



$$y = \underline{m}x + \underline{b}$$

$$y = \underline{4}x - 9$$

$$m = 4$$

$m = \text{slope}$
 $b = y\text{-int}$

$$y = \underline{4}x - 6$$

$$m = 4$$

Which lines are

parallel? (same slope)

perpendicular? (opposite reciprocals)

Where is the slope??

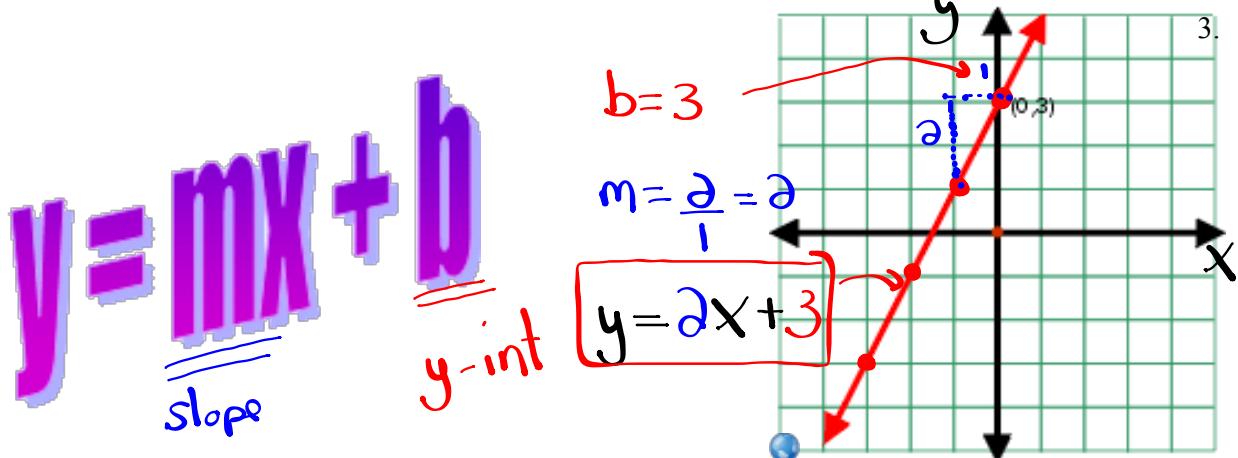
$$y = \frac{-1}{4}x - 6 \quad m = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$y = \underline{6}x - 6$$

$$m = 6$$

$$y = \frac{1}{4}x - 6$$

$$m = \frac{1}{4}$$



The equation is said to be in

Slope-Intercept Form

- m = Slope
- b = y -intercept



If $m=2$	Parallel $m=2$	Perpendicular $m=-\frac{1}{2}$
$m=-\frac{3}{7}$	$m=-\frac{3}{7}$	$m=\frac{7}{3}$

Find the Slope and Y-intercept

1) $y = \underline{5}x + \underline{4}$ Slope(m): $m = 5$
y-intercept(b): $b = 4$

$$2) \frac{2y}{2} = \frac{6x}{2} + \frac{8}{2}$$

Slope(m): $m=3$ y-intercept(b): $b=4$

$$y = 3x + 4$$

3) a) $y + 3 = \frac{1}{2}x + 7$

$$y + 3 = \frac{1}{2}x + 7$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$$

Slope(m): $m = \frac{1}{2}$

y-intercept(b): $b = 4$

b) State the parallel slope of the equation.

$$m \parallel = \frac{1}{2}$$

- 4) State the perpendicular slope of the equation

(opposite reciprocal)

$$m = 2$$

$$m_{\perp} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$2(y - 4) = 4x - 8$$

$$2y - 8 = 4x - 8$$

$$2y = 4x - 8 + 8$$

$$\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{4x}{2} + \frac{0}{2}$$

$$y = \underline{\underline{2x}} + \underline{\underline{0}}$$

$$m = 2 \quad b = 0$$

5) a) $3 - 5x = 3y - 6$

Slope(m): $m = -\frac{5}{3}$

$-3y = 5x - 6 - 3$

y-intercept(b): $b = 3$

$$\frac{-3y}{-3} = \frac{5x}{-3} - \frac{9}{-3}$$

$$y = -\frac{5}{3}x + 3$$

b) State the perpendicular slope of the equation.

$$m \perp = \frac{3}{5}$$

- 6) State the parallel slope of the equation

$$m_{II} = 4$$

4. $\frac{3}{4}y = 3x + 6$

$$\frac{3y}{3} = \frac{12x}{3} - \frac{24}{3}$$

$$y = \underline{\underline{4x}} - \underline{\underline{8}}$$

$$m = 4 \quad b = -8$$