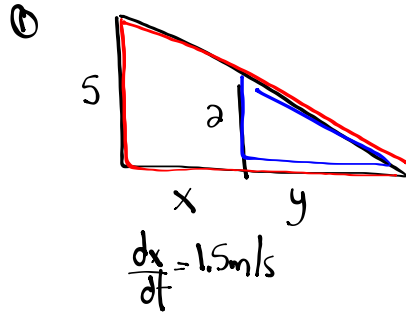


Questions From Homework



$\frac{dx}{dt} = 1.5 \text{ m/s}$

$\frac{x+y}{5} = \frac{y}{2}$

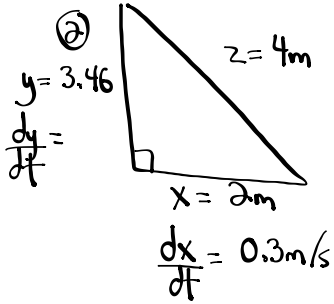
$2x+2y=5y$

$2x=3y$

$2 \frac{dx}{dt} = 3 \frac{dy}{dt}$

$2(1.5) = 3 \frac{dy}{dt}$

$1 \text{ m/s} = \frac{dy}{dt}$



$y = 3.46$
 $\frac{dy}{dt} =$

$\frac{dx}{dt} = 0.3 \text{ m/s}$

(1) Find y

$x^2 + y^2 = z^2$

$(2)^2 + y^2 = (4)^2$

$y^2 = 12$

$y = 3.46 \text{ m}$

(2) Find $\frac{dy}{dt}$ *constant*

$x^2 + y^2 = z^2$

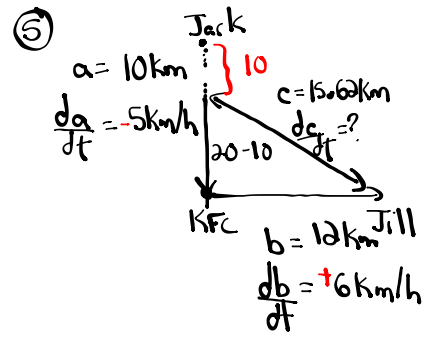
$2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$

$2(2)(0.3) + 2(3.46) \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$

$1.2 + 6.92 \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$

$6.92 \frac{dy}{dt} = -1.2$

$\frac{dy}{dt} = -0.1734 \text{ m/s}$



$\frac{da}{dt} = -5 \text{ km/h}$

$\frac{db}{dt} = +6 \text{ km/h}$

(1) Find c

$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

$10^2 + 12^2 = c^2$

$100 + 144 = c^2$

$244 = c^2$

$15.62 = c$

(2) Find $\frac{dc}{dt}$

$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

$2a \frac{da}{dt} + 2b \frac{db}{dt} = 2c \frac{dc}{dt}$

$2(10)(-5) + 2(12)(6) = 2(15.62) \frac{dc}{dt}$

$-100 + 144 = 31.24 \frac{dc}{dt}$

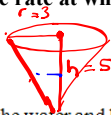
$44 = 31.24 \frac{dc}{dt}$

$1.41 \text{ km/h} = \frac{dc}{dt}$

Jack is headed south at 60 km/h towards JMH and Jill is headed west towards the school at 50 km/h. At what rate is the distance between them closing when Jack is 2 km and Jill is 3 km from the school?

(Hint: draw a diagram)

A water tank is built in the shape of a circular cone with height 5 m and diameter 6 m at the top. Water is being pumped into the tank at a rate of $1.6 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$. Find the rate at which the water level is rising when the water is 2 m deep?



Let V be the volume of the water and let r and h be the radius of the surface and the height at time t , where t is measured in minutes. We are given the rate of increase of V , that is:

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 1.6 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$$

We are asked to find $\frac{dh}{dt}$ when $h = 2 \text{ m}$.

The quantities V and h are related by the equation:

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

But we have to express V as a function of h alone. To eliminate r we look for a relationship between r and h . We use similar triangles in the figure to write.

$$\frac{r}{h} = \frac{3}{5} \quad \text{Thus } r = \frac{3}{5}h \text{ and we have:}$$

$$5r = 3h$$

$$r = \frac{3h}{5}$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h \quad (\text{express } V \text{ in terms of } h \text{ only})$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi \left(\frac{3h}{5}\right)^2 h$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi \left(\frac{9h^2}{25}\right) h$$

$$V = \frac{9\pi h^3}{75}$$

$$V = \frac{3\pi h^3}{25}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{9\pi h^2}{25} \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$1.6 = \frac{9\pi (2)^2}{25} \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$1.6 = \frac{36\pi}{25} \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$1.6 \div \frac{36\pi}{25} = \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$1.6 \times \frac{25}{36\pi} = \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$0.3536 \text{ m/min} = \frac{dh}{dt}$$

Homework