# Feb 20, 2019

- 1) Eating for Wellness cont
  - 6 Major Nutrients



Warm-Up



\_\_15.9\_\_% of the fat intake Canadians consume comes from items such as pizza, sandwiches, hamburgers and hot dogs.

Test next Monday or Tuesday on Wellness!!



#### Carbohydrates

Carbohydrates are the major source of energy for our body. They should be 45 to 65 % of our daily <u>calorie</u> intake.

Choose more <u>complex</u> carbohydrates (potatoes, rice, whole grains, beans, vegetables) and less <u>simple</u> carbohydrates (sucrose, fructose, corn syrup, molasses, honey). Some simple carbohydrates are good those that come naturally from <u>fruit</u> and milk, but we want to limit the <u>added sugars</u> that come from soft drinks, cakes, cookies, pies, candy etc.

### **Proteins**



<u>Protein</u> is used to build and repair tissue, maintain chemical <u>balance</u>, and regulate the <u>forming</u> of hormones, antibodies and <u>enzymes</u>.

You can <u>determine</u> your daily protein need in grams by taking your weight x 0.36

Most people meet or <u>exceed</u> their need for protein daily.

Sources of <u>protein</u> are meat, fish, chicken, eggs, milk, beans, pasta, <u>rice</u> etc

#### Fats

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See Table 11-3 for an explanation and examples of each type of fat

#### **Vitamins**



They are <u>vital</u> to life but only required in small doses.

There are two categories

<u>Fat-Soluble</u> = Vitamins A,D,E and K

Water-Soluble = Vitamin C and the B complex

## **Minerals**

There are two types

Macrominerals: needed in large doses

i.e. calcium, phosphorous, magnesium, potassium, sodium

Trace Minerals: needed in small doses

i.e. iron, zinc, copper, iodine, fluoride, selenium