

ECE Home Learning Lesson # 2

Further Investigations:

Research:

1) Montessori Method of Teaching:

- a) Describe this method of teaching.
- b) Do you like this method teaching? How do you feel it could benefit children?

<https://www.bing.com/videos/search?q=montessori+youtube&docid=608003356779284018&mid=C84034B941DE67C873E9C84034B941DE67C873E9&view=detail&FORM=VIRE>

<https://www.bing.com/videos/search?q=montessori+youtube&docid=607990248568849305&mid=3FA3322315ACBB79A2E43FA3322315ACBB79A2E4&view=detail&FORM=VIRE>

Assignment # 2- Types of Early Childhood Programs

Textbook: Working with Young Children- 7th Edition

Pages 49-57

Terms to know:

Family child care homes: child care provided by other than a relative or parent.

Child care centers: facilities that offer full-day children's programs

Custodial care: care that focuses primarily on meeting the child's physical needs.

Montessori approach: school where children "learn how to learn"

Head Start: program to overcome the negative effects of poverty on young children.

School-age child care programs: provide care for children before and/or after school.

Checking-in services: services where workers who call the home to check whether the child has arrived safely.

Parent cooperatives: formed and run by parents who wish to take part in their children's preschool experience.

Laboratory schools: university and college affiliated programs, located on a postsecondary or college campus.

Universal Pre-Kindergarten: programs set up at the state level set up for three and four year olds. A high quality, literary-rich environment is provided.

Licensing rules and regulations: are standards set to ensure that uniform and safe practices are followed.

Child care license: a state-provided certificate granting permission to operate a child care center or family child care home.

Accredited: certifies that a set of standards has been met by an early child care program.

Questions 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11,14, 15, 16 Page 68

2. What is the difference between the care provided at most child care centers and custodial care?

Child care centers provide care and education while custodial care centers provide physical care.

3. What is the Montessori's theory of education?

The theory stated children learn best by being active.

4. What are "practical life experiences" according to Montessori?

Children learn to button, zip, tie and put on coats and boots.

5. Describe the purpose of Head Start?

Provides child care and education for four and five year olds from low income families.

6. What is the goal of Head Start's nutrition program?

They provide one snack and one hot meal every day.

11. What is the primary purpose of a laboratory school?

To support practical experiences for future teachers and to serve as a study group for research.

14. For children ages 3 to 5 years, NAEYC (National Academy of Early Childhood Programs) recommends the adult child ratio of one adult for every 8 children

15. Why might a high staff turnover be a concern to parents?

High staff turnover could be a sign of low staff wages or poor working conditions.

16. Why might parents want to select an early care and education program that was accredited?

Accreditation certifies that a set of standards has been met by an early childhood program.

