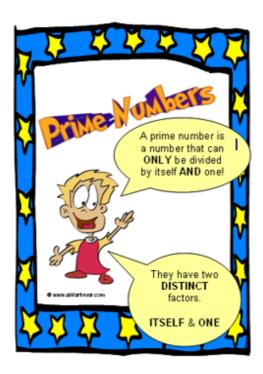
Can you identify the 25 Prime Numbers?

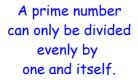
			•			<u> </u>			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100



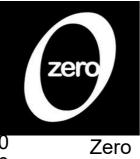
Prime Numbers

A <u>Prime Number</u> can be divided evenly **only** by 1 & itself. And it must be a whole number greater than 1.





The following are NOT Prime Numbers



1 x 0 2 x 0 3 x 0 etc.

Zero
has an infinite
number of factors.



The number one only has one factor...

1

Prime Numbers

			• •	<u> </u>	•				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

Write out the numbers from 1 to 100 in ten rows of 10.

33	2	3	B	5	纪	7	184	37	图
11	13	13	1	300	*	17	13	19	25
33	3	23	*	25	200	m	188 0	29	345
31	339	M	3	33	33	37	RAN	38 2	45
41	43	43	43		*	_	83	M	驾
3	500	53	\$	3	500		1989	59	
61	Ø,	3	B		5	67	(BS)	88	B
71	Z	73	B	3	想	My Selection	多	79	
80	8	83	8	37	85	Sy.	1889	89	95
S)	8	雾	3	12	35	97	SS)	鷄	100

- 27 Cross off number 1, because all primes are greater than 1.
- 3) Number 2 is a prime, so we can keep it, but we need to cross off the multiples of 2 (i.e. even numbers).
- Number 3 is also a prime, so again we keep it and cross off the multiples of 3.
- 5) The next number left is 5 (because four has been crossed off), so we keep it and cross of the multiples of this number.
- The final number left in the first row is number 7, so cross off its multiples.
 - 7) You have finished. All of the "surviving" numbers (coloured in white below) on your grid are prime numbers.

Prime Numbers

				110 1 4	unio	<u> </u>			
1	2	3	X	5	X	7	X		X
11	X	13	X	X	X	17	X	19	X
X	X	23	X	X	X	X	X	29	X
31	X	X	X	X	X	37	X	X	X
41	X	43	X	X	X	47	X	X	X
X	X	53	X	X	X	X	X	59	X
61	X	X	X	X	X	67	X	X	X
71	X	73	X	X	X	X	X	79	X
X	X	83	X	X	X	X	X	89	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	97	X	X	X



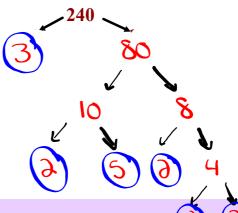
Determining the Prime Factors of a Whole Number



Write the prime factorization of 240

Draw a Factor Tree !!

3x2x2x2x9x9



The Prime Factorization of 240 is: 2 x 2 x 2 x 3 x 5 x 2 or 2⁴ x 3 x

The Prime Factors of 240 are: 2, 3, & 5

Write the prime factorization of 3300.

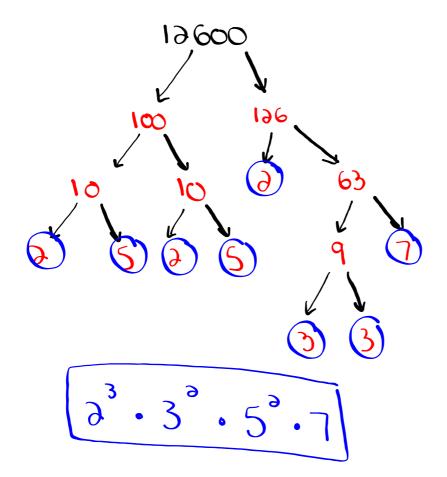
$$3300 \longrightarrow 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5 \times 3 \times 11$$

The prime factors of 3300 are 2, 3, 5, and 11. The prime factorization of 3300 is: $2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 11$, or $2^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 11$

Write the prime factorization of 12600.

$$12600 \longrightarrow 5 \times 5 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 7 \times 3 \times 3$$

$$= 2^{3} \cdot 3^{3} \cdot 5^{3} \cdot 7$$



You Try...

Write the prime factorization of 6615.

$$6615 \longrightarrow 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7 \times 7$$

Don't forget to check your answer!!

state la feach

The prime factors of 6615 are 3, 5, and 7The prime factorization of 6615 is: $3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \cdot 7$ or $3^3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7^3$



What is a "Factor"?

Factors are the numbers you multiply together to get another number:



Sometimes we need to find all of the factors of a number:

Find all the factors of 12: the factors of 12 are 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12

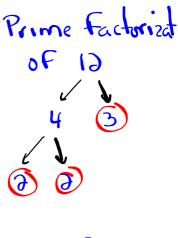
Because: $1 \times 12 = 12$

 $2 \times 6 = 12$ $3 \times 4 = 12$ 1 × 13

19

э **х** 6

3 × 4



ə**.**ə.3



Find Factors

137	6 81				
1 x 139	1 ×169				
06 x 6	18 x 6				
3 x 44	3 x 54				
4 x 33	6 x 37				
P X 99	9 × 18				
11 x 13					



We said that

The Factors of 132 are :(1)(2)(3)(4),(6)(11), 12, 22, 33, 44, 66, 132)

C.F.

The Factors of 162 are :(1)(2)(3)(6)(9), 18, 27, 54, 81, 162)

The common factors are the ones found in both lists.

Therefore: The common factors of 132 & 162 are

What is the Greatest Common Factor?

The Greatest Common Factor is simply the greatest of the common factors.

The common factors of 132 & 162 are: 1, 2, 3, 6

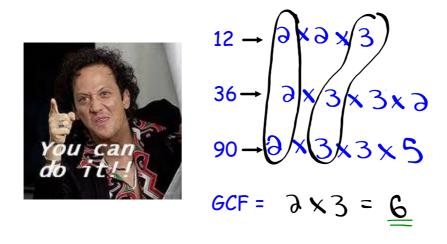
The Greatest Common Factor of 132 & 162 is

Using prime factorization find the GCF of 18 and 24.



GCF =
$$2 \times 3 = 6$$

Using prime factorization find the GCF of 12, 36 and 90.





The <u>least common multiple</u> is the smallest multiple that is the same for two or more numbers.

The Least Common Multiple

Determine the least common multiple of 18, 20, and 30 using prime factorization

Step #1 Write the prime factorization of each number.

Step #2 Express each number as a product of powers.

Step #3 Circle the greatest power of each prime number.

Step #1 Write the prime factorization of each number.

$$18 = 2 \times 3 \times 3$$

$$20 = 2 \times 3 \times 5$$

$$30 = 3 \times 3 \times 5$$

Step #2 Express each number as a product of powers.

$$18 \Rightarrow 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 = 3 \cdot 3^{\circ}$$

$$20 \Rightarrow 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 = 3^{\circ} \cdot 5$$

$$30 \Rightarrow 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 = 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$$

Step #3 Circle the greatest power of each prime number.

$$18 \Rightarrow 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 = 2 \cdot 3^{2}$$

$$20 \Rightarrow 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 = 2^{2} \cdot 5$$

$$30 \Rightarrow 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$$

Solution:
$$2^2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5 = 4 \cdot 9 \cdot 5$$

= 180

Determine the least common multiple of 120 & 309

120 =
$$3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 = 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$$

309 = 3×103 = $3 \cdot 103$
LCM = $3^3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 103$
LCM = 12360

Determine the least common multiple of 70, 90 & 140

$$70 = 3 \times 5 \times 7 = 3 \times 5 \times 7$$

$$90 = 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 = 3 \times 3 \times 5$$

$$140 = 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7$$

$$LCM = 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7$$

$$LCM = 1360$$

Determine the greatest common factor of 70, 90 & 140

$$70 = 2 \times 5 \times 7$$

$$90 = 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5$$

$$140 = 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7$$



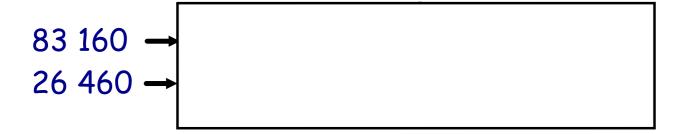
Questions: 4 a,c,f 5 a,c,f 6 a,c,e 7 8 a,c,e,f 9 a,b,c 10 a,c,e,f 11 a,c 12

Answers on 470



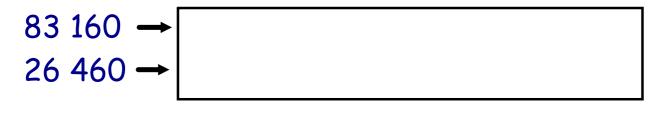
Calculate the GCF and LCM for 83160 & 26460

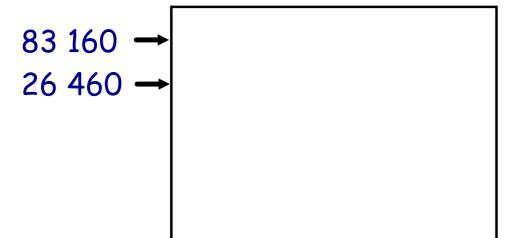




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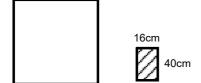






Solving Problems that Involve Greatest Common Factor and Least Common Multiple

a) What is the side length of the smallest square that could be tiled with rectangles that measure 16 cm by 40 cm? Assume the rectangles cannot be cut. Sketch the square and rectangles.



b) What is the side length of the largest square that could be used to tile a rectangle that measures 16 cm by 40 cm? Assume that the squares cannot be cut. Sketch the rectangle and squares.

The girl's and boy's JMH basketball teams are to be arranged in rectangular arrays with the same number of columns.

How many columns will there be if the girl's team has 32 members and the boy's team has 28 members?

$$32 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$$

$$28 = 2 \times 2 \times 7$$

