

Page 53

9 d) $f(x) = x^2 + 2, x \leq 0$

$$y = x^2 + 2$$

$$x = y^2 + 2$$

$$x - 2 = y^2$$

$$\pm \sqrt{x-2} = y$$

$$y = -\sqrt{x-2}$$

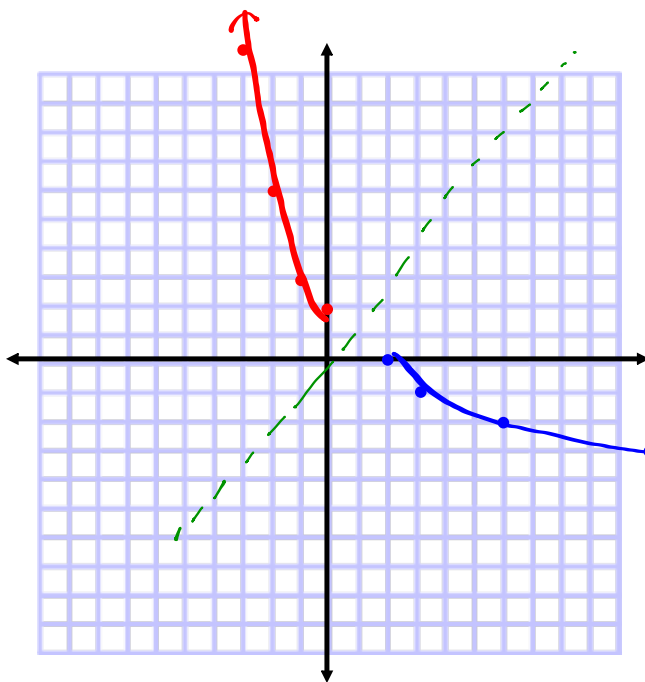
$$f^{-1}(x) = -\sqrt{x-2}$$

$$f(x) = x^2 + 2$$

x	y
0	2
-1	3
-2	6
-3	11

$$f^{-1}(x) = -\sqrt{x-2}$$

x	y
2	0
3	-1
6	-2
11	-3



$$D: \{x \mid x \leq 0, x \in \mathbb{R}\} \text{ or } (-\infty, 0]$$

$$R: \{y \mid y \geq 2, y \in \mathbb{R}\} \text{ or } [2, \infty)$$

$$D: \{x \mid x \geq 2, x \in \mathbb{R}\} \text{ or } [2, \infty)$$

$$R: \{y \mid y \leq 0, y \in \mathbb{R}\} \text{ or } (-\infty, 0]$$

Radical Functions and Transformations

Focus on...

- investigating the function $y = \sqrt{x}$ using a table of values and a graph
- graphing radical functions using transformations
- identifying the domain and range of radical functions

radical function

- a function that involves a radical with a variable in the radicand
- $y = \sqrt{3x}$ and $y = 4\sqrt[3]{5+x}$ are radical functions.

Example 1

Graph Radical Functions Using Tables of Values

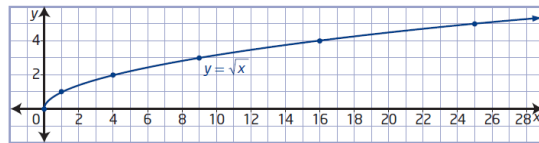
Use a table of values to sketch the graph of each function. Then, state the domain and range of each function.

- a) $y = \sqrt{x}$ b) $y = \sqrt{x - 2}$ c) $y = \sqrt{x} - 3$

- a) For the function $y = \sqrt{x}$, the radicand x must be greater than or equal to zero, $x \geq 0$.

x	y
0	0
1	1
4	2
9	3
16	4
25	5

How can you choose values of x that allow you to complete the table without using a calculator?



The graph has an endpoint at $(0, 0)$ and continues up and to the right. The domain is $\{x \mid x \geq 0, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$. The range is $\{y \mid y \geq 0, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$.

- b) For the function $y = \sqrt{x - 2}$, the value of the radicand must be greater than or equal to zero.

$$x - 2 \geq 0$$

$$x \geq 2$$

$h = 2$

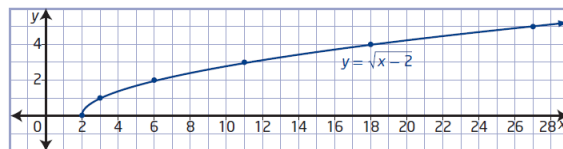
$$(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 2, y)$$

x	y
2	0
3	1
6	2
11	3
18	4
27	5

How is this table related to the table for $y = \sqrt{x}$ in part a)?

translated 2 units right

How does the graph of $y = \sqrt{x - 2}$ compare to the graph of $y = \sqrt{x}$?



The domain is $\{x \mid x \geq 2, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$. The range is $\{y \mid y \geq 0, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$.

$(2, \infty)$

$[0, \infty)$

- c) The radicand of $y = \sqrt{x} - 3$ must be non-negative.

$$x \geq 0$$

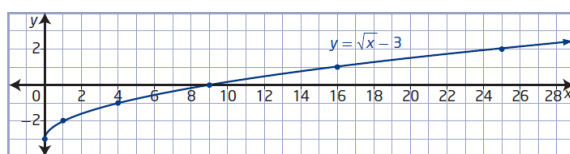
$k = -3$

$$(x, y) \rightarrow (x, y - 3)$$

x	y
0	-3
1	-2
4	-1
9	0
16	1
25	2

How does the graph of $y = \sqrt{x} - 3$ compare to the graph of $y = \sqrt{x}$?

translated 3 units down



The domain is $\{x \mid x \geq 0, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$ and the range is $\{y \mid y \geq -3, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$.

$[0, \infty)$

$[-3, \infty)$

Graphing Radical Functions Using Transformations

You can graph a radical function of the form $y = a\sqrt{b(x - h)} + k$ by transforming the graph of $y = \sqrt{x}$ based on the values of a , b , h , and k . The effects of changing parameters in radical functions are the same as the effects of changing parameters in other types of functions.

- Parameter a results in a vertical stretch of the graph of $y = \sqrt{x}$ by a factor of $|a|$. If $a < 0$, the graph of $y = \sqrt{x}$ is reflected in the x -axis.
- Parameter b results in a horizontal stretch of the graph of $y = \sqrt{x}$ by a factor of $\frac{1}{|b|}$. If $b < 0$, the graph of $y = \sqrt{x}$ is reflected in the y -axis.
- Parameter h determines the horizontal translation. If $h > 0$, the graph of $y = \sqrt{x}$ is translated to the right h units. If $h < 0$, the graph is translated to the left $|h|$ units.
- Parameter k determines the vertical translation. If $k > 0$, the graph of $y = \sqrt{x}$ is translated up k units. If $k < 0$, the graph is translated down $|k|$ units.

Example 2

Graph Radical Functions Using Transformations

Sketch the graph of each function using transformations. Compare the domain and range to those of $y = \sqrt{x}$ and identify any changes.

a) $y = 3\sqrt{-(x - 1)}$

b) $y - 3 = -\sqrt{2x}$

a) $y = \underline{3}\sqrt{\underline{-}(x - \underline{1})}$

$a = 3 \rightarrow$ a vertical stretch by a factor of 3

$b = -1 \rightarrow$ no horizontal stretch but it is reflected in the y-axis

$h = 1 \rightarrow$ translated 1 unit right

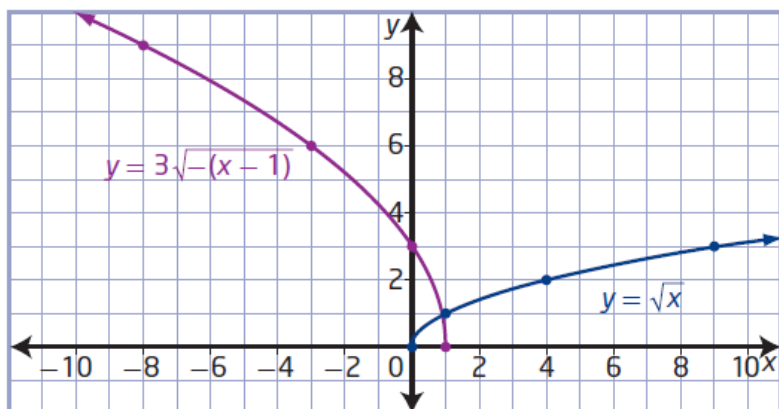
$k = 0 \rightarrow$ no vertical translation

$y = \sqrt{x}$

x	y
0	0
1	1
4	2
9	3
16	4
25	5

$(x, y) \rightarrow (-x+1, 3y)$
 $(x, y) \rightarrow \left(\frac{-1}{-1}x + 1, 3y + 0\right)$

x	y
1	0
0	3
-3	6
-8	9
-15	12
-24	15



D: $\{x | x \leq 1, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$
 $(-\infty, 1]$

R: $\{y | y \geq 0, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

b) $y - 3 = -\sqrt{2x}$

$y = \underline{\underline{-\sqrt{2x}}} + \underline{\underline{3}}$

$a = -1 \rightarrow$ no vertical stretch but vertical reflection in x-axis

$b = 2 \rightarrow$ horizontal stretch by a factor of $\frac{1}{2}$.

$h = 0 \rightarrow$ no horizontal translation

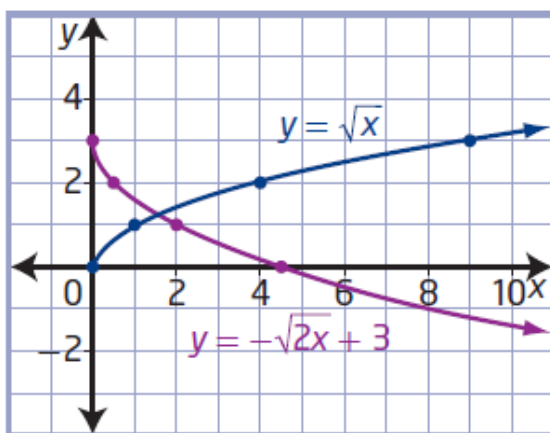
$k = 3 \rightarrow$ translated 3 units up.

$y = \sqrt{x}$

x	y
0	0
1	1
4	2
9	3
16	4
25	5

$(x, y) \rightarrow (\frac{1}{2}x + 0, -|y + 3|)$

x	y
0	3
0.5	2
2	1
4.5	0
8	-1
12.5	-2



D: $\{x | x \geq 0, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

$[0, \infty)$

R: $\{y | y \leq 3, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

$(-\infty, 3]$

Homework

#2-5 on page 72-73

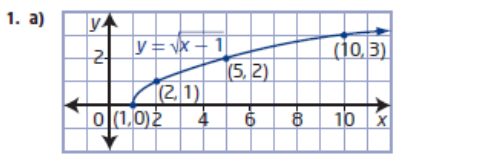
Assignment

$$y - 4 = -3\sqrt{-x + 2}$$

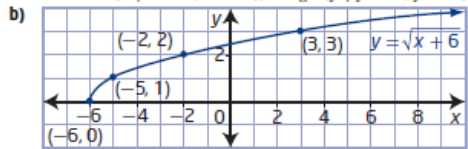
$$y = -3\sqrt{-x + 2} + 4$$

$$y = -3\sqrt{-1(x - 2)} + 4$$

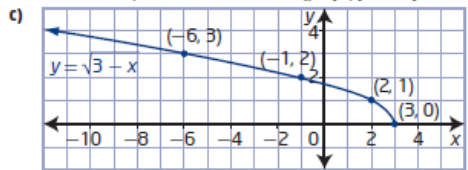
2.1 Radical Functions and Transformations, pages 72 to 77



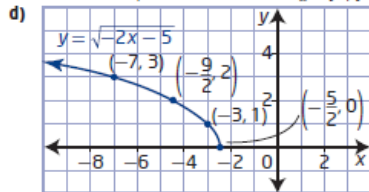
domain $\{x \mid x \geq 1, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$, range $\{y \mid y \geq 0, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$



domain $\{x \mid x \geq -6, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$, range $\{y \mid y \geq 0, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$



domain $\{x \mid x \leq 3, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$, range $\{y \mid y \geq 0, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$



domain $\{x \mid x \leq -\frac{5}{2}, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$,
range $\{y \mid y \geq 0, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

2. a) $a = 7 \rightarrow$ vertical stretch by a factor of 7
 $h = 9 \rightarrow$ horizontal translation 9 units right
 domain $\{x \mid x \geq 9, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$, range $\{y \mid y \geq 0, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$
 b) $b = -1 \rightarrow$ reflected in y-axis
 $k = 8 \rightarrow$ vertical translation up 8 units
 domain $\{x \mid x \leq 0, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$, range $\{y \mid y \geq 8, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$
 c) $a = -1 \rightarrow$ reflected in x-axis
 $b = \frac{1}{5} \rightarrow$ horizontal stretch factor of 5
 domain $\{x \mid x \geq 0, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$, range $\{y \mid y \leq 0, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$
 d) $a = \frac{1}{3} \rightarrow$ vertical stretch factor of $\frac{1}{3}$
 $h = -6 \rightarrow$ horizontal translation 6 units left
 $k = -4 \rightarrow$ vertical translation 4 units down
 domain $\{x \mid x \geq -6, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$,
 range $\{y \mid y \geq -4, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$
3. a) B b) A c) D d) C
4. a) $y = 4\sqrt{x+6}$ b) $y = \sqrt{8x} - 5$
 c) $y = \sqrt{-(x-4)} + 11$ or $y = \sqrt{-x+4} + 11$
 d) $y = -0.25\sqrt{0.1x}$ or $y = -\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\frac{1}{10}x}$

