

## Questions From Homework

- ② Let  $x = 1^{\text{st}}$  number  
 Let  $y = 2^{\text{nd}}$  number

$$\begin{aligned}x+y &= 8 \\x &= \boxed{8-y}\end{aligned}$$

$$x = 8 - 2$$

$$x = 6$$

$$\begin{aligned}S &= x^2 + y^3 \\S &= (8-y)^2 + y^3 \\S &= 64 - 16y + y^2 + y^3\end{aligned}$$

$$S' = -16 + 2y + 3y^2 \quad \text{decomp.}$$

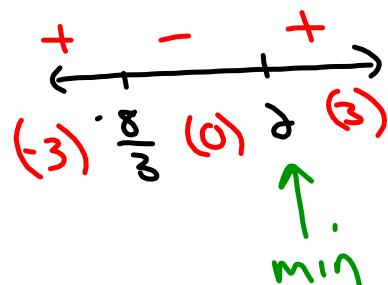
$$S' = 3y^2 + 2y - 16$$

$$S' = 3y^2 - 6y + 8y - 16$$

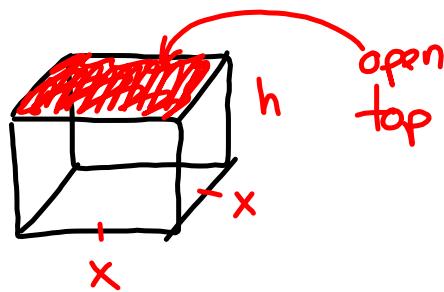
$$S' = 3y(y-2) + 8(y-2)$$

$$S' = (3y+8)(y-2)$$

$$\text{CV: } y = -\frac{8}{3} \boxed{2}$$



## Questions From Homework



$$x^2 h = 4000$$

$$h = \frac{4000}{x^2}$$

$$h = \frac{4000}{(20)^2}$$

$$h = 10 \text{ cm}$$

$\therefore$  The dimensions that minimize the surface area are  $20 \times 20 \times 10$

$$A = x^2 + 4xh$$

$$A = x^2 + 4x \left[ \frac{4000}{x^2} \right]$$

$$A = x^2 + 16000x^{-1}$$

$$A' = 2x - \frac{16000}{x^2}$$

$$A' = \frac{2x^3 - 16000}{x^3}$$

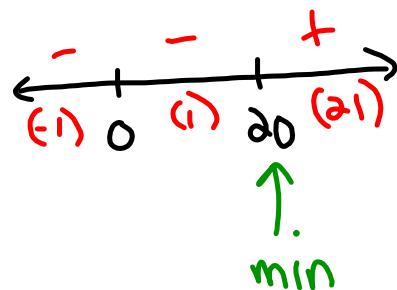
$$2x^3 - 16000 = 0$$

$$2x^3 = 16000$$

$$x^3 = 8000$$

$$x = 20$$

$$\text{CV: } x = 0, 20$$



## Questions From Homework

- ⑤ Find the point on the parabola  $y^2 = x^2$  that is closest to the point (-4, 1)

$$y = \frac{x^2}{2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{(x-x_1)^2 + (y-y_1)^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{(x+4)^2 + (y-1)^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{(x+4)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 1\right)^2}$$

$$f(x) = (x+4)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 1\right)^2$$

$$f'(x) = 2(x+4)(1) + 2\left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 1\right)(x)$$

$$f'(x) = 2x + 8 + x^3 - 2x$$

$$f'(x) = x^3 + 8$$

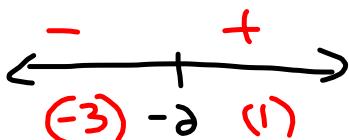
$$x^3 = -8$$

$$x = -2$$

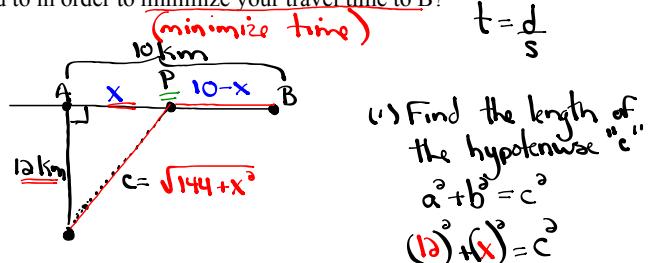
$$y = \frac{x^2}{2} \quad (-2, 2)$$

$$y = \frac{(-2)^2}{2}$$

$$y = 2$$



You are in a dune buggy in the desert 12km due south of the nearest point A on a straight east-west road. You wish to get to point B on the road 10km east of point A. If your dune buggy can average 15km/h traveling over the desert, and 39km/h traveling on the road, toward what point on the road should you head to in order to minimize your travel time to B?



(1) Find the length of the hypotenuse "c"  
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$   
 $(12)^2 + (x)^2 = c^2$

let  $x$  = the distance from A to P  
 $t = \frac{12}{15} + \frac{10-x}{39}$   
 $t = \frac{1}{15}(144+x^2)^{1/2} + \frac{10}{39} - \frac{1}{39}x$   
 $t' = \frac{1}{30}\frac{(144+x^2)^{1/2}}{15}(2x) + 0 - \frac{1}{39}$

$$144 + x^2 = c^2$$

$$\pm \sqrt{144 + x^2} = c$$

$$\sqrt{144 + x^2} = c \text{ (distance)}$$

(2) minimize  $t$ :

$$t = \frac{d}{s}$$

$$t = \frac{\sqrt{144+x^2}}{15} + \frac{10-x}{39}$$

$$t = \frac{1}{15}(144+x^2)^{1/2} + \frac{10}{39} - \frac{1}{39}x$$

$$t' = \frac{1}{30}\frac{(144+x^2)^{1/2}}{15}(2x) + 0 - \frac{1}{39}$$

$$t' = \frac{x}{15(144+x^2)^{1/2}} - \frac{1}{39}$$

CV:  $0 = \frac{x}{15(144+x^2)^{1/2}} - \frac{1}{39}$

$$\frac{1}{39} = \frac{x}{15(144+x^2)^{1/2}}$$

$$15(144+x^2)^{1/2} = 39x$$

$$225(144+x^2) = 1521x^2$$

$$32400 + 225x^2 = 1521x^2$$

$$\frac{32400}{1296} = \frac{126x^2}{1296}$$

(Square both sides)  
 $(15\sqrt{144+x^2})(15\sqrt{144+x^2})$

$$25 = x^2$$

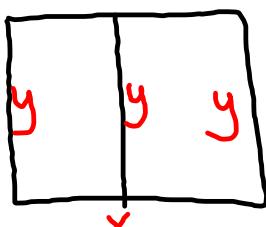
$$\pm 5 = x$$

$$5 \text{ km} = x$$

$$\begin{array}{c} - \\ \leftarrow \quad \rightarrow \\ (-6) \quad 0 \quad 5 \quad (6) \end{array}$$

Drive to a point 5 km due east of Point A

You have 400 m of fencing to construct a rectangular pen that will be divided into 2 sections of equal size. Find the dimensions that would maximize the area of the whole pen.



Let  $x = \text{length}$   
Let  $y = \text{width}$

$$P = 2x + 3y$$

$$400 = 2x + 3y$$

$$400 - 2x = 3y$$

$$\boxed{\frac{400 - 2x}{3} = y}$$

$$y = \frac{400 - 2(100)}{3}$$

$$y = \frac{200}{3}$$

$$y = 66\overline{6} \text{ m}$$

$$A = xy$$

$$A = x \left[ \frac{400 - 2x}{3} \right]$$

$$A = \frac{400x - 2x^2}{3}$$

$$A = \frac{400}{3}x - \frac{2x^2}{3}$$

$$A' = \frac{400}{3} - \frac{4}{3}x$$

$$0 = \frac{400}{3} - \frac{4}{3}x$$

$$\frac{4x}{3} = \frac{400}{3}$$

$$4x = 400$$

$$x = 100 \text{ m}$$

Find the points on the parabola  $y = 6 - x^2$  that are closest to the point  $(0, 3)$

$$d = \sqrt{(x - x_1)^2 + (y - y_1)^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{(x - 0)^2 + (6 - x^2 - 3)^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{x^2 + (3 - x^2)^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{x^2 + 9 - 6x^2 + x^4}$$

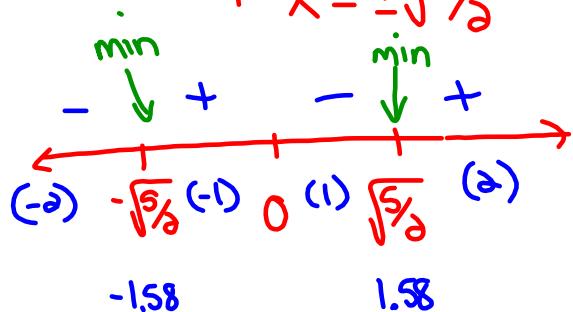
$$d = \sqrt{x^4 - 5x^2 + 9}$$

$$f(x) = x^4 - 5x^2 + 9$$

$$f'(x) = 4x^3 - 10x$$

$$f'(x) = 2x(2x^2 - 5)$$

$$\begin{array}{l|l} 2x=0 & 2x^2-5=0 \\ x=0 & x^2=\frac{5}{2} \\ & x=\pm\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}} \end{array}$$



$$y = 6 - \left(\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}}\right)^2$$

$$y = 6 - \frac{5}{2} = \frac{7}{2}$$

$$y = 6 - \left(-\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}}\right)^2$$

$$y = 6 - \frac{5}{2} = \frac{7}{2}$$

The points are  $(-\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}}, \frac{7}{2})$  and  $(\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}}, \frac{7}{2})$

# Homework

①  $2l + 2w = 24$   
 $2w = 24 - 2l$   
 $w = 12 - l$   
 $w = 12 - 6$   
 $w = 6 \text{ cm}$

$A = l \times w$   
 $A = l(12-l)$   
 $A = 12l - l^2$   
 $A' = 12 - 2l$   
 $A' = 2(6-l)$   
 $l = 6 \text{ cm}$

Max Area =  $6 \times 6 = 36 \text{ cm}^2$

②  $l \times w = 64$   
 $w = \frac{64}{l}$   
 $w = \frac{64}{8}$   
 $w = 8 \text{ cm}$

$P = 2l + 2w$   
 $P = 2l + 2\left(\frac{64}{l}\right)$   
 $P = 2l + \frac{128}{l}$   
 $P' = 2 - \frac{128}{l^2}$   
 $\frac{128}{l^2} = 2$   
 $2l^2 = 128$   
 $l^2 = 64$   
 $l = \pm 8$   
 $l = 8 \text{ cm}$

min perimeter =  $2(8) + 16 = 32 \text{ cm}$

③  $2x^2 + 4xh = 96$   
 $4xh = 96 - 2x^2$   
 $h = \frac{96 - 2x^2}{4x}$   
 $h = \frac{96 - 32}{16}$   
 $h = 4 \text{ cm}$

$V = x^2 h$   
 $V = x^2 \left[ \frac{96 - 2x^2}{4x} \right]$   
 $V = \frac{96x - 2x^3}{4}$   
 $V = 24x - \frac{1}{2}x^3$

$V' = 24 - \frac{3}{2}x^2$   
 $\frac{3}{2}x^2 = 24$   
 $3x^2 = 48$   
 $x^2 = 16$   
 $x = \pm 4$   
 $x = 4 \text{ cm}$

Max Volume =  $4 \times 4 \times 4 = 64 \text{ cm}^3$

 A photograph of a person's hand holding a piece of white paper with handwritten mathematical calculations. The paper is oriented vertically.

④  $x^2 + 4xh = 108$

$$4xh = 108 - x^2$$

$$h = \frac{108 - x^2}{4x}$$

$$h = \frac{108 - 36}{24}$$

$$h = 3\text{cm}$$

$V = x^2 h$

$$V = x^2 \left[ \frac{108 - x^2}{4x} \right]$$

$$V = \frac{108x - x^3}{4}$$

$$V = 27x - \frac{1}{4}x^3$$

$\Rightarrow V' = 27 - \frac{3}{4}x^2$

$$\frac{3}{4}x^2 = 27$$

$$3x^2 = 108$$

$$x^2 = 36$$

$$x = \pm 6$$

$$x = 6\text{cm}$$

Max Volume =  $6 \times 6 \times 3 = 108\text{cm}^3$

⑤  $x^2 h = 81$

$$h = \frac{81}{x^2}$$

$$h = \frac{81}{18.72}$$

$$h = 4.326\text{cm}$$

$A = 2x^2 + 4xh$

$$A = 2x^2 + 4x \left[ \frac{81}{x^2} \right]$$

$$A = 2x^2 + 324x^{-1}$$

$$A' = 4x - \frac{324}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{324}{x^2} = 4x$$

$$4x^3 = 324$$

$$x^3 = 81$$

$$x = 4.326\text{cm}$$

Min Area =  $2(4.326)^2 + 4(4.326)$

$$= 37.44 + 74.88$$

$$= 112.32\text{cm}^2$$

⑥  $x^2 h = 98$        $A = x^2 + 4xh$        $\text{min } A = (5.81)^2 + 4(5.81)(2.9)$   
 $h = \frac{98}{x^2}$        $A = x^2 + 4 \left[ \frac{98}{x^2} \right]$        $= 33.76 + 67.5$   
 $h = \frac{98}{33.74}$        $A = x^2 + 392x^{-1}$        $= 101.26 \text{ cm}^2$   
 $h = 2.9 \text{ cm}$        $A' = 2x - \frac{392}{x^2}$   
 $\frac{392}{x^2} = 2x$   
 $3x^2 = 392$   
 $x^2 = 196$   
 $x = 5.81 \text{ cm}$

⑦  $2l + 2w = 100$        $A = l \times w$        $25m \times 25m \text{ (Square)}$   
 $2w = 100 - 2l$        $A = l(50-l)$   
 $w = 50 - l$        $A = 50l - l^2$   
 $w = 25$        $A' = 50 - 2l$   
 $w = 25 \text{ m}$        $A' = 2(25-l)$   
 $l = 25 \text{ m}$

⑧  $l + 2w = 60$        $A = l \times w$       Max Area =  $30 \times 15$   
 $l = 60 - 2w$        $A = (60-2w)w$        $= 450 \text{ m}^2$   
 $l = 60 - 30$        $A = 60w - 2w^2$   
 $l = 30 \text{ m}$        $A' = 60 - 4w$   
 $A' = 4(15-w)$   
 $w = 15 \text{ m}$

Cost of Ownership  
solutions/enterprise

①  $D\omega = 4000$        $P = 2l + 2w$   
 $\omega = \frac{4000}{l}$        $P = 2l + 2\left[\frac{4000}{l}\right]$   
 $w = \frac{4000}{63.24}$        $P = 2l + 8000 \text{ ft}^{-1}$   
 $\omega = 63.24 \text{ ft}$        $P' = 2 - \frac{8000}{l^2}$   
 $\frac{8000}{l^2} = 2$   
 $2l^2 = 8000$   
 $l^2 = 4000$   
 $l = \pm 63.24$   
 $\frac{l^2 - l^2}{63.24} = \frac{63.24}{63.24}$   
 $\boxed{l = 63.24 \text{ ft}}$

$P = 2(63.24) + 2(63.24)$   
 $= 258.96 \text{ ft}$   
 $C = 252.96 \times 3 \text{ ft/m}$   
 $= \$758.88$

↑ min cost

②  $2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh = 169.56$        $V = \pi r^2 h$   
 $2\pi rh = 169.56 - 2\pi r^2$        $V = \pi r^2 \left[ \frac{169.56 - 2\pi r^2}{2\pi r} \right]$   
 $h = \frac{169.56 - 2\pi r^2}{2\pi r}$   
 $h = \frac{169.56 - 56.52}{18.84}$   
 $\boxed{h = 6 \text{ cm}}$

$V = \pi (3)^2 (6)$   
 $V = 169.56 \text{ cm}^3$

$3\pi r^2 - 84.78$   
 $r^2 = 9$   
 $r = \pm 3$   
 $\boxed{r = 3 \text{ cm}}$  max