REVIEW OF TERMS TO DATE IN CHAPTER 4

Objectivity Principle: accounting data should be verifiable

Source Documents: business forms (papers) that give evidence of business transactions on a certain data.

Purchase Invoice - a copy of an invoice, received by the buyer, to give evidence of the purchase made

Sales Invoice - a source document that gives evidence of a sale

Remittance Slip - a source document proving the receipt of a customer's cheque

REVIEW OF TERMS TO DATE IN CHAPTER 4

Journal - a daily record of business transactions in debit and credit form; a book of <u>original entry</u>.

General Journal - a two column journal (Debits / Credits)

Journalizing - the process of analyzing transactions into debits and credits, and recording the results in a journal.

Opening Entry - the first entry to establish an account

Compound Entry - an entry that involves more than two accounts

Topic 3 - Posting Transaction Data

A journal provides a chronological record of business transactions

From the journal can the owner tell with a quick glance

How much cash is available in the bank?

How much is owing from customers on account?

How much is owing to the bank?

How much is owing to creditors on accounts payable?

has been earned?

How many expenses have been incurred?

The journal is a record of all transactions. How much time would it take to search the journal for all entries affecting one account?

Once debits and credits have been recorded in the journal, accounting information must be transferred from the journal to the individual accounts in the ledger. This process is called posting.

POSTING - transferring debits and credits from the journal to the ledger

Introducing the Modern Ledger (replace T-Accounts)

- we learned that transactions are analyzed and recorded in debit and credit form for the first time in the journal, thus it is called the book of original entry
- the debits and credits are transferred to the ledger, sometimes referred to as the secondary entry, but there will be no further transfer of debits or credits, thus we will call it the book of final entry

LEDGER (1) - the book of secondary or final entry







- great deal of flexibility in adding, deleting and rearranging individual accounts or groups of accounts



Figure 9-12 General Ledger Report.

Company	10			GENER	AL LEDGER REPOR	T		Period End:	10/X9	Page 1
Batch	g Period: 10/ Reference	X9 Se		Description	Posting .		rnal ype	Debit		Credit
		-	•		Date	. 7	110	209.07		
Account:	1110-200 PET	TY CASH/	PROU	OCTION						
102-011	OCT PETTY	0	1	REFRESH PETTY CASH	10/03/X9		R	500.00		
					Ending Account	Bal	ance:	709.07		
Account:	1120-900 PAY	ROLL CAS	H		Beginning Accou	int	Balance:	1,798,050.30		
98-001	10/03 PAYRO	OLL C	05	HOURLY PAYROLL	10/01/X9		R			610,982.24
104-001	10/10 PAYRO	XLL C	15	HOURLY PAYROLL	10/08/X9		R			657,188.36
107-001	10/17 PAYRO	XLL C	15	HOURLY PAYROLL	10/16/X9		R R			629,427.90
108-014	WIRE TRANS	0071 0		ADD PAYROLL CASH	10/16/X9		R	2,700,000.00		02
112-001	10/24 PAYRO		15	HOURLY PAYROLL	10/22/X9		R			630,485.74
120-001	10/31 PAYRO)5	HOURLY PAYROLL	10/30/X9		R			612,922.26
122-002	10/31 PAYRO		77	MANAGER PAYROLL	10/30/X9		R			913,823.56
					Ending Account	Bal	lance:	443,220.24		
Account:	1130-900 OPE	ERATING C	ASH		Beginning Accou	int	Balance:	5,347,008.00		
102-011	OCT PETTY		02	REFRESH PETTY CASH	10/03/X9		R			500.00
107-005	AR000182		01	AR SYSTEM CASH RECEIPTS	10/10/X9		R	1,987,490.74		
110-006	AR000183			AR SYSTEM CASH RECEIPTS	10/13/X9		R	1,398,740.87		
108-014	WIRE TRANS	0071 0	02	ADD PAYROLL CASH	10/16/X9		R		2,	700,000.00
116-005	AR000184		01	AR SYSTEM CASH RECEIPTS	10/19/X9		R	980,229.40		
119-006	AR000185		01	AR SYSTEM CASH RECEIPTS	10/26/X9		R	2,098,290.30		
					Ending Account	Bal	lance:	9,111,259.31		
Account:	1210-310 AR	- TRADE	/USA	MARKETING	Beginning Accou	int	Balance:	18,983,029.20		
104-007	IN0098190		01	DAILY INVOICING	10/03/X9		R	680,981.19		
104-008	IN0099390		01	DAILY INVOICING	10/04/X9		R	485,983.13		
104-009	IN0102340		01	DAILY INVOICING	10/06/X9		R	835,392.62		
105-001	IN0105366		01	DAILY INVOICING	10/10/X9		R	1,326,300.70		AAE 220 1
107-005	AR000182			AR SYSTEM CASH RECEIPTS	10/10/X9		R		2,	,005,378.1
108-009	IN0105628		01	DAILY INVOICING	10/11/X9		R	335,393.44		
108-013	IN0107581		01	DAILY INVOICING	10/13/X9		R	627,302.57		410 000 0
110-006	AR000183		02	AR SYSTEM CASH RECEIPTS	10/13/X9		R		1,	,410,909.9
111-009	IN0107688			DAILY INVOICING	10/15/X9		R	737,313.54		
114-001	IN0109560		01	DAILY INVOICING	10/17/X9		R	828,312.60		
116-005	AR000184		02	AR SYSTEM CASH RECEIPTS			R			989,149.4
117-008	IN0112451			DAILY INVOICING	10/22/X9		R	438,789.63		
117-009				DAILY INVOICING	10/23/X9		R	434,302.21		
117-018	IN0120536		01	DAILY INVOICING	10/25/X9		R	626,605.97	8	
119-006	AR000185		02	AR SYSTEM CASH RECEIPTS	s 10/26/X9		R		2	,116,965.0

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Account Title

Account #

			S				
			CASH			A(CCOUNT # 100
Date	Comments	<u>Ref.</u>	Debit Amount	<u>Date</u>	<u>Comments</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	Credit Amount
Jan. 1	Investment	GJ-1	\$50,000	Jan. 1	Inventory	GJ-1	\$3,000
				Jan. 1	Land	GJ-1	\$2,000
				Jan. 1	Insurance	GJ-1	\$2,400
	Total		\$50,000		Total		\$7,400
	Balance		\$42,600]			
				_			
			INVENTORY			A	CCOUNT # 140
<u>Date</u>	<u>Comments</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	Debit Amount	<u>Date</u>	<u>Comments</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	Credit Amount
Jan. 1		GJ-1	\$4,500				
	Total		\$4,500				
				-			
	PR	EPAI	D INSURANCE				CCOUNT # 150
<u>Date</u>	<u>Comments</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	Debit Amount	<u>Date</u>	<u>Comments</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	Credit Amount
Jan. 1	Cash	GJ-1	\$2,400				
	Total		\$2,400				
			LAND			A	CCOUNT # 170
<u>Date</u>	<u>Comments</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>Debit Amount</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Comments</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	Credit Amount
Jan. 1		GJ-1	\$20,000				
	Total		\$20,000				
			NTS PAYABLE				CCOUNT # 200
<u>Date</u>	<u>Comments</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>Debit Amount</u>		<u>Comments</u>		Credit Amount
				Jan. 1	Inventory	GJ-1	\$1,500
					Total		\$1,500
			AGE PAYABLE		_		CCOUNT # 270
<u>Date</u>	<u>Comments</u>	<u>Ret.</u>	<u>Debit Amount</u>		Comments		Credit Amount
				Jan. 1		GJ-1	\$18,000
					Total		\$18,000
			NERS EQUITY				CCOUNT # 300
<u>Date</u>	<u>Comments</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>Debit Amount</u>		Comments		Credit Amount
				Jan. 1	Initial Investment	GJ-1	\$50,000
					Total		\$50,000

The modern ledger, is a group of accounts filed according to the method of data process used by the business.

Ledger (2) - a group or file of accounts; the book of final entry

Exploring the Need for a Formal Ledger Account

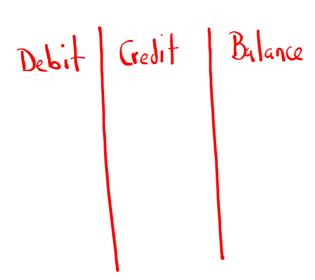
- Chapter 3 we used T- accounts
- not an efficient method for recording numerous entries and the account's final balance.

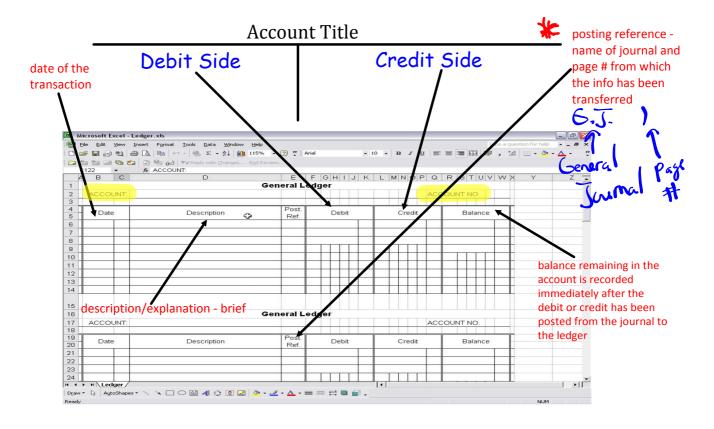
It is however, still used as a valuable tool to assist with the visual analysis of a troublesome transaction.

- account form posted by hand will be quite different from one posted by computer

A widely used form is the three column form

· each account will have its own form





Balance Ledger form - a three column account with a "running balance" column

General Ledger - the ledger filing those accounts which supply information for the preparation of financial statements

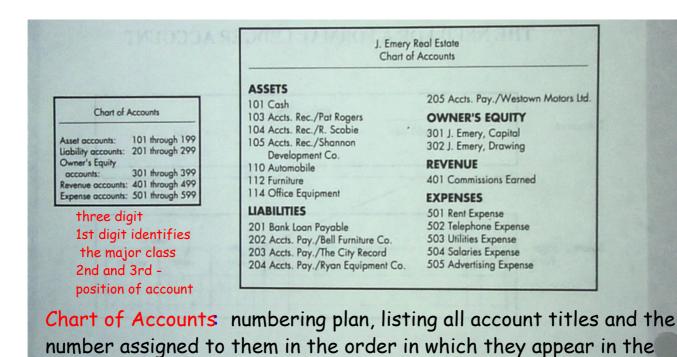
- Organizing the Chart of Accounts.

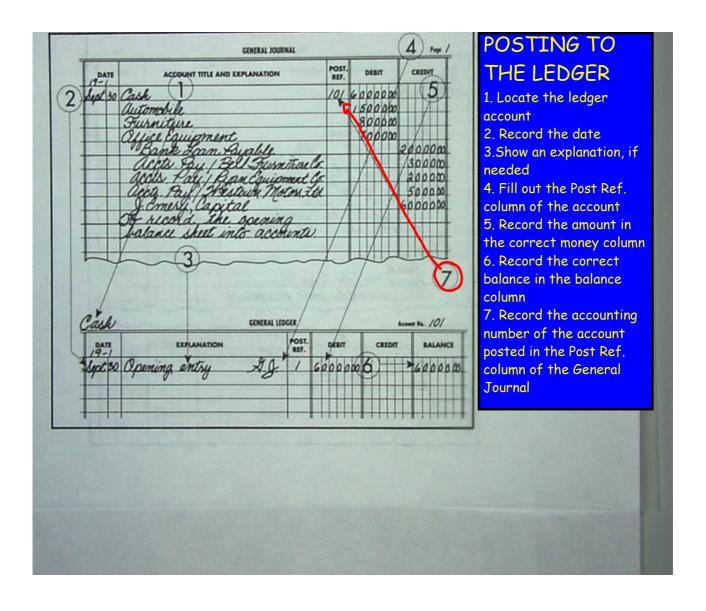
 Assigning the chart of Accounts.

 The ledger

 the number given to each account identifies the account and the order in which the account is listed in the General Ledger
- the numbering is important, it will be used later to prepare financial statements
- a complete list of accounts with the number assigned to it is called the Chart of Accounts.

accounting equation

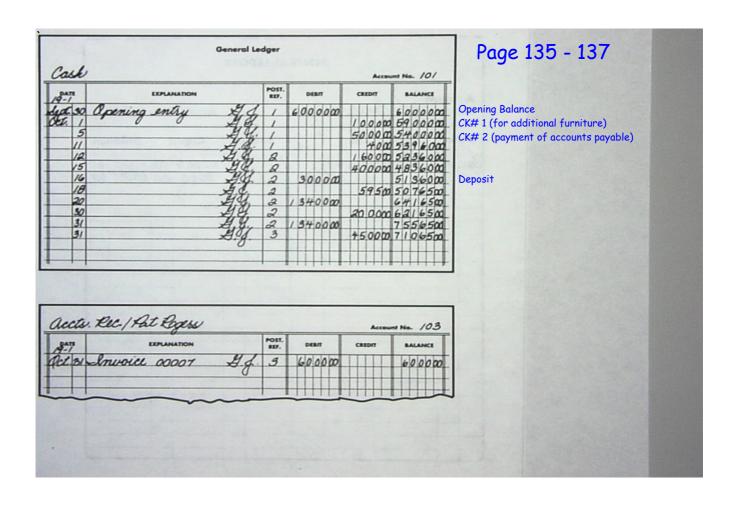




Have these journal entries been posted to the General Ledger? Yes

How can you tell?

Was advertised by the form form the formation of the form you and allowed furniture to form the formation of the form you are to form formation of the formati



	-	nt & Enery,	ngari		Accoun	IT N	10. 201		
Date Explanation		Ref.	Debit	Credit		Balance			
legi let	30	Opening entry 61	2		3000	00	60000 63000	00	

Your text book shows several accounts on one page, in actual practice under a manual system each account would be shown on a separate sheet or cards REVIEWING THE ACCOUNTING CYCLE

STEP 1 - Originating (Source Documents)
STEP 2 - Journalizing (General Journal)

XSTEP 3 - Posting