REVIEW OF TERMS TO DATE IN CHAPTER 4

Objectivity Principle: accounting data should be verifiable

Source Documents: business forms (papers) that give evidence of business transactions on a certain data.

Purchase Invoice - a copy of an invoice, received by the buyer, to give evidence of the purchase made

Sales Invoice - a source document that gives evidence of a sale

Remittance Slip - a source document proving the receipt of a customer's cheque

REVIEW OF TERMS TO DATE IN CHAPTER 4

Journal - a daily record of business transactions in debit and credit form; a book of <u>original entry</u>.

General Journal - a two column journal

Journalizing - the process of analyzing transactions into debits and credits, and recording the results in a journal.

Opening Entry - the first entry to establish an account

Compound Entry - an entry that involves more than two accounts

Topic 3 - Posting Transaction Data

A journal provides a <u>chronological</u> record of business transactions **IN Care order** From the journal can the owner tell with a quick glance How much cash is available in the bank? How much is owing from customers on account? How much is owing to the bank? How much is owing to creditors on accounts payable? How much revenue has been earned? How many expenses have been incurred? The journal is a record of all transactions. How much time would it take to search the journal for all entries affecting one account?

Once debits and credits have been recorded in the journal, accounting ***** information must be transferred from the journal to the individual accounts in the ledger. This process is called posting.

POSTING - transferring debits and credits from the journal to the ledger

Introducing the Modern Ledger

- we learned that transactions are analyzed and recorded in debit and credit form for the first time in the journal, thus it is called the book of original entry (Journal)

- the debits and credits are transferred to the ledger, sometimes referred to as the secondary entry, but there will be no further transfer of debits or credits, thus we will call it the book of final entry

LEDGER (1) - the book of secondary or final entry







- great deal of flexibility in adding, deleting and rearranging individual accounts or groups of accounts

1	Acco	ounts Led	ger	Balance: \$43,362.0)	
action	S Chart of Tra	insactions					1		
1D	Date	Account	Description	W/drawal Amt	Deposit Amt	Taxable		Tasks —	
1	1/2/2005	Transportation	Trip to LA	\$5.00			1	Wew Reports	
2	6/11/2005	Meals	Fancy Meal	\$7.00					
5	1/2/2005	Lodging	Hotel	\$35.00			1	Setup	
8	4/10/2005	Meals	Business Luncheon	\$30.00				Add or Delete Accounts	
9	9/2/2004	Transportation	Air Fare to Atlanta	\$70.00				<u> </u>	
18	11/20/2004	Meals	Dinner	\$20.00				Add or Delete Account T	
19	11/20/2004	Transportation	Cab	\$8.00			1	Add or Delete Reports	
22	6/1/2005	Meals	Client Luncheon	\$55.00				Provide Feedback	
23	6/1/2005	Miscellaneous	Newspapers, Magazines	\$5.00					
25	2/1/2005	Miscellaneous	Tip	\$5.00					
26	2/1/2005	Lodging	Hotel	\$60.00					
30	7/10/2005	Telephone Service	Telephone Bill	\$34.00					
41	1/1/2005	Mutual Fund	First Mutual Fund		\$250.00				
43	7/1/2004	Second Mutual Fur	Second Mutual Fund		\$1,000.00		1 11		
46	2/4/2005	Power Bill	Power Bill	\$200.00			1 11		
50	9/10/2004	Mutual Fund	First Mutual Fund	\$250.00					
52	10/18/2004	Lodging	Hotel	\$55.00					
53	6/1/2005	Mscellaneous	Newspapers, Magazines	\$5.00					
54	2/1/2005	Rental Income	Housing Property		\$1,000.00				
57		Rental Income	Housing Property		\$2,000.00				
90		Second Mutual Fur	Second Mutual Fund		\$20,000.00				
91		Second Mutual Fur	Second Mutual Fund		\$20,000.00				
96		Telephone Service	Telephone Bill	\$34.00			Y		
cord:		1 b b b *	of 24						

Figure 9-12 General Ledger Report.

Company:	10		3		GENE	RAL LEDGER REPOR	RT		Period End: 10/3	(9 Page 1
Batch	ng Period: Referen			Seg	Description	Posting	Journ		Debit	Credit
	1110-200					Duce	-11	~	209.07	
Account:	1110-200	PETTI	CAS	-	OCTION					
102-011	OCT PET	TY		01	REFRESH PETTY CASH	10/03/X9	1	\$	500.00	
						Ending Account	Balar	nce:	709.07	
Account:	1120-900	PAYRO	EL C	ASH		Beginning Accou	unt Be	alance:	1,798,050.30	
98-001	10/03 F	AYROLL		05	HOURLY PAYROLL	10/01/X9				610,982.24
104-001	10/10 F	AYROLL		05	HOURLY PAYROLL	10/08/X9		2		657,188.3
107-001	10/17 F			05	HOURLY PAYROLL	10/16/X9		8		629,427.9
108-014					ADD PAYROLL CASH	10/16/X9		2	2,700,000.00	630,485.7
112-001	10/24 F			05	HOURLY PAYROLL	10/22/X9		2		612,922.2
120-001				05	HOURLY PAYROLL MANAGER PAYROLL	10/30/X9 10/30/X9		2		913,823.5
122-002	10/31 1	WINDL		07	RAMAGER PAINOLL	Ending Account			443,220.24	715,01515
							12226			
Account :	1130-900	OPERA	TING	CASH		Beginning Acco	unt B	alance:	5,347,008.00	
102-011				02	REFRESH PETTY CASH	10/03/X9		R		500.0
107-005				01	AR SYSTEM CASH RECEIPT	s 10/10/X9		R	1,987,490.74	
110-006				01	AR SYSTEM CASH RECEIPT			R	1,398,740.87	2,700,000.0
108-014			071	02	ADD PAYROLL CASH	10/16/X9 S 10/19/X9		R	980,229.40	2,100,000.0
116-005 119-006				01	AR SYSTEM CASH RECEIPT AR SYSTEM CASH RECEIPT			R	2,098,290.30	
						Ending Account	Bala	nce:	9,111,259.31	
Account :	1210-310	AR -	TRAD	E/USA	MARKETING	Beginning Acco	unt B	alance:	18,983,029.20	
104-007	IN0098	190		01	DAILY INVOICING	10/03/X9		R	680,981.19	
104-008				01	DAILY INVOICING	10/04/X9		R	485,983.13	
104-009				01	DAILY INVOICING	10/06/X9		R	835,392.62	
105-001				01	DAILY INVOICING	10/10/X9		R	1,326,300.70	
107-005	AR00018	82		02	AR SYSTEM CASH RECEIPT	rs 10/10/X9		R		2,005,378.1
108-009				01	DAILY INVOICING	10/11/X9		R	335,393.44	
108-013				01	DAILY INVOICING	10/13/X9		R	627,302.57	
110-006				02	AR SYSTEM CASH RECEIPT			R	222 212 54	1,410,909.9
111-009				01	DAILY INVOICING	10/15/X9		R	737,313.54 828,312.60	
114-001				01	DAILY INVOICING	10/17/X9		R	828,312.00	989,149.4
116-005				02	AR SYSTEM CASH RECEIPT	rs 10/19/x9 10/22/x9		R	438,789.63	303,143.4
117-008				01	DAILY INVOICING DAILY INVOICING	10/23/X9		R	434,302.21	
117-009				01	DAILY INVOICING	10/25/X9		R	626,605.97	
117-018				02	AR SYSTEM CASH RECEIP			R	**********	2,116,965.0
						Ending Account	Bala	nce:	19,817,304.16	

8

			CASH			- A(CCOUNT # 100
<u>Date</u>	<u>Comments</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>Debit Amount</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Comments</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>Credit Amount</u>
Jan. 1	Investment	GJ-1	\$50,000	Jan. 1	Inventory	GJ-1	\$3,000
				Jan. 1	Land	GJ-1	\$2,000
				Jan. 1	Insurance	GJ-1	\$2,400
	Total		\$50,000		Total		\$7,400
	Balance		\$42,600				
			INVENTORY				CCOUNT # 140
<u>Date</u>	<u>Comments</u>		Debit Amount	<u>Date</u>	<u>Comments</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>Credit Amount</u>
Jan. 1		GJ-1	\$4,500	-			
	Total		\$4,500				
		_					
Data			D INSURANCE	D-t-	Commente		CCOUNT # 150
<u>Date</u>	<u>Comments</u>		Debit Amount	Date	<u>Comments</u>	<u>кет.</u>	<u>Credit Amount</u>
Jan. 1		GJ-1	\$2,400	-			
	Total		\$2,400				
				I			
			LAND				000UNT # 170
Date	<u>Comments</u>	Dof	LAND Debit Amount	Date	<u>Comments</u>		CCOUNT # 170 Credit Amount
Jan. 1	<u>comments</u>	GJ-1	\$20,000		<u>comments</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	Creart Amount
Jan. I	Total	1-נט	\$20,000	1			
	TUCAL		\$20,000				
				I			
	A	:cou	NTS PAYABLE			A	CCOUNT # 200
Date	Comments		Debit Amount	Date	Comments		Credit Amount
					Inventory	GJ-1	
					Total		\$1,500
	M	ORTG	AGE PAYABLE			A	CCOUNT # 270
<u>Date</u>	<u>Comments</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>Debit Amount</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Comments</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	Credit Amount
				Jan. 1	Land	GJ-1	\$18,000
					Total		\$18,000
				-			
		OW	NERS EQUITY				CCOUNT # 300
<u>Date</u>	<u>Comments</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>Debit Amount</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Comments</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	Credit Amount
				Jan. 1	Initial Investment	GJ-1	\$50,000
					Total		\$50,000

The modern ledger, is a group of accounts filed according to the method of data process used by the business.

Ledger (2) - a group or file of accounts; the book of final entry

Exploring the Need for a Formal Ledger Account

Chapter 3 we used T- accounts

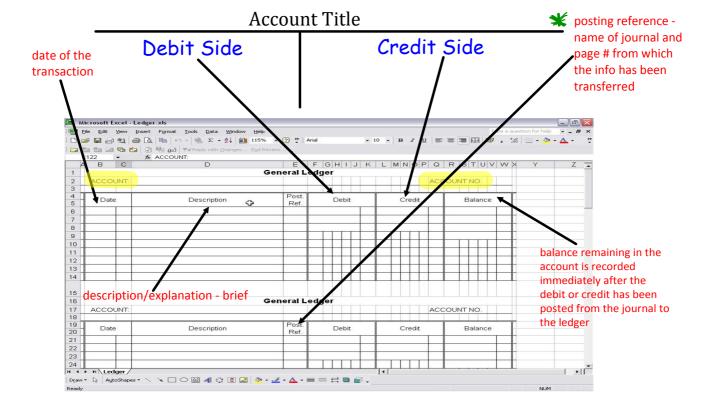
 not an efficient method for recording numerous entries and the account's final balance.

It is however, still used as a valuable tool to assist with the visual analysis of a troublesome transaction. (compound Entry)

- account form posted by hand will be quite different from one posted by computer

A widely used form is the three column form

Dit Gredit Balance



Balance Ledger form - a three column account with a "running balance" column (See the balance after each transaction)

General Ledger - the ledger filing those accounts which supply information for the preparation of financial statements

4 Income Statement 4 Balance Sheet

Organizing the Chart of Accounts (Index/Legend)

- the number given to each account identifies the account and the order in which the account is listed in the General Ledger

- the numbering is important, it will be used later to prepare financial statements

- a complete list of accounts with the number assigned to it is called the Chart of Accounts.

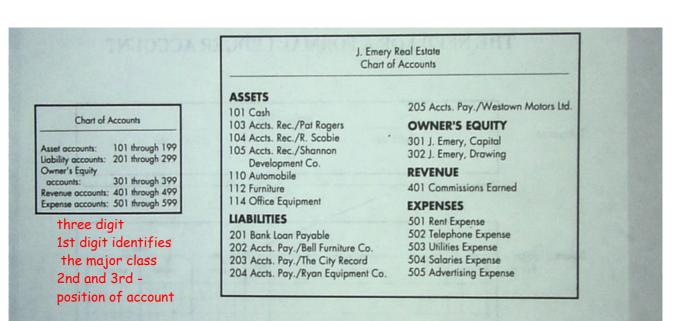
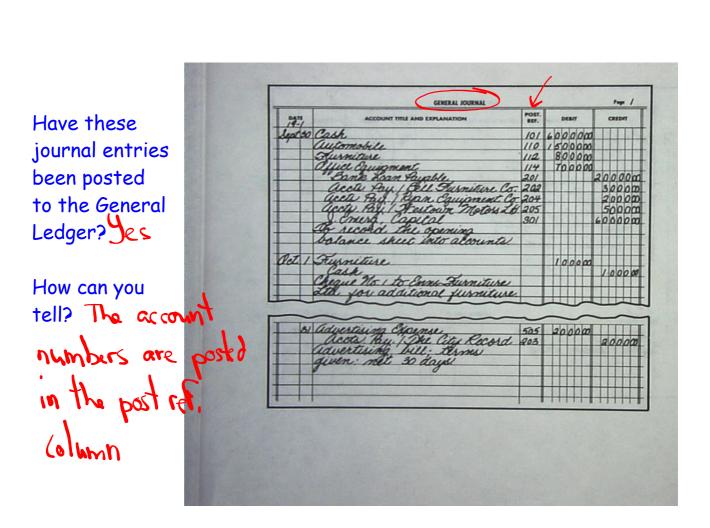


Chart of Accounts numbering plan, listing all account titles and the number assigned to them in the order in which they appear in the accounting equation

DATE	ACCOUNT TITLE AND EXPLANATION	POST. DESIT	CREDIT	THE LEDGER
	Cash Automobile Surniture Office Lawgment Caceto Sur Bul Surnitaele Caceto Pay / Bell Surnitaele Caceto Pay / Pestow Motoritaele Caceto Pay / Prestow Motoritaele Scomerce, Capital Of Accord The Opening Valance sheet into account.			 Locate the ledger account Record the date Show an explanation, if needed Fill out the Post Ref. column of the account Record the amount in the correct money column
Cash 19-1 Sector	GENERAL LEDGES EXPLANATION POST. 2 Opening, entry A.J. / 60	94817 CR	7 Lorent Ka. 101 EDIT BALANCE 6000000	6. Record the correct balance in the balance column 7. Record the account number of the account posted in the Post Ref. column of the General Journal



Cask				Acces	mt No. 101	
DATE	EXPLANATION	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
2 30	apening entry 44	1	600000		600000	Opening Balance
I. 1	· · · ·	1			590000	CK# 1 (for additional furniture)
_ 5	A.4:	1			5400000	CK# 2 (payment of accounts payable)
-11	A.G.	1		16000	5396000	
15	HA	8		40000	a service of the serv	
16	- Hor	2	30000	40000	5136000	Deposit
18	E.	2	50000	5950		
20	H.C.		1340000		6416500	
30	4.4.	2		20 0000	6216500	
					m	
31	A.Y.	2	1340000		7 5 5 6 500	
30 31 31	A.Y.	3	1340000	+5.000	7556500	
31	A.Y.	3	1 340000	+5.00W	7550500	
3/	H.Y.	3	1 54 00 00	\$ 5.000	7556500	
31	H.Y.	83	/ 340000	<u></u> +500℃	7556500 7106500	
31	Lig.	23	/ 340000	<u>+</u> 5.0000	7556500	
31	Liy.	3	1 5+ 0000	1 5.0000	755650	
	Ley.	3	1 54 00 00		710650	
	Hey. Hec. / Pat Regers	3 Post.			7106500 	
ects	EXPLANATION	3 Post. EF.	DEB/T		7 1 0 6 5 00 ni No. 103 balance	
ects		3 Post.			7106500 	
ects	EXPLANATION	3 Post. EF.	DEB/T		7 1 0 6 5 00 ni No. 103 balance	
ects	EXPLANATION	3 Post. EF.	DEB/T		7 1 0 6 5 00 ni No. 103 balance	

Account J. Energy, Capital Account No. 30/ Name J. Energy, Capital Account No. 30/ Date Explanation Post. Debit Credit Balance 10/30 Opening energy 65 / 60000 00 60000 0 10/10 6.1 2 3000 00 63000 0 10/10 6.1 2 3000 00 63000 0	Balance	t	Credi	Debit			
ept 30 Opening entry 65 1 60000 00 60000 0	60000 00 63000 00	00			Ref.	Explanation	Date
	and the second second second	00	60000 3000		2	Apening entry GI GJ.	ept 30 et 16

Your text book shows several accounts on one page, in actual practice under a manual system each account would be shown on a separate sheet or cards

