{20}{30}$$

$$- \frac{64}{30} \div 2$$

$$= \frac{32}{15}$$

$$-\frac{2 \times 4}{7 \times 4} + \frac{-5}{28}$$

$$-\frac{8}{28} + \frac{-5}{28}$$

$$-\frac{13}{28}$$

Subtracting Rational Numbers in Mixed Number Form

$$3\frac{+1}{\times 5} - 2\frac{+7}{\times 10} = \frac{16}{5} \frac{\times 2}{\times 2} - \frac{27}{10} =$$

STEP 1) Write each mixed number as an improper fraction

$$\frac{16}{5} - \frac{27}{10}$$

STEP 2) Find common denominators and then subtract like before

$$\frac{32}{10} - \frac{27}{10} = \frac{5}{10} \frac{1}{2}$$

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STEP 3) Reduce all fractions

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Your Turn



$$1) \quad -2\frac{2}{9} - \left(-3\frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$2) \quad 6\frac{1}{2} - 3\frac{1}{7}$$

