

Questions From Homework

Making a Complete Sketch

Example:

Examine the function $f(x) = 3x^5 - 5x^3$ with respect to...

- Intercepts $f(x)$
- Symmetry
- Asymptotes (No asymptotes for polynomial functions)
- Intervals of Increase or Decrease $f'(x)$
- Local Maximum and Minimum values $f(x)$
- $f''(x)$ Concavity and Points of Inflection
- Sketch the Curve

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= 3x^5 - 5x^3 & f'(x) &= 15x^4 - 15x^2 & f''(x) &= 60x^3 - 30x \\ f(x) &= x^3(3x^2 - 5) & f'(x) &= 15x^2(x^2 - 1) & f''(x) &= 30x(6x^2 - 1) \\ & & f'(x) &= 15x^2(x - 1)(x + 1) & & \end{aligned}$$

① x-int ($y=0$)

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= x^3(3x^2 - 5) & f(x) &= 3x^5 - 5x^3 \\ 0 &= x^3(3x^2 - 5) & f(0) &= 3(0)^5 - 5(0)^3 \\ 0 &= x^3(3x^2 - 5) & f(0) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{l|l} x^3 = 0 & 3x^2 - 5 = 0 \\ x = 0 & \frac{3x^2}{3} = \frac{5}{3} \\ (0,0) & x^2 = \frac{5}{3} \\ & x = \pm \sqrt{\frac{5}{3}} \\ & (1.29, 0) \\ & + (-1.29, 0) \end{array}$$

② y-int ($x=0$)

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= 3x^5 - 5x^3 & f(0) &= 3(0)^5 - 5(0)^3 \\ f(0) &= 0 & f(0) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

③ Intervals of Inc/Dec.

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= 15x^2(x - 1)(x + 1) & \text{Sign Chart: } & \text{Increasing on } (-\infty, -1) \cup (0, \infty) \\ 0 &= 15x^2(x - 1)(x + 1) & (-\infty, -1) & \text{Decreasing on } (-1, 0) \cup (0, 1) \\ 15x^2 &= 0 & x - 1 = 0 & \text{or } x + 1 = 0 \\ x^2 &= 0 & x = 1 & \\ x = 0 & & x = -1 & \end{aligned}$$

CV: $x = -1, 0, 1$

④ max @ $x = -1$

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= 3x^5 - 5x^3 & f(x) &= 3x^5 - 5x^3 \\ f(-1) &= 3(-1)^5 - 5(-1)^3 & f(-1) &= 3(-1)^5 - 5(-1)^3 \\ f(-1) &= -3 + 5 & f(-1) &= -3 + 5 \\ f(-1) &= 2 & f(-1) &= 2 \\ (-1, 2) & & (-1, 2) & \end{aligned}$$

⑤ min @ $x = 1$

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= 3x^5 - 5x^3 & f(x) &= 3x^5 - 5x^3 \\ f(1) &= 3(1)^5 - 5(1)^3 & f(1) &= 3(1)^5 - 5(1)^3 \\ f(1) &= 3 - 5 & f(1) &= 3 - 5 \\ f(1) &= -2 & f(1) &= -2 \\ (1, -2) & & (1, -2) & \end{aligned}$$

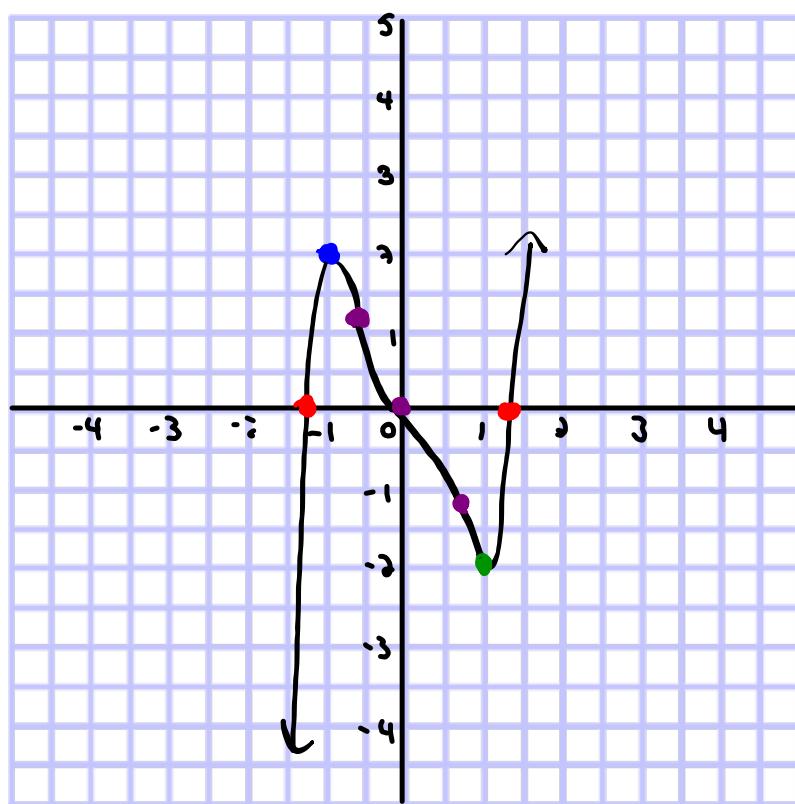
⑥ Intervals of Concavity:

$$\begin{aligned} f''(x) &= 30x(2x^2 - 1) & \text{Sign Chart: } & \text{CD on } (-\infty, -0.7) \cup (0, 0.7) \\ 0 &= 30x(2x^2 - 1) & (-\infty, -0.7) & \text{CV on } (-0.7, 0) \cup (0, 0.7) \\ 30x &= 0 & 2x^2 - 1 = 0 & \\ x = 0 & & \frac{2x^2}{2} = \frac{1}{2} & \\ & & x^2 = \frac{1}{2} & \\ & & x = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \\ & & x = \pm 0.707 & \end{aligned}$$

CV: $x = -0.7, 0, 0.7$

⑦ Inflection Points

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= 3x^5 - 5x^3 \\ f(-0.7) &= 3(-0.7)^5 - 5(-0.7)^3 = -0.504 + 1.715 = 1.2 & (-0.7, 1.2) \\ f(0) &= 3(0)^5 - 5(0)^3 = 0 - 0 = 0 & (0, 0) \\ f(0.7) &= 3(0.7)^5 - 5(0.7)^3 = 0.504 - 1.715 = -1.2 & (0.7, -1.2) \end{aligned}$$



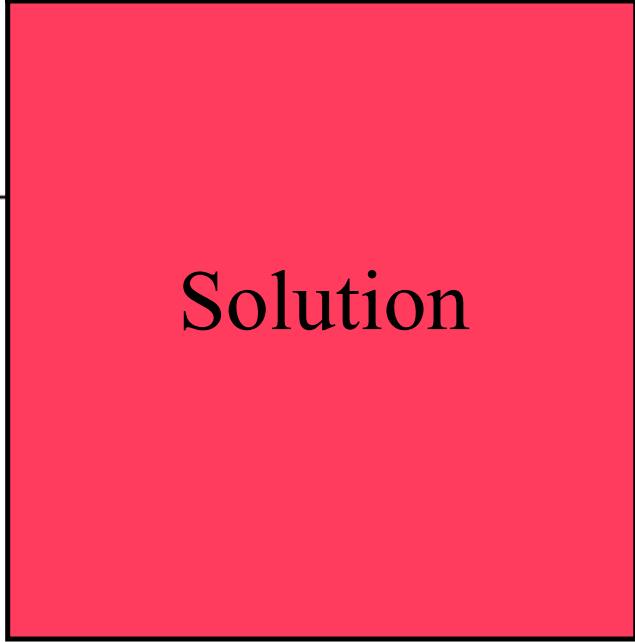
Assignment:

Sketch $f(x) = x^2 + x^3$

homework

Examine the function $f(x) = x^4 - 4x^3$ with respect to...

- Intercepts
- Symmetry
- Asymptotes
- Intervals of Increase or Decrease
- Local Maximum and Minimum values
- Concavity and Points of Inflection
- Sketch the Curve



Solution

homework

Examine the function $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{1-x^2}$ with respect to...

- Intercepts
- Symmetry
- Asymptotes
- Intervals of Increase or Decrease
- Local Maximum and Minimum values
- Concavity and Points of Inflection
- Sketch the Curve

homework

Examine the function $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{x-7}$ with respect to...

- Intercepts
- Symmetry
- Asymptotes
- Intervals of Increase or Decrease
- Local Maximum and Minimum values
- Concavity and Points of Inflection
- Sketch the Curve