

$$\textcircled{1} \text{ a) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\overset{(x+d)}{\cancel{2}} - 1 \overset{(x+d)}{\cancel{2}}}{x(x+d)}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 - x - 2}{x(x+d)}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cancel{-x}}{\cancel{x}(x+d)} = \frac{-1}{d}$$

$$\text{b) } \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2-3x^2)^2}{6x^4 - 7x^2 - 5}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2-3x^2)(2-3x^2)}{6x^4 - 7x^2 - 5}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4 - 12x^2 + 9x^4}{6x^4 - 7x^2 - 5} = \frac{9}{6} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\text{c) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x+d)^3 - 27}{x-1} \quad \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{diff} \\ \text{of cubos} \end{array}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\overset{x+d-3}{(x+d)-3} [(x+d)^2 + 3(x+d) + 9]}{x-1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\cancel{x-1} [(x+d)^2 + 3(x+d) + 9]}{\cancel{x-1}} = 9 + 9 + 9 = \textcircled{27}$$

$$\text{d) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 7} \frac{(\sqrt{x+9} - 4)(\sqrt{x+9} + 4)}{(x-7)(\sqrt{x+9} + 4)}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 7} \frac{x+9 - 16}{(x-7)(\sqrt{x+9} + 4)}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 7} \frac{\cancel{x-7}}{\cancel{(x-7)}(\sqrt{x+9} + 4)} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\textcircled{d} \text{ e) } \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4x+7}{3x^2-2} = 0 \quad (\text{Bigger on bottom})$$

$$\text{f) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x^2 - 10x + 24}{x^2 - 16}$$

Simple trinomial
 $-6 + -4 = -10$
 $-6 \times -4 = 24$

diff of squares

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{(x-6)(x-4)}{(x+4)(x-4)} = \frac{-2}{8} = \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)$$

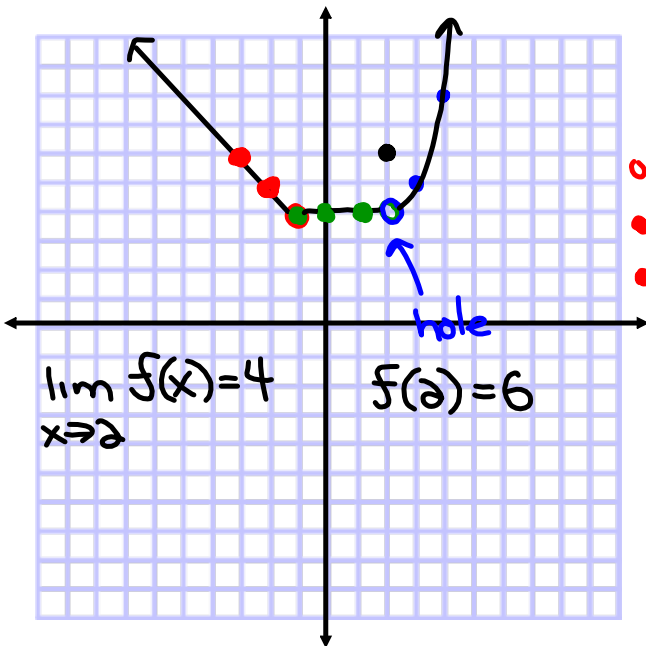
$$\text{g) } \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(h-2)^2 - 4}{h} \quad \leftarrow \text{diff of squares}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{[(h-2)+2][(h-2)-2]}{h}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h(h-4)}{h} = -4$$

$$\text{h) } \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} 5x^2 - 3x + 6 = 20 + 6 + 6 = \textcircled{32}$$

$$\textcircled{a} \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} 3-x, & x < -1 \\ 4, & -1 \leq x < 2 \\ 6, & x = 2 \\ (x-2)^2 + 4, & x > 2 \end{cases}$$



$3-x$	
x	y
0	-1
•	-2
•	-3

4	
x	y
•	-1
•	0
•	1
•	2

6	
x	y
•	2

$(x-2)^2 + 4$	
x	y
•	2
•	3
•	4

Discontinuous @
 $x = 2$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) \neq f(2)$$

3. The following is a graph of $f(x)$:

Evaluate each of the following:

(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3^+} f(x) = 0$ (b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3^-} f(x) = \infty$

(c) $f(-3) = 0$ (d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = 3$

closed dot

(e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = \infty$ (f) $f(2) = \infty$

closed dot

(g) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x) = -\infty$ (h) $f(3) = -\infty$

i) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x) = \text{DNE}$

